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O LANGHT LABORATORY

PDES APPLICATION PROTOCOL SUITE FOR COMPOSITES (PAS-C)

IDEFO Activity Models and Information Needs for the PAS-C Program

South Carolina Research Authority (SCRA) 5300 International Blvd.
N. Charleston, SC 29418

March 1992



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# PREPARED FOR:

Manufacturing Technology Directorate
Wright Laboratory
Air Force Systems Command
Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio 45433-6533

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JOHN BARNES

Project Manager

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DATE

BRUCE RASMUSSEN, Chief

Integrated Technology Division

Manufacturing Technology Directorate

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DATE

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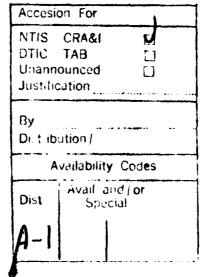
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# LIST OF ACRONYMS

AAM Application Activity Model ACSP Aircraft Composite Structural Part Application Interpreted Model AIMALC Air Logistics Center AP **Application Protocol** ARM Application Reference Model AS **Application Protocol Suites ASTM** American Society for Testing and Materials **ATLM** Automatic Tape Laying Machine BOM Bill of Materials CBA Cost Benefit Analysis **CSP** Core Stiffened Panel CSL Contoured Skin Laminate DoD Department of Defense Engineering Advanced Material Requests EAMR **ENG** Engineering FEA Finite Element Analysis FW/BB Framework/Building-Block **ICOM** Input, Control, Output, Mechanism IPD Integrated Product Development IPO IGES/PDES Organization IRB Industry Review Board ISO International Standards Organization **IML** Inner Mold Line M&P Materials & Processes MFG Manufacturing OML Outer Mold Line PAS-C PDES Application Protocol Suite for Composites PD Product Data PDD Product Definition Data **PDES** Product Data Exchange using STEP OA **Ouality Assurance Quality Function Deployment** OFD **RFP** Request for Proposal Rapid Ply Cutting Machine **RPCM SOTA** State-of-the-Art STEP Standard for the Exchange of Product Model Data TCA "T" Composite Assembly

Units-of-Functionality

Vendor Implementation Group

**UOF** 

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

There have been many attempts to analyze the informational needs that support data exchange of composite part data between composite part life-cycle applications. The challenge for the PAS-C Program has been to scope the needs gathering process into a structured, achievable task that provides usable/reusable knowledge. What has been lacking in previous needs analyses was an overall methodology that allows for the informational needs of all aspects of composite parts to be captured. The PAS-C Program will introduce a generic structure for composite part information that facilitates this overall methodology. This overall methodology also manages and utilizes existing needs gathering methods to capture existing composite needs analyses and allows for the reusability of information. The difficulty in establishing this overall methodology was the required standardization of terminology and informational constructs throughout industry. The following sub-sections define the purpose and scope of this document as well as a brief description of the methodology and approach that was used. A management overview of PAS-C is provided for readers not familiar with this program.

# 1.1 Document Purpose

This document records the functional activities within the life-cycle of a composite part and the information that is exchanged between and within these functional activities. The functional activities addressed include Analysis, Design, and Build. The target use of this information is to formulate and create a PDES Application Protocol Suite for Composites (PAS-C). Sections 2.1.2 and 2.3 of the PAS-C interim document, Functional Needs Report for the PAS-C Program (Doc. No: PASC002.01.00), have been updated and incorporated in this document. The body of this document, section 2 Methodology, is divided into four major sections:

# 2.1 Overall Methodology

Defines the overall methodology for performing the needs analysis and establishing an informational framework.

# 2.2 Scope of Needs Analysis

Defines the part families used to scope the functional activities, the functional activities, and the building-blocks used to define the information requirements.

# 2.3 Activity Models

Contains the activity models which identify informational exchange areas.

#### 2.4 Information Needs

Documents the composite part information required within each functional view domain as defined by project experts.

This document will also be used as a reference for establishing the information requirements for Application Protocols within a composite part life-cycle. The document contains a framework for collecting and maintaining this information. It does this by establishing a standard set of constructs for composite parts. This standard set of constructs and other composite terminology are defined in section 2.1.

# 1.2 Project Approach

An objective of the PAS-C team is to create and utilize a methodology that addresses the challenges of collecting and organizing composite part informational needs to the level of deta required for PDES (Product Data Exchange using STEP) implementation. PDES implementation is done through Application Protocols (APs). An Application Protocol is an information model within a product data exchange standard that defines the information transfer between or within specific application view(s). The PAS-C program has established a framework for an integrated suite of composite APs and in later phases will develop internal APs relative to the suite. The basic methodology used to perform this needs analysis is captured through the following activities:

- Establish a Framework/Building-Block (FW/BB) structure, including formalizing a standard set of composite items/components and functional views.
- Select a sample part set of composite parts that are commonly used in the Aircraft industry, and identify payback potential for utilizing them in a PDES/STEP (Standard for the Exchange of Product Model Data) environment.
- Collect the functional life-cycle activities associated with Aircraft Composite Structural Components by interviewing composite experts.
- Build Activity Models (IDEF0s) depicting exchanges of information between functional activities.
- Identify and document informational characteristics of composite items/components based on life-cycle functional views by interviewing composite experts.

# 1.3 Project Scope

The scope of the PAS-C needs analysis was limited to areas within and between the functions of Analysis, Design, and Build. Three part families were selected to limit the scope of the activities that were analyzed. These part families are as follows: (Detail part family information is contained in section 2.2.1)

- Ply Laminate Contoured Skin Laminate
- Composite Layup/Assembly Core Stiffened Panel

- Composite Layup/Assembly - "T" Composite Assembly

Even though the PAS-C scope is limited to these three part families, the FW/BB structure is expandable so that additional knowledge of new and/or different composite part families and functional views can be incorporated. The boxes in Figure 1 depict the major functional views

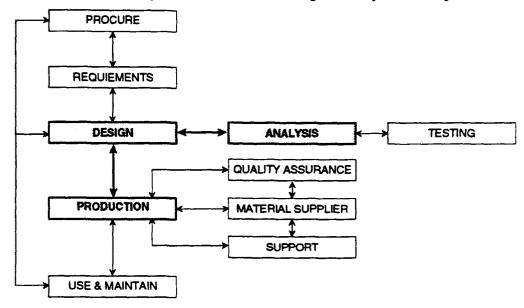


Figure 1 PAS-C Information Flow Diagram

and the arrows show the information transfers required. The bold boxes and arrow graphically define the scope of this document and the application protocols that will be developed in later phases.

#### 1.4 PAS-C Overview

The PAS-C Program addresses two critical national technologies - composites and product data exchange tools. Each of these are emerging technologies in a dynamic environment. Not only are there fast paced technical changes, but there are also frequent changes in the organizations involved in formulating the technology. A set of approaches that will maximize the success of the PAS-C Program and minimize the risks associated with the changes that are on going in both the technology and the environment are an integral part of the PAS-C Team's approach.

The awareness of the current PDES/STEP and composites environments and the ability to function effectively within those environments is critical to the success of the PAS-C Program. Composite information contains unique requirements, with both detail and assembly, and with material and process information closely intertwined. The complexity and volume of product data associated with a composite part can be much greater than other types of parts.

The PAS-C team has structured a unique technical approach for developing an Application Protocol Suite (AS) for composites. This FW/BB methodology is designed to include the integratibility, extensibility and nesting of Application Protocols (APs). The Building-Blocks shown in Figure 2 can be reused on multiple APs. This methodology, after validation on PAS-C, will then be a proven technique to implement Application Protocol Suites.

The approach to be used in conducting the PAS-C Program is designed to maximize the consensus within the communities (composites, standards, software applications and government) with regard to the following PAS-C products: Needs Analysis, PDE5 SOTA Assessment, PDES

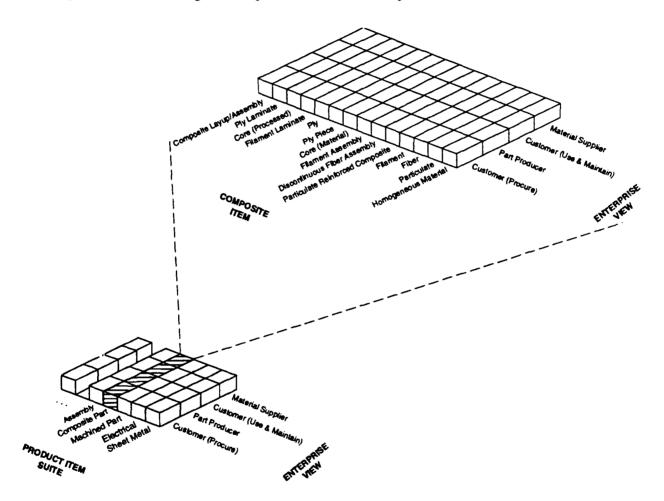


Figure 2 Framework/Building-Block Structure for Composites Application Protocol Suite

voids, AS Development Strategies, AS Test and Demonstration Criteria, ARMs and AIMs. Achieving a consensue in these areas is important to the approach. An integrated set of activities is being utilized to achieve the greatest consensus possible in the least amount of time. A goal is that PAS-C will stimulate vendors to develop a set of software applications that will be used

by the composites manufacturers. Several of the most important activities in the approach are described briefly:

- Composites Committee and other IPO/ISO committees to review and approve the SOTA, AAMs, ARMs, and AIMs,
- The FW/BB methodology for developing Needs Analysis and models,
- Industry Review Board and Vendor Implementation Group participation in developing the priority of voids, AS Strategy, Test and Demonstration Criteria and the demonstrations,
- Design of a risk management strategy based on consensus building among the industry, vendor, government and standards communities,
- Technology transfer centered on achieving concurrence with and ownership of the AS results of the program throughout all communities.

The Air Logistics Centers (ALCs) are being encouraged to participate at the onset of the program. Through the Vendor Implementation Group (VIG), vendors will understand the business case and be encouraged to develop commercial tools. The Industry Review Board (IRB) provides a forum for the Air Force, industry, and the PDES community to review the progress of the PAS-C Program and provide guidance.

The PAS-C Program proposed schedule consists of completing the PAS-C Program within 52 months and is divided into three phases. Air Force approval is required before commencing effort on each subsequent phase. This schedule contains a 12 month duration for Phase I, a 24 month duration for Phase II, and a 12 month duration for Phase III. This is followed by a 4 month period for conducting the Industry/Government Debriefing and final report preparation and review.

Figure 3 provides the overall program roadmap. Output from each Phase provides the needed input to the next successive Phase. The results of the Needs Analysis tasks performed in Phase I form the basis for developing the Application Protocol Suite. Three Application Protocols are anticipated for the AS. Phase II reflects the proposed development of the ARM, AIM, and Testing Criteria for each of these Application Protocols. Included in Phase II is sufficient time to perform a test-fix-test cycle on the AS prior to demonstration. Phase III will use the AS developed in Phase II for the demonstration.

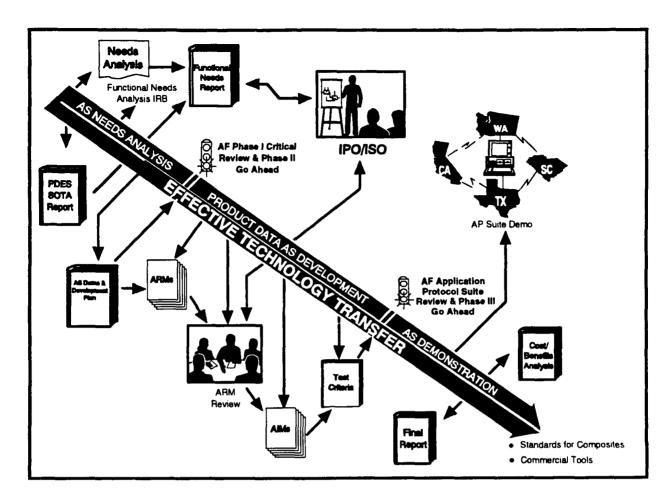


Figure 3 PAS-C Program Roadmap

#### 2 METHODOLOGY

# 2.1 Overall Methodology

The needs analysis was performed utilizing the IDEF0 structured modeling technique. The technique was focused using the Framework/Building-Block (FW/BB) Methodology. The FW/BB Methodology directs the needs analysis in terms of making the information structured for the follow-on activities leading to the next phase, Application Protocol Development. The following two sections review the FW/BB Methodology, and present definitions of terms required to complete and understand the needs analysis.

# 2.1.1 Methodology Overview

The methodology used to perform the needs analysis is built around a FW/BB structure. The FW/BB Methodology's primary goal is to organize the collected knowledge into digestible and integratible pieces. A generic overview of this methodology is found in Appendix A. The methodology that was used to perform this composite needs analysis can be summarized by the following tasks:

# Needs Identification Tasks

- (1) Standardize physical components (composite items)
- (2) Determine composite part families and priorities
- (3) Select example part set
- (4) Establish functional views
- (5) Determine functional activities within each view

# Needs Analysis Tasks

- (6) Determine which functional activities correspond to a composite item across its lifecycle
- (7) Determine for each Building-Block its corresponding functional activities
- (8) Build IDEF0 models for each potential in-scope Building Block
- (9) Determine characteristics and their aspects (from IDEF0 ICOMs)
- (10) Determine relationships among characteristics and their aspects
- (11) Identify potential "Units of Functionality" (UoF)
- (12) Collect initial percent time and cost data for performing as-is activities

The results of the needs identification tasks are addressed in the Functional Needs Report for the PAS-C Program (Doc. No: PASC002.01.00). Only information which was modified is presented again in this report. The results of the needs analysis tasks are discussed in section 2 of this

document as follows: Task 6 in section 2.2, tasks 7 & 8 in section 2.3, task 9 in section 2.4. Tasks 10, 11 and 12 will be completed in later phases of this program.

There are several unique features of this methodology that make it more suited to developing application protocols. These unique features are as follows:

- Establish a standardized set of composite items and terminology
- Identify the functional activities at a low enough level of detail to permit specific informational elements to be captured directly from the composite experts
- Integrate these informational elements across multiple functional views/disciplines

Using the FW/BB Methodology to establish the AS scope makes it directly applicable to scoping each AP within the AS. The FW/BB Methodology identifies known relationships between AP's. Also it organizes the first step of AP development which is defining need. The FW/BB Methodology has also established a firm informational foundation for the later tasks of AP development.

The standardization of terms covered in this document ensures that all information requirements gathered will be consistent and understandable. Establishing a standard set of functional views allows for the information requirements to be understood and managed in a common framework with a mappable relationship to different companies functional views. The division of individual functional views, by composite items, creates easily defined boundaries between the information needs, establishing individual Building-Blocks. These Building-Blocks will lead to defining PDES/STEP integration Units-of-Functionality (UoF).

Within each Building-Block the definitions of the characteristics and their informational aspects plays an important role in the organizing/capturing of a complete meaning of the data. The detail data definition achieved through utilizing a structured approach, such as FW/BB Methodology, will lead to the Application Reference Model (ARM). Not only will following this methodology help to make this model complete and unambiguous, it will also enable the later PDES/STEP integration process. This methodology facilitates the ARM being developed in a framework independent of the PDES/STEP resource models but structured such that the information can be mapped to existing PDES/STEP resources.

#### 2.1.2 Terminology

The real cornerstone of any methodology is a common set of well defined and accepted terminology. The goal is not to generate new or change existing terminology, but to develop a standard set of terminology that can be mapped to and from different industries, companies, and functional disciplines/views.

The information exchange required to develop national or international standards demands that terminology be well defined and accepted so that a reliable information exchange is possible. Sources of terminology used in this document are the ASTM Standard Terminology for Advanced

Composite Materials [7], ISO Carbon Fibre (Appendix B), and the Engineered Materials Handbook [8]. The terminology presented here is a combination of terminology from these sources. Any differences in these definitions will be submitted as a issue against the proposed ISO and ASTM standards. The terminology presented here is limited to those terms required to define needs in terms of FW/BB Methodology.

The following sections contain definitions for General/Composite Item Terminology which defines how a composite part/assembly is categorized in the part view (axis) of the FW/BB Methodology; FW/BB Terminology which covers those terms needed to understand the methodology used in the needs analysis; and Functional View Terminology which explains the other dimension to a Building Block.

# 2.1.2.1 General/Composite Item Terminology

This section contains definitions for general terms that are utilized throughout this document and definitions for all of the Composite Items. The general relationships between composite items are presented in Figure 4. The center of the figure depicts the four major physical stages of a

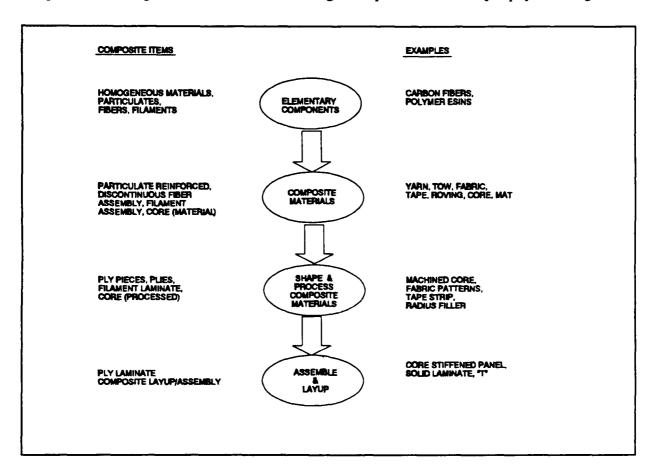


Figure 4 - Composite Items General Relationships

composite part. To the left are the composite items defined here and on the right are examples of these items. The following are definitions and general terms:

Bundle - A general term for a collection of essentially parallel filaments usually without twist.

Composite Layup/Assembly - A physical or conceived assembly which is made of multiple

materials that bonded (versus mechanically fastened) together. A composite layup assembly does not have to stand as a rigid shape without support (tooling) completion. The composite layup/ assembly can be made

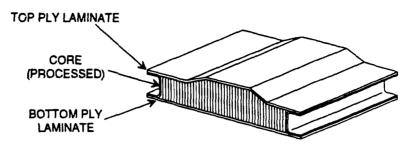


Figure 5 Example of a Composite Layup/Assembly

up of any combination of material and/or other composite layup/assemblies that are potentially going to be combined or bonded with other composite layup/assemblies and material. Some composite layup/assemblies could be used as a composite part but do not have to be. A composite layup/assembly can be any combination of the following: another composite layup/assembly (cured or not cured), filament laminate, ply(ies), core, filament assembly, and homogeneous material (e.g. adhesive)

Composite Material - A material created from a reinforcement (e.g., fiber, particulate, or filament) and an appropriate matrix material (e.g., resin) in order to maximize specific performance characteristics. The constituents do not dissolve or merge completely but retain their identities as they act in concert. Examples of composite materials include tape, fabric (woven, non-woven), mat, yarn, roving, and tow.

Composite Part - A physical part or conceived part that is made of multiple materials which are

bonded (versus mechanical fastened) together. A composite part can be mechanically fastened together with other parts which means it must have a rigid shape at completion. To achieve this rigid shape a chemical reaction takes place usually in the presence of heat and pressure. The composite parts chosen for this project are a flat core stiffened panel, a 'T' shaped stiffener, and a solid laminate panel.

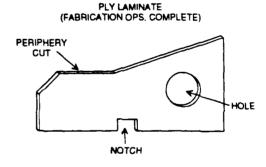
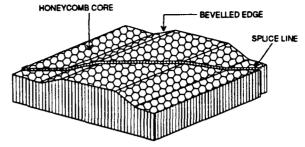


Figure 6 Example of Composite Part

Core (Material) - A material in its initial form, usually in the sheets, that is produced and serves as a core material in sandwich construction of ACSPs. Most common example is various forms of honeycombs which are a resin impregnated material manufactured in, usually, hexagonal cells. Honeycomb may also be metallic or polymer material in a rigid open cell structure.

Core (Processed) - The central component of a sandwich construction to which the faces or skins

are attached. Core material that has been machined, formed and bonded together. Core can have a potting compound or adhesive applied to make it more rigid and/or provide solid attachment points.



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Discontinuous Fiber Assembly - A collection of short fibers suspended Figure 7 Example of Core (Processed) in a homogenous material (matrix).

Usually the length of the fibers are relatively the same within a detail. The orientation of the fibers are usually random. Examples include fiberglass chop.

Fiber - A single homogeneous strand of material (essentially one dimensional in the macrobehavior sense) used as a principal constituent in advanced composites because of its high axial strength and modules.

Filament Assembly - A collection of yarns or tows combined together in some manner and frequently accompanied by a joining homogenous material (matrix). Examples include woven and non-woven fabric, individual tows, yarns, and roving.

Filament - Individual fibers of indefinite length used in tows, yarns, or roving.

Filament Laminate - Product made by bonding together two or more bundles of a material or materials of filament construction (e.g., tow, yarn, roving). Examples include pultruded shapes and radius fillers.

Homogenous Material - A material made up of a single structure reinforcements). Examples include resins, stabilizers (a filler or coating used to make core more rigid),

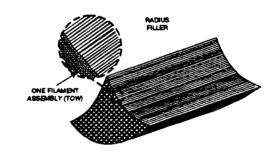


Figure 8 Example of Filament Laminate

foaming and film adhesives, and phenolic blocks.

Ply Laminate - Two or more plies that mate with one another. The plies have unique orientation and shape within the ply laminate.

Matrix - A material in which the reinforcement of a composite is imbedded; it can be plastic, metal, ceramic, or glass.

Particulate Reinforced Composite - A collection of particulates suspended in a homogenous material (matrix).

Particulate - Small pieces of material which are basically symmetric in shape. The size of a particulate is relative to the size of the homogenous material (matrix) it is suspended in.

Ply - One of the layers of composite material that make up a stack or laminate which results in

a contiguous structure with a definable boundary. Also a single pass in filament winding. Ply pieces which comprise a ply must be of the same material and fiber orientation.

Ply Piece - A single segment of a ply which may be spliced with other ply pieces on the same layer to make up a ply.

Reinforcement - A material added to the matrix to provide the required properties: ranges from short fibers through complex textile forms.

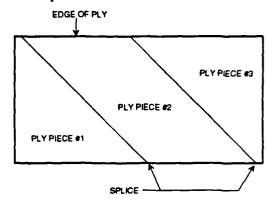


Figure 9 Example of Ply & Ply Piece

Resin - A material, generally a polymer, that has an indefinite and often high molecular weight and a softening or melting range and exhibits a tendency to flow when it is subjected to stress. Resins are used as the matrices to bind together material in composites.

Short Fiber - Noncontinuous fibers relative to the total size of the homogenous material (matrix) they are suspended in.

Tow - A continuous group of fibers which are sometimes impregnated with a resin type of homogenous material.

# 2.1.2.2 FW/BB Terminology

This section covers terms that are utilized throughout the FW/BB Methodology. In general these terms have broad meanings or can be interpreted in many ways. Appendix A contains a description with diagrams as to how this terminology interrelates. For this document they will be scoped as follows:

Composite Item - Composite Items are a set of fundamental physical components that make up a composite part. A composite item can be as basic as a fiber or as complex as a composite layup/assembly. The key is that composite items can be combined to form all the possible combinations of composite parts.

- Functional Views Represent the life cycle set of application groups required to define, build, and support a composite part. The groups' bounds are established based on traditional company organizations.
- Composite Item Characteristic A unique arrangement of informational aspects that characterize a particular composite item within a particular functional view. A Composite Item Characteristic can be valid for more than one functional view.
- Informational Aspect A piece of information about such things as function, material, shape or process. Aspects are combined and constrained to make up unique characteristics describing such things as plies, ply laminate, composite layup/assemblies, core, etc.
- Function Defines the role a composite item characteristic performs (e.g., load carrying, connector, separator). It is a type of informational aspect.
- Material Defines the physical properties of the composite item characteristic as it relates to its chemical makeup. It is a type of informational aspect.
- Shape Defines the form of the composite item characteristic. This also includes all the different ways a shape can be represented and presented. It is a type of informational aspect.
- Process This defines the mechanism for which a material is converted from its initial shape to form the desired composite item characteristic shape that performs a particular function. This includes processes such as assembly, material removal, material deformation, and state changes. It is a type of informational aspect.

## 2.1.2.3 Functional View Terminology

This section defines an initial set of life-cycle application views. These views were established by determining the product life-cycle applications and dividing them into groups. These views can be as general or specific as necessary in order to communicate with various composite experts. Most experts come from particular disciplines such as analysis, design, manufacturing, engineering, etc. Thus, this initial set of views was established based on traditional company organizations that the experts will recognize. Within each organizational view, smaller detailed views can be created to facilitate the knowledge gathering process. Building activity node trees and IDEF0 models will facilitate the documentation of the informational needs within these views.

#### **Customer (Procurement Process)**

Customer Procurement - Define performance criteria of overall deliverable. Verify product met deliverable requirements.

Customer Needs - Determine the required functionality of the system or systems.

Conceptual Design - Preliminary concepts are developed describing the general characteristics and desirable attributes for the system or systems.

Requirements Analysis - Determine which of the identified needs are actual requirements.

#### Part Producer

#### Requirements

Conceptual Design - Convert performance criteria into functional requirements. Determine which parts will be composites. Determine overall configuration and relationships between parts.

Requirements Analysis - Analyze the requirements that have been defined for the system or systems and verify the validity and impact of those requirements.

Materials & Processes - Develop and verify new materials and production materials. include verification that all required design requirements are met.

# **Analysis**

Preliminary Structural Analysis - Analyze and optimize the conceptual design components so that they meet functional requirements. Analysis consists of static loads, thermal, dynamic, mass properties, static stress, and durability/damage tolerance analyses.

Detail Structural Analysis - Analyze and optimize the detail design so that the design meets all functional requirements. Analysis consists of static loads, thermal, dynamic, mass properties, static stress, and durability/damage tolerance analyses.

Structural Analysis Prod. Support - Resolve any problems encountered during production relating to the structural integrity of any composite packs that require repair/rework.

#### Design

Structural Design - Transform analytical and descriptive information about the part into an unambiguous definition of the part supporting detail physical makeup, part interfaces, and specifications.

Preliminary Structural Design - Prepare preliminary design of the composite parts based upon initial definition of the performance requirements.

Detail Structural Design - Complete all design drawings, Bill of Materials, allowables, etc for composite parts based upon finalized design requirements.

- Structural Design Prod. Support Resolve any problems encountered during production relating to the design of the composite parts.
- Configuration Management Maintain configuration control over product definition and product data versions.

#### **Testing**

- Material Properties Testing Verify that the properties of raw materials and cured composites meet or exceed all functional requirements.
- Structural Testing Verify that the cured structure meets or exceeds all design requirements.
- Environmental Testing Verify that the part will perform within acceptable parameters when operating in the desired environment.

#### **Production**

- Manufacturing Planning Determine overall MFG build or buy scenario. Determine MFG ENG's and QA's PD (Product Data) generation tasks. Identify all required ENG PDD (Product Definition Data) to perform MFG PD generation tasks.
- Manufacturing Process Planning Determine Process steps for fabrication of part. Identify what tools are required per fabrication step. Coordinate and Incorporate PD generated by other groups into planning package.
- Tool Design Design tools based on fabrication process Lay-up, handling, curing, assembly. Design tools that build production tools.
- Tool Fabrication The production of the tooling needing to produce composite parts. for example, bond molds, core locating templates, assembly tools, and NC programs.
- Tool Liaison Personnel that resolve any problems encountered using the tooling associated with the production os composite parts. Also promote communication between the shop and the other tooling functions.
- Numerical Control Programming Generate PD required to support automated shop floor processes; ATLM, RPCM, Part Trimming, Ultrasonic. Machining bond mold surfaces, material handling devises.
- Part Fabrication The activities associated with the actual production of the composite parts. these include tool preparation, layup & assembly, curing, trim & drill, and non-destructive inspection.

# Quality Assurance

Quality Assurance (QA) - Identify and determine all inspection steps and QA processes required to produce and maintain composite parts and support tooling. Develop Inspection Plans for Incoming Material, Fabrication Methods, Curing, Post Cure. Documents all suspected anomaly data and determines cause, effect, and corrective action.

## Support

Manufacturing Process Development - Develop new methods to produce composite parts more efficiently and economically while meeting or exceeding all design requirements.

Logistics - Develop maintenance and repair manuals.

Material - Buy and insure incoming material quality.

# Customer (Use and Maintain)

Customer Maintenance - Perform scheduled upkeep and testing on composite components.

Customer Repair - Define and perform repair on existing composite components.

Customer Redesign - Conceive, develop, and fabricate a replacement part which could be based on updated requirements.

Customer Reproduce - Build a composite part based on an existing product definition.

# Materiel Supplier

Materiel Supplier - Produce and test composite material per user's and/or supplier's specifications.

#### 2.2 Scope of Needs Analysis

The needs analysis defines the product data required to design, analyze, test, produce, and assure the quality of the product class typified by composite airframe structural components. Thus the scope of this needs analysis is that of the part producer in Framework/Building-Block Methodology. This needs analysis does not address the customer requirements of procurement, use, and maintenance of composite parts. It also does not directly address the manufacture of composite materials such as fibers, fabrics, and tows.

Three part families were selected. Those activities relating to these part families have been used to define the scope. The building blocks which correspond to those activities were then identified. The following three sections contain detail information about the part families, their associated functional activities, and the corresponding building blocks.

#### 2.2.1 Part Families

Three unique aircraft composite structural components were identified to limit the scope of this program. Analysis of these three part families defined the composite items and their sub-types that are in scope. Thus the selection of part type defines the first dimension of scope, composite items.

Special consideration was given to part types which are presently utilized in industry, more specifically those utilized in modern aircraft. These part types are called Aircraft Composite Structural Parts (ACSP) in this document. Most ACSP's are high-performance continuous fiber with organic matrix material. Fiber types most common are carbon, fiberglass, and aramid. By far the most used organic matrix is some blend of epoxy resins. Another parameter of the part type is the complexity of the assembly, or in FW/BB terminology, how many and what types of composite items are contained in each part. A good overview of aircraft applications up to 1986, of composites is presented by Jeane Anglin in reference [8] and by Frank Traceski in reference [9]. These references also present pictorial representations of the more complex parts.

The three part families were selected by utilizing a QFD House of Quality matrix. This technique compares the type of parts presently being produced in the composite facilities of PASC team member companies against program requirements. The first criteria group for prioritizing the set of part families is as follows:

- Significant numbers in all types of Aircraft
- Significant numbers in DoD fleet
- Air Force has example part within part family
- Good for determining scope with well defined bounds

Example parts from different airplane programs were collected and compared against a second set of criteria using the QFD House of Quality matrix. The list of criteria is as follows:

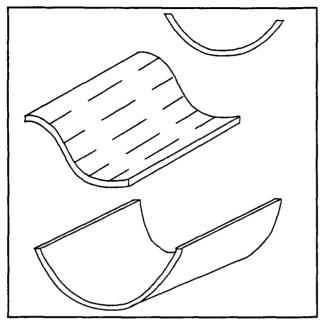
- Is the Example Part a Secondary Structure/ Load carrying member?
- Is the Example Part in the DoD Operational fleet?
- Is the History of use in the fleet representative of life-cycle views which is readily available for Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)?
- Is the Product Data Releasable data?
- Does it cover most of the part family aspects it is to represent?
- Is the part recognizable by the experts that will be interviewed?
- Is the part simple yet comprehensive enough for an effective demonstration?
- Is the part data in a digital format that will aid in the population of a PDES/STEP data base?

Based on evaluating the QFD matrix, the following three composite part families were selected as prime areas for sample part selection:

- Contour skin laminate general contour
- Core stiffened panel
- "T" composite assembly

The three example parts can be found in PAS-C Document number PASC003.01.00, PAS-C Sample Part Set. The recommended parts, two F-16 parts and one B-2 part, were selected from the three part families. Figures 10 - 12 describe these example parts.

Figure 10 - Contoured Skin Laminate (CSL) - Ply Laminate General



A general (CSL - contour/wrappable) has a surface that can be physically unwrapped to a flat pattern and preserve its surface area. One example of this type of surface is a ruled surface.

#### Contains the following composite items

Plies

Ply Pieces

Filament Assemblies

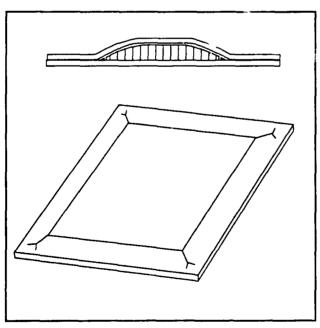
(woven fabric)

(tape)

Discontinuous Fiber Assembly

(mat)

Figure 11 Core Stiffened Panel (CSP) - Composite Layup/Assembly - Stiffened Panel (Core)



A panel with one or more pieces of core sandwiched between two general ply laminates.

#### Cortains the following composite items

Core (materiel)

Core (processed)

(potted)

(stabilized)

(machined)

Ply Laminate (2) Generals

Plies

Ply Pieces

Filament Assemblies

(woven fabric) and/or (tape)

Homogenous Material

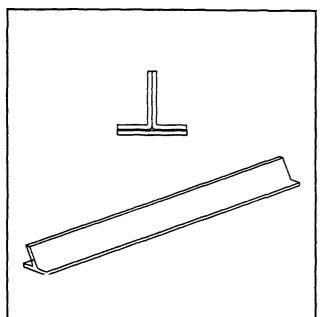
(stabilizer)

(adhesive)

(potting compound)

Figure 12 - "T" - Composite Assembly (TCA)
Composite Layup/Assembly - "T" Section

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An assembly of two angles and one cap. The two angles are placed back to back. The cap lies on two legs, one from each angle.

# Contains the following composite items

Ply Laminate

(2) angles and cap or (2) angles

Plies

Ply Pieces

Filament Assemblies

(woven fabric) and/or

(tape)

Filament Laminate

(radius filler)

The general (contour/wrappable) laminate detail is the simplest in terms of the composite items with which it is constructed. The stiffened panel (core) part contains core (processed) between two ply laminates. The "T" Composite Layup/Assembly is made up of three ply laminates, two of which are angles and a cap. Filling the intersection between the three ply laminates will require a filament laminate used as a radius filler. Both the "T" Composite Layup/Assembly and the Stiffened Panel (core) may use an adhesive (a homogeneous material) to bond various composite items together.

The FW/BB structure defined earlier in, Figure 2 showed the product item suites of higher level part types such as machined part, sheet metal, and composite part. Figure 2 also shows the expansion of composite part into its composite items. This establishes a complete breakdown of composite items which must be available to understand and capture the information requirements for a composite part. Figure 13 shows a second expansion of composite items into the detail composite items contained in these sample parts. Thus ? shows the scope of the needs analysis in this first dimension of scope, composite items.

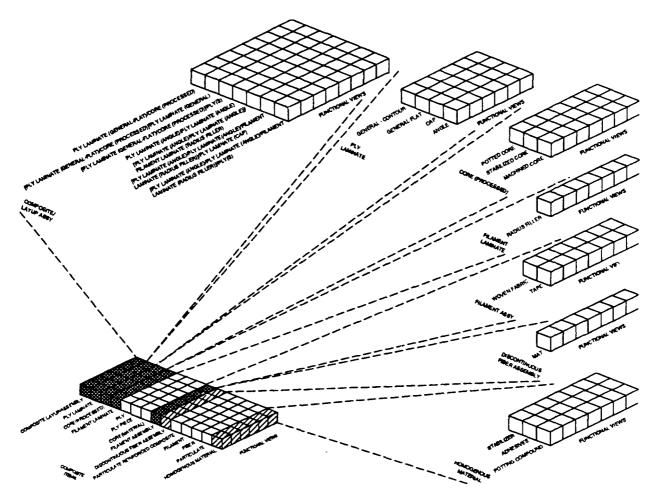


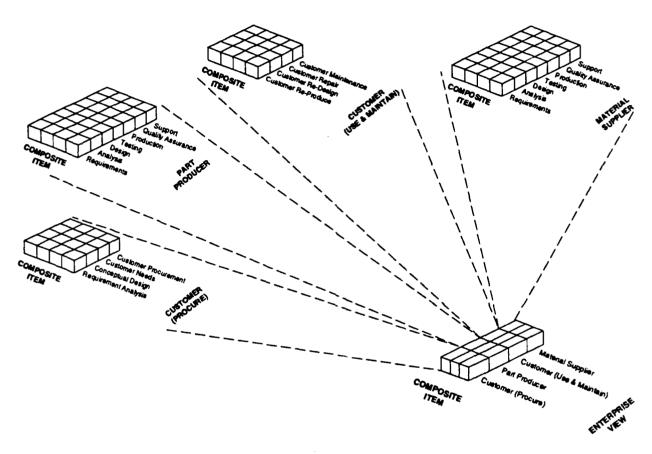
Figure 13 FW/BB Expansion of Individual Composite Items

#### 2.2.2 Functional Activities

The second dimension of scope is that of functional activities. The functional activities that are in scope are those to design, analyze, and build a composite part.

The FW/BB Methodology includes expansion of the enterprise view into more detail level functional views as shown in figures 14 and 15. Figure 14 shows the first level of expansion from each enterprise view to the functions existing within each enterprise. Figure 15 continues to refine scope by showing the expansion of the design analysis, and production views within the Part Producer Enterprise View.

The top level activity node tree for a general ASCP is shown in Figure 16. The top level nodes A1-A4 correspond to the four enterprese views in FW/BB diagram figure 14. The other activities can be mapped to the appropriate F\ BB functional view. This mapping is shown in Table 1.



**ENTERPRISE VIEW EXPANSION** 

Figure 14 Enterprise View Expansion

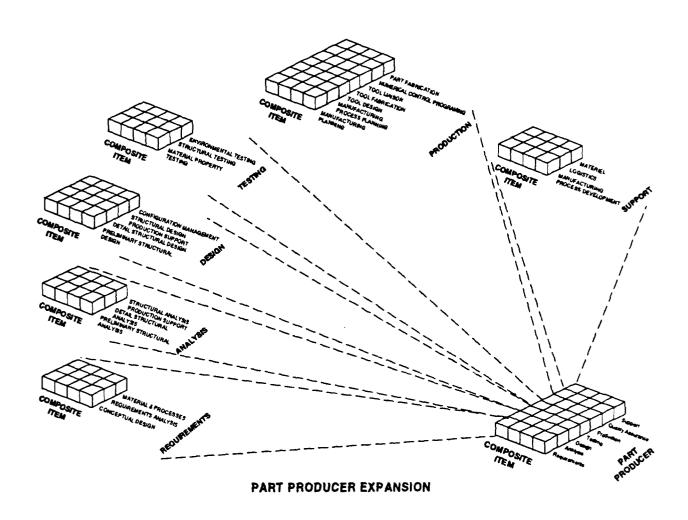


Figure 15 Part Producer Expansion

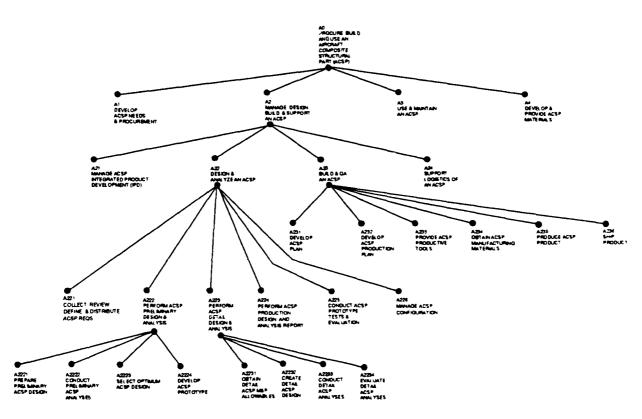


Figure 16 Top Level Node Tree

The needs analysis was scoped to those activities under A2 Manage, Design, Build, & Support an ACSP. The node tree shows the expansion under this node. This corresponds to the enterprise view of part producer. The scope of all activities under A2 was reduced further to meet program goals that deal with product data.

The activities under node A21 Manage ACSP Integrated Product Development and Build do not create product definition data. In most cases their use of product data is only to consider it as information for making management decisions or establishing schedules. Thus no activities under this node were considered.

The node A24 Support Logistics of an ACSP is an important node for defining the interface to Customer (Use & Maintain). Since logistic experts were not allocated time to this project, there is only limited information in this area. Nevertheless, the functional activities that have been addressed in this report will satisfy many of the Air Logistic Centers composite structure support needs for product definition data.

The product data created in nodes A235 Produce ACSP Product is a subset of product data which is not covered by existing PDES/STEP resources. This node includes the activity, Assure ACSP Product Quality, which is a major user and creator of data. Portions of this area are being considered by other efforts outside this project and are not investigated further here. Also, the product data created in Node A235 is dependent on the product data created in the above-shop-floor activities that were in scope and therefore had to be lower priority. Thus the product data created from build activities is not in scope.

Table 1 FW/BB Mapping

Table 1 FW/BB Mapping				
FUNCTIONAL VIEWS	NODE NUMBERS			
CUSTOMER (PROCURE)				
Customer Procurement	Î A1			
Customer Needs	l Ai			
Conceptual Design	Ai			
Requirement Analysis	A1			
PART PRODUCER				
Requirements	1			
Conceptual Design	A221			
Requirement Analysis	A221			
Material & Processes	A2231,A2315,A22112,A222212,A2315			
Analysis	İ			
Preliminary Structural Analysis	A2222			
Detail Structural Analysis	A2223			
Structural Analysis Production Support	A22422,A22452			
Design				
Preliminary Structural Design	A2221			
Detail Structural Design	A2221 A2232			
	·			
Structural Design Production Support	A22421,A22451			
Configuration Management	A226			
Testing				
Material Property Testing	A2231,A23621			
Structural Testing	A225			
Environmental Testing	A225			
Production				
Manufacturing Planning	A231			
Manufacturing Process Planning	A232			
Tool Design	A2331			
Tool Fabrication	A2333			
Tool Liaison	A2334			
Numerical Control Programming	A2332			
Part Fabrication	A235			
Quality Assurance				
Quality Assurance	A236			
Support				
Manufacturing Process Development	A2321			
Logistics	A24			
Material	A214,A234			
CUSTOMER (USE and MAINTAIN)				
Customer Maintenance	A3			
Customer Repair	A3			
Customer Re-Design	A3			
Customer Re-Produce	A3			
MATERIEL SUPPLIER				
Materiel Supplier	A4			
- r - r				

# 2.2.3 Building-Blocks

The Building-Blocks help to communicate scope by graphically showing which composite items and associated functional views were analyzed for their informational needs. The in-scope composite items were determined based on the selected part families composite item constituents. The in-scope functional views were refined to analysis, design, and production activities because these areas showed the highest level of automation and largest volume of computerized composite part data exchange.

Thus when the needs analysis scope is viewed in terms of the FW/BB Methodology, it is easily visualized in terms of the appropriate blocks of the diagram. Figure 17 presents this scope in a FW/BB diagram of only those Building-Blocks that are in scope. Certain in-scope Building-Blocks might be void, because any particular composite item does not have to be utilized in every functional view. Figure 17 is just representing the overall investigation area of the Needs Analysis. As noted in the previous section, some Building-Blocks are lower priority for this needs analysis and were not analyzed beyond a IDEF0 activity definition.

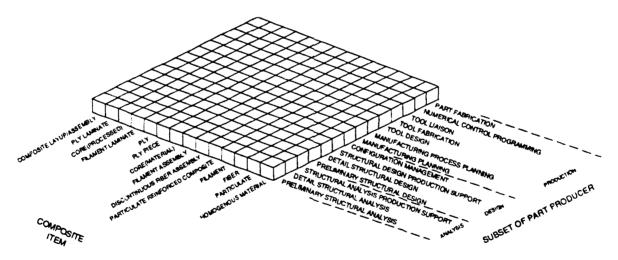


Figure 17 Composite Item versus Part Producer Building Blocks

## 2.3 Activity Models

#### 2.3.1 Introduction

The activity models built represent different portions of the life-cycle of a typical Aircraft Composite Structural Part (ACSP). These activity models are scoped to support some specific set of Framework/Building-Block (FW/BB). Based on this and other scoping parameters, these activity models will be further refined to support the development of the follow-on phases of PAS-C Program.

These activity (i.e. process, functional) models were built using the standard IDEF0 methodology. These models specify activities and the relationship between activities by showing their respective Inputs, Constraints, Outputs, and Mechanisms (ICOMs). Hierarchical node trees and indentured lists which show the activities, IDEF0 decomposition diagrams and their associated glossary pages make up the activity models.

Interviews were conducted with functional experts in the design, analysis, and build functions of aircraft composite structural parts. In so doing, particular attention was placed on the transfer of information between the functions as viewed by a general aerospace contractor. Boeing, General Dynamics and LTV personnel contributed to a generalized view without compromising the tailored techniques and tools developed for competitive technology strength. The definitions of the activities and their ICOMs were general enough to be applicable to any aerospace contractor working on aircraft composite structures.

Utilizing on the composite item axis of the FW/BB matrix, activities for three part families were selected based on the frequency and complexity of these types of parts in the field. In practice, activities were modeled down to levels that would document information that is transferred to another function. Activities were also decomposed where necessary to show the part specific sensitivity. The detail design and analysis activities were investigated more so than the conceptual, preliminary and production support design and analysis due to the relative amount of information available during this phase in a composite part life-cycle. The completion of this phase is also the major interface to the start of the build cycle. This information also is representative of what is used by the product support function that is internal and external to the aerospace contractor.

#### 2.3.2 General ACSP Node Tree

The life cycle of a typical ACSP is represented in a hierarchical activity node tree which is decomposed down through the three principal functions of Detail Design, Detail Analysis and Build. A General ACSP viewpoint was taken down to a level in the tree where the sensitivity of the type of ACSP is reflected in a part specific node which is attached to the node. The three part families selected from the FW/BB composite item axis are "T" Composite Assemblies (TCA), Contoured Skin Laminate (CSL) and a Core Stiffened Panel (CSP). All of the activities

shown on the node tree were not considered in scope for decomposition with IDEF0 diagrams. Those that were considered are highlighted with a box on the drawing (Appendix D).

A special numbering sequence was developed for all the part specific nodes shown on the general node tree diagram due to the node number length when placed in a typical IDEF0 box, and the drawing layout constraints of the drawing form used. Every part specific node number would change based on the last 2 numbers in the original. An example of this is the node A2222132-0 Define ACSP Structural Configuration would then be changed to A32-0 based on the last two numbers of the original. This A32-0 node then acts as a pointer to the part specific decomposition which exist in accompanying drawings. These particular drawings and activity structures are discussed in section 2.3.5.

Appendix D contains the following drawings: General ACSP M/D/B/S, Design ACSP, Build ACSP, and Preliminary and Detail ACSP Analysis.

The general ACSP node tree diagram (Dwg. # PAS-C-01) is the multi-functional view of the ACSP. Functional node tree diagrams were also built to show the three main Design, Analysis and Build views which were then combined to make the general node tree diagrams. The three trees are:

Preliminary and Detail ACSP Analysis PAS-C-02 Sheet 1 of 2

Design ACSP

PAS-C-03 Sheet 1 of 2

**Build ACSP** 

PAS-C-04 Sheet 1 of 1

### 2.3.3 Indentured Activity Lists

The indentured lists have been broken out into four major sections that show the activities hierarchy within each section. The four sections are: General ACSP Activity List, Part Specific Design Activity List, Part Specific Analysis Activity List, and Part Specific Build Activity Listing.

## 2.3.3.1 General ACSP Activity List

A0 Procure, Build, & Use an Aircraft Composite Structural Part

A1 Develop ACSP Needs & Procurement

A2 Manage, Design, Build, & Support an ACSP

A21 Manage ACSP Integrated Product Development (IPD)

A211 Manage ACSP Design Process

A212 Manage ACSP Build Process

A213 Manage ACSP Support Process

A214 Manage ACSP Resources

A2141 Manage ACSP People Resources

A2142 Manage ACSP Tool Resources

A2143 Manage ACSP Facility Resources

A2144 Manage ACSP Time and Cost Budgets

A215 Manage ACSP Integration

A22 Design & Analyze an ACSP

A221 Collect, Review, Define & Distribute ACSP Requirements

A2211 Collect and Review other Engineering ACSP Requirements

A2212 Collect and Review Build and QA ACSP Requirements

A2213 Collect and Review Support Logistics ACSP Requirements

A222 Perform ACSP Preliminary Design and Analysis

A2221 Prepare Preliminary ACSP Design

A22211 Evaluate ACSP Preliminary Loads

A22212 Obtain ACSP M&P Support

A22213 Prepare ACSP Design Concepts

A222131 Select ACSP Geometry System

A222132 Build ACSP Concept Geometry

A2221321 Develop ACSP Structural Concepts

A2221322 Prepare ACSP Candidate Drawings

A2221323 Evaluate ACSP Analysis Results

A2221324 Develop ACSP Trade Study Concepts

A2221325 Select/Detail ACSP Preliminary

A222133 Prepare ACSP Functional Interface Concept Drawings

A222134 Perform ACSP In House PDRS

A2222 Conduct Preliminary ACSP Analysis

A22221 Review ACSP Design Data

A222211 Review ACSP Layouts

A2222111 Review ACSP Geometry

A2222112 Review ACSP Sizes

A2222113 Obtain ACSP Initial Weights and Balances

A222212 Review ACSP Material Selections

A2222121 Select ACSP Composite or Homogeneous Material

A2222122 Screen ACSP Available Materials

A2222123 Collect ACSP Existing Material Data

A2222124 Define ACSP Material Development Program

A2222125 Generate, & Collect/Reduce ACSP Material Test Data

A2222126 Create ACSP Analysis Materials Database

A222213 Conduct ACSP Baseline Analysis

A2222131 Define ACSP Critical Dimensions

A2222132 Define ACSP Structural Configuration

A222214 Conduct ACSP Trade Study Analysis

A2222141 Optimize ACSP Critical Dimensions

A2222142 Optimize ACSP Structural Configuration

A2222143 Support ACSP Design Trades

A22222 Define ACSP Design Criteria

A222221 Review ACSP SOW Specifications

A222222 Select ACSP Environments

A222223 Select ACSP Limits

A22223 Create ACSP Preliminary Analysis Decision Record

A2223 Select Optimum ACSP Design

A2224 Develop ACSP Prototype

A223 Perform ACSP Detail Design & Analysis

A2231 Obtain Detail ACSP Material & Process Allowables

A2232 Create Detail ACSP Design

A22321 Collect Baseline ACSP Design Data

A22322 Build ACSP model/drawing tree

A22323 Prepare ACSP models & drawings

A223231 Select ACSP model/drafting system

A223232 Create ACSP geometry Layouts & Models

A2232321 Receive and Review ACSP Geometry Data
A22323211 Receive and Review ACSP Paper Geometry Data

A22323212 Receive and Verify ACSP CAD Translated Data

A22323213 Receive and Review ACSP Native CAD Data

A2232322 Build ACSP Layouts and Models

A22323221 Select ACSP Construction Plans

A22323222 Create ACSP 2-D Envelope

A22323223 Create ACSP 3-D Wireframe

A22323224 Create ACSP Surface

A22323225 Create ACSP Solid

A2232323 Prepare ACSP Data for Transfer

A223233 Create ACSP Drawing Data

A2232331 Create ACSP tooling interface drawings

A2232332 Prepare Detail ACSP Composite Item Drawings

A22323321 Select ACSP views

A22323322 Prepare ACSP detail views

A223233221 Resolve ACSP interfaces and joints

A223233222 Resolve ACSP size panel issues

A223233223 Create ACSP data

A22323323 Attach ACSP dimensions and tolerances

A22323324 Attach ACSP composites engineering

A22323325 Prepare & coordinate ACSP signature process

A2232333 Prepare & Integrate ACSP assembly drawings

A2232334 Prepare & release ACSP AMRs

A2232335 Prepare ACSP installation drawings

A223234 Update ACSP drawing & model data

A22324 Build ACSP parts list

A22325 Perform ACSP CDR functions

A2233 Conduct Detail ACSP Analysis

A22331 Conduct ACSP Static Loads Analysis

A22332 Conduct ACSP Thermal Analysis

A22333 Conduct ACSP Dynamic Analysis

A22334 Conduct ACSP Mass Properties Analysis

A22335 Conduct ACSP Static Stress Analysis

A223351 Create ACSP Static Stress Analysis Decision Record

A223352 Conduct ACSP Finite Element Analysis (FEA)

A2233521 Generate ACSP Finite Element Models

A22335211 Generate ACSP Node Geometry

A223352111 Hand Generate ACSP Node Geometry

A223352112 Input ACSP Node Geometry from PDES/STEP Exchange File

A223352113 Create ACSP Node Geometry from Existing Geometry

A22335212 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Connectivities

A22335213 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Attributes

A223352131 Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes

A223352132 Generate ACSP Material Angles or Coordinate Systems

A223352133 Generate/Import ACSP Material Properties

A2233521331 Import ACSP Material Properties from PDES/STEP Exchange File

A2233521332 Import ACSP Material Properties from Analysis Materials Database

A2233521333 Generate ACSP Material Properties from Ply Properties, Stacking Sequence and Orientations

A2233521334 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A223352134 Assign ACSP Material, Geometric, Material Coordinate System/Angle Attributes to Elements

A22335214 Generate ACSP Graphical Finite Element Models Documentation

A2233522 Generate ACSP Finite Element Analysis Environment and Controls

A22335221 Set/Assign ACSP Boundary Constraints/Releases

A22335222 Generate/Assign ACSP Load Sets and Combinations

A22335223 Assign ACSP Factors of Safety, Durability/Damage Tolerance & Allowables

A22335224 Generate/Assign ACSP Analysis Output Control Requests

A223352241 Request ACSP Deflection Data Output

A223352242 Request ACSP Stress Data Output

A223352243 Request ACSP Strain Data Output

A223352244 Request ACSP Interlaminar Shear Data Output

A223352245 Request ACSP Reaction and Internal Load Data Output

A223352246 Request ACSP Generation/Output of Matrices

A22335225 Generate ACSP Analysis Procedure Controls

A2233523 Perform ACSP Mechanical/Thermo-Mechanical FEA

A22335231 Perform ACSP Linear Analysis

A22335232 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Stability Analysis

A22335233 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Material Analysis

A22335234 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Geometry Analysis

A22335235 Perform ACSP Combined Geometric and Material Nonlinear Analysis A2233524 Create/Document ACSP Internal Loads/Stress Database

A22335241 Translate ACSP Data from FEA Solver

A22335242 Translate ACSP Data from PDES/STEP Exchange File

A22335243 Generate ACSP Textual Analysis Output Database Documentation

A22335244 Generate ACSP Graphical Analysis Output Database Documentation

A223353 Conduct ACSP Detail Stress Analysis

A2233531 Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analysis

A2233532 Conduct ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Analysis

A22335321 Generate ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Model from Coarse Grid Model

A22335322 Apply ACSP Loads/Boundary Conditions from Coarse Grid Model

A22335323 Perform ACSP Finite Element Analysis

A22335324 Calculate ACSP Margins of Safety Based upon Fine Grid Analysis Results

A22335325 Create ACSP Fine Grid Internal Loads/Stress Database Results

A223354 Plan ACSP Tests/Analyze Test Results

A2233541 Produce ACSP Test Part Configuration Documents

A2233542 Produce ACSP Test Plan

A2233543 Perform ACSP Test Surveillance, Validation and Data Review

A2233544 Produce ACSP Test Results Documentation and Feed Back Information to Design

A223355 Analyze ACSP Manufacturing Discrepancies

A223356 Feed Back ACSP Laminate Description, Ply Stacking Sequence and Orientation to Design

A22336 Conduct ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis

A223361 Classify ACSP Parts into Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical and Others

A2233611 Apply ACSP Damage Tolerance Critical/Size to Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical ACSP

A22336111 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Scratches

A22336112 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Delaminations

A22336113 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Impacts

A22336114 Apply/Size ACSP Based on 1/4" Holes/Crack criteria

A2233612 Apply Durability and Environmental Threat Criteria to all other ACSPs

A223362 Guide ACSP Material Selection and Setting of Material Criteria

A2233621 ACSP Guide based on Stacking Sequence Optimization

A2233622 ACSP Guide based on Edge Delamination Criteria

A2233623 ACSP Guide based on Sub-Laminate Buckling Criteria

A2233624 ACSP Guide based on Design Details

A2233625 ACSP Guide based on Experimental Results/Validated Analysis Methods

A223363 Set ACSP Non-Destructive Inspection Allowables

A223364 Create ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis Decision Record A2234 Evaluate Detail ACSP Analysis

A22341 Review ACSP Weight, Static, Dynamic, & Thermal Analysis

A22342 Review ACSP Damage Tolerance

A22343 Review ACSP Surface Finish Requirement

A22344 Review ACSP Producibility Analysis

A224 Perform ACSP Production, Design & Analysis Support

A2241 Receive and Review ACSP Class 1 and 2 Changes

A2242 Prepare ACSP Preliminary Modification Package

A22421 Prepare ACSP Preliminary Design Changes

A22422 Conduct ACSP Preliminary Changes Analysis

A22423 Prepare ACSP Producibility Assessment

A22424 Develop ACSP Estimates Cost

A2243 Resolve ACSP Class 2 Changes

A2244 Conduct ACSP Change Board Reviews

A2245 Incorporate ACSP Changes

A22451 Conduct ACSP Detail Design Changes

A22452 Conduct ACSP Detail Analysis Changes

A22453 Resolve ACSP M&P Parameters

A22454 Prepare ACSP AMRs

A22455 Release ACSP Production Drawing Changes

A225 Conduct ACSP Prototype Tests & Evaluation

A226 Manage Configuration of ACSP Data

A23 Build and OA an ACSP

A231 Develop ACSP Plan

A2311 Assume ACSP Structure & Method of Manufacture

A2312 Develop ACSP Production Plan

A2313 Develop ACSP Support Activities Plan

A2314 Develop/Certify ACSP Mfg. Process/Materials

A2315 Determine Detail Method of Manufacture

A23151 Complete Manufacturing Parts List

A23152 Determine Make/Buy Decisions

A23153 Determine Precise Form of Sub-Parts

A232 Develop ACSP Production Plans

A2321 Develop ACSP Process Plans

A23211 Plan Structures Assembly

A23212 Plan Systems Installations

A23213 Develop Sheet Metal Planning

A23214 Develop Machine Parts Planning

A23215 Develop ACSP Bonding/Composite Planning

A232151 Conduct Pre-planning Review

A232152 Identify New Tool Requirements and Generate Tool Orders

A232153 Develop Work Instructions and Build Sequence

A2321531 Identify Standard Operations and Sequence

A2321532 Generate Custom Operations and Sequence

A2321533 Insert Inspections Steps

A2321534 Identify and Resolve Issues

A232154 Review Planning with Affected Organizations

A232155 Audit & Verify Planning

A232156 Provide Mod Planning

A23216 Plan for Procured Parts

A2322 Develop Support Process Plans

A2323 Control, Validate, & Release Planning

A233 Provide Tools

A2331 Design Tools

A23311 Generate Design Criteria

A23312 Conduct Conceptual Tool Design

A233121 Review Tooling Concept

A233122 Define Tool Material

A233123 Select Configuration Type

A23313 Perform Detail Tool Design

A23314 Review and Approve Tool Design

A2332 Develop NC Programs/Tapes

A23321 Provide Production and Tool NC Programs

A233211 Obtain Geometry Data

A233212 Define Automated Process Strategy

A233213 Define NC Motion Data

A233214 Generate Documentation

A233215 Post Process NC Program

A23322 Control NC Programs

A23323 Proof NC Programs

A23324 Release NC Programs

A2333 Fabricate/Rework Tools

A2334 Provide Liaison Support

A234 Procure ACSP Manufacturing Materials

A2341 Control Procurement of ACSP Material

A2342 Procure Material

A2343 Receive & Inspect Raw Materials

A23431 Verify/Record Vendor Documentation

A23432 Update & Print Receiving Documentation

A23433 Unload Transport

A23434 Inspect/Verify Material

A23435 Obtain Test Samples

A23436 Place Material into Proper Storage Area

A2344 Manage and Control Material Inventory

A235 Produce Product (ACSP)

A2351 Perform Production Operations

A23511 Obtain Material

A235111 Remove Material From Storage/Freezer

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A235112 Thaw Material

A235113 Cut Material To Size & Kit

A235114 Transport Material

A23512 Obtain & Prepare Tools

A235121 Remove Tool From Storage

A235122 Clean Tool

A235123 Apply Release Agent

A235124 Cure Release Agent & Inspect

A23513 Layup & Assemble ACSP

A23514 Bag & Leak Check ACSP

A235141 Obtain Bagging Material & Cut to Fit

A235142 Seal Bag

A235143 Pull Vacuum & Adjust Bag

A235144 Leak Check Bag & Inspect

A2352 Cure & Tear Down ACSP

A23521 Load Part in Cure Equipment

A23522 Connect Vacuum Sensors & Thermocouples

A23523 Cure/Debulk/Bond/Dry per Specification

A23524 Perform Tear Down Operations

A2353 Trim & Drill ACSP

A23531 Position Part in Trim/Drill Fixtures

A23532 Trim/ Drill Part

A235321 Trim Part Periphery

A235322 Trim Stiffeners

A235323 Drill Holes

A235324 Inspect Trim & Drill Operations

A23533 Remove Part From Fixture

A2354 Assure Product Quality

A23541 Perform Non-Destructive Inspections

A235411 Seal Part For Ultrasonic Inspection

A235412 Perform Ultrasonic Inspection Operation

A235413 Perform X-Ray Inspection Operation

A235414 Perform Dimension/Visual Inspection

A23542 Perform Material Evaluation/Certification

A235421 Obtain Material and/or Test Coupons

A235422 Verify Chemical/Thermal Properties

A235423 Verify Physical Properties

A235424 Verify Mechanical properties

A23543 Analyze Defects & Disposition Part or Material

A2355 Deliver Product

A236 Ship Product

A2361 Print & Verify Transportation Documents

A2362 Protect Part for Shipment

A2363 Load Transport

A24 Support Logistics of an ACSP

A241 Perform ACSP Logistics Engineering

A242 Support ACSP Reliability/Maintenance Design Studies

A243 Write ACSP Technical Manuals and Maintenance Documents

A244 Conduct ACSP Spares
A245 Support ACSP Facilities
A246 Plan and Support ACSP Training System
A3 Use & Maintain an ACSP
A4 Develop & Provide ACSP Materials

### 2.3.3.2 Part Specific Design Activity List

A231 Create TCA Data A2311 Prepare TCA Angle Design A23111 Resolve TCA Angle Mfg. Process A23112 Resolve TCA Angle Part Periphery A23113 Resolve TCA Angle Target Layup Orientation A23114 Resolve TCA Angle Target Thickness A23115 Determine TCA Angle Ply Counts A23116 Produce TCA Angle Ply Stack-Up A231161 Resolve TCA Angle Ply Sequence A231162 Create TCA Angle Ply Tables A2311621 Attach TCA Angle Part Numbers A2311622 Attach TCA Angle Ply Numbers A2311623 Attach TCA Angle Material Flagnotes A2311624 Attach TCA Angle Fiber Orientation A2311625 Attach TCA Angle Splice Flagnote A2311626 Attach TCA Angle Revision Letter A231163 Develop TCA Angle Ply Periphery A231164 Attach TCA Angle Ply Callouts A2312 Prepare TCA Cap Design A2313 Prepare TCA Filler Design A23131 Resolve TCA Filler Geometry Envelope A23132 Resolve TCA Filler Build/TTU/Quality Issues A23133 Build TCA Filler Detail Drawing A232 Create CSL Data A2321 Resolve CSL Mfg. Process A2322 Resolve CSL Part Periphery A2323 Resolve CSL Target Lay-up Orientation A2324 Resolve CSL Target Thickness area A2325 Determine CSL Ply Counts A2326 Produce CSL Ply Stack-Up A23261 Resolve CSL Ply Sequence A23262 Create CSL Ply Tables A232621 Attach CSL Part Numbers A232622 Attach CSL Ply Numbers A232623 Attach CSL Material Flagnotes

A232624 Attach CSL Fiber Orientation

A232625 Attach CSL Splice Flagnote

A232626 Attach CSL Revision Letter

A23263 Develop CSL Ply Periphery

A23264 Attach CSL Ply Callouts

A233 Create CSP Data

A2331 Prepare CSP Skin Details

A23311 Resolve CSP Skin Mfg. Process

A23312 Resolve CSP Skin Part Periphery

A23313 Resolve CSP Skin Target Layup Orientation

A23314 Resolve CSP Skin Target Thickness

A23315 Determine CSP Skin Ply Counts

A23316 Produce CSP Skin Ply Stack-Up

A233161 Resolve CSP Skin Ply Sequence

A233162 Create CSP Skin Ply Tables

A2331621 Attach CSP Skin Part Numbers

A2331622 Attach CSP Skin Ply Numbers

A2331623 Attach CSP Skin Material Flagnotes

A2331624 Attach CSP Skin Fiber Orientation

A2331625 Attach CSP Skin Splice Flagnote

A2331626 Attach CSP Skin Revision Letter

A233163 Develop CSP Skin Ply Periphery

A233164 Attach CSP Skin Ply Callouts

A2332 Prepare CSP Core Details

A23321 Collect & Layout CSP Core Geometry

A23322 Develop CSP Core Periphery

A233221 Resolve CSP Core Edge Band Issues

A233222 Resolve CSP Core Internal Fittings

A233223 Resolve CSP Core Fillers

A23323 Design CSP Core Thickness, Density & Matl.

A233231 Resolve CSP Core Thickness

A233232 Resolve CSP Core Density

A233233 Resolve CSP Core Material Features

A23324 Design CSP Core Transition Area

A23325 Design CSP Core Ribbon Direction

A2333 Resolve CSP Interfaces

A33 Integrate & Prepare ACSP Assy. Dwg.

A331 Integrate & Prepare TCA Assy. Drawings

A3311 Collect TCA Angle Data

A3312 Collect TCA CAP Data

A3313 Collect TCA Filler Data

A3314 Prepare TCA Assy. Drawing

A332 Integrate & Prepare CSL Assy. Drawings

A333 Integrate & Prepare CSP Assy. Drawings

A3331 Collect CSP Core & Skin Data

A3332 Resolve CSP Core Adhesive Design

A3333 Resolve CSP Vapor Barrier Design

A3334 Design CSP Item Location for Core, Skins, Padups, Recesses & Holes

A3335 Attach Filler Plies in Transition Areas

A41 Review ACSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A411 Review TCA Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A4111 Review TCA Cap Analysis

A4112 Review TCA Angle Analysis

A4113 Review TCA Filler Analysis

A412 Review CSL Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A4121 Review CSL Skin Analysis

A4122 Review CSL Edge & Fastener Analysis

A413 Review CSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A4131 Review CSP Skin Analysis

A4132 Review CSP Core Analysis

A4133 Review CSP Edge & Fastener Analysis

### 2.3.3.3 Part Specific Analysis Activity List

A31 Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes

A311 Generate TCA Geometric Attributes

A3111 Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area

A3112 Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Properties

A3113 Generate TCA Equivalent Thicknesses

A312 Generate CSL Geometric Attributes

A3121 Generate CSL Shell Offsets

A3122 Generate CSL Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents

A3123 Generate CSL Equivalent Thicknesses

A313 Generate CSP Geometric Attributes

A3131 Generate CSP Shell Offsets

A3132 Generate CSP Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents

A3133 Generate CSP Solid Element Core Equivalent Properties

A3134 Generate CSP Equivalent Thicknesses

A34 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A341 Input TCA Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3411 Input TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area Modulus of Elasticity

A3412 Input TCA Cross Sectional Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3413 Input TCA Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A342 Input CSL Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3421 Input CSL Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3422 Input CSL Solid Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A343 Input CSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3431 Input CSP Face Sheet Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3432 Input CSP Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A3433 Input CSP Face Sheet and Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

A31 Conce. ACSP Static Strength Analysis

A311 Conduct TCA Static Strength Analysis

A3111 Conduct TCA Composite Joint Analysis

A3112 Conduct TCA Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analysis

A3113 Conduct TCA Composite Cutout Analyses

A3114 Conduct TCA Composite Point Stress Analysis

A3115 Conduct TCA Beam Buckling and Crippling Analyses

A3116 Conduct TCA Beam Stiffener Pull-off Analyses

A312 Conduct CSL Static Strength Analyses

A3121 Conduct CSL Composite Joint Analyses

A3122 Conduct CSL Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses

A3123 Conduct CSL Composite Cutout Analyses

A3124 Conduct CSL Composite Point Stress Analysis

A3125 Conduct CSL Panel Analyses

A313 Conduct CSP Static Strength Analyses

A3131 Conduct CSP Composite Joint Analyses

A3132 Conduct CSP Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses

A3133 Conduct CSP Composite Cutout Analyses

A3134 Conduct CSP Composite Point Stress Analysis

A3135 Conduct CSP Panel Analyses

A32 Define ACSP Structural Configuration

A321 Define TCA Structural Configuration

A3211 Define TCA Initial Ply Orientations

A3212 Define TCA Initial Ply Distributions

A3213 Define TCA Initial Stiffener Geometry

A322 Define CSL Structural Configuration

A3221 Define CSL Initial Ply Orientation

A3222 Define CSL Initial Ply Distribution

A323 Define CSP Structural Configuration

A3231 Define CSP Initial Ply Orientations

A3232 Define CSP Initial Ply Distribution

A3233 Define CSP Initial Core Geometry

A3234 Define CSP Initial Core Orientation

A3235 Define CSP Initial Core Distribution

A42 Optimize ACSP Structural Configuration

A421 Optimize TCA Structural Configuration

A4211 Optimize TCA Initial Ply Orientations

A4212 Optimize TCA Initial Ply Distributions

A4213 Optimize TCA Initial Stiffener Geometry

A422 Optimize CSL Structural Configuration

A4221 Optimize CSL Initial Ply Orientation

A4222 Optimize CSL Initial Ply Distribution

A423 Optimize CSP Structural Configuration

A4231 Optimize CSP Initial Ply Orientations

A4232 Optimize CSP Initial Ply Distribution

A4233 Optimize CSP Initial Core Geometry

A4234 Optimize CSP Initial Core Orientation

A4235 Optimize CSP Initial Core Distribution

### 2.3.3.4 Part Specific Build Activity List

A13 Layup and Assemble ACSP

A131 Layup and Assemble "T" Composite Assembly (TCA)

A1311 Layup TCA "L" Channels

A13111 Clean TCA Tool

A13112 Position TCA Ply

A13113 Compact TCA Ply and Inspect

A13114 Inspect TCA Layup

A1312 Layup TCA Radius Filler

A13121 Wind TCA Roving and Cut to Length

A13122 Place TCA Roving in Tool

A13123 Compact TCA Roving

A13124 Inspect TCA Filler

A1313 Assemble TCA "L" Channels and Filler

A13131 Position TCA "L" Channels

A13132 Position TCA Filler

A13133 Install TCA Assembly Tools and Inspect

A1314 Layup TCA Cap and Inspect Assembly

A13141 Position TCA Cap Ply Detail

A13142 Compact TCA Ply and Inspect

A13143 Position TCA Caul Plate

A13144 Inspect TCA Assembly

A132 Layup and Assemble Contoured Skin Laminate (CSL)

A1321 Clean CSL Tool

A1322 Position CSL Ply Detail

A1323 Compact CSL Ply Detail and Inspect

A1324 Inspect CSL Layup

A133 Layup and Assemble Core Stiffened Panel (CSP)

A1331 Build CSP Core Assembly

A13311 Cut CSP Core to Size

A13312 Perform CSP Machining Operations

A13313 Perform CSP Forming Operations

A13314 Apply/Cure CSP Stabilizers and Potting Compound

A13315 Apply CSP Adhesive/Assemble Core

A13316 Inspect CSP Core Assemblies

A1332 Layup CSP IML Skin

A13321 Clean CSP Tool

A13322 Position CSP IML Ply

A13323 Compact CSP IML Ply and Inspect

A13324 Inspect CSP Layup

A1333 Assemble CSP Core and Skin

A13331 Position CSP Core Locating Template

A13332 Apply CSP Film Adhesive

A13333 Verify CSP Core Fit

A13334 Position CSP Core and Inspect

A1334 Layup CSP OML Skin

A13341 Position CSP OML Ply

A13342 Compact CSP OML Ply and Inspect

A13344 Inspect CSP OML Layup

## 2.3.4 General IDEF0 Diagrams and Glossaries

The IDEFO diagrams and their associated glossaries have been developed based on the hierarchy activity structure shown in the node trees and the indentured lists. Within this section the general structure of the format is to start each sub-section with an indentured list. The activities for which IDEFO diagrams have been developed are **bold faced**. The indentured list is followed by the top IDEFO diagram and its associated intentionally blank page where the diagram acts as a sub-section break. The only exception to this style is the top A-O Procure, Build & Use an ACSP which has an accompanying glossary page. All of the IDEFO diagrams in each sub-section have an accompanying glossary page. The general sequence of pages in each of the sub-sections is:

- Indentured List
- Top Section IDEF0 Diagram
- Blank page except for the A-0 node
- Next IDEF0 Diagram
- Associated Glossary Page
- Repeat IDEF0 Diagram/Glossary as necessary

To facilitate the cross-functional and functional views of the life cycle of the General ACSP, the model has been divided into the following node sections:

- A-0 Procure, Build & Use an ACSP
- A2232 Create Detail ACSP Design
- A2233 Conduct Detail ACSP Analysis
- A23 Build and QA an ACSP

The A-0 section represents the general multi-functional ACSP viewing the life cycle, with particular emphasis on aerospace Design/Analyze/Build preliminary and interface activities. The remaining areas of this section show, the functional views of Detail Design, Detail Analysis and Build/QA of an ACSP.

PROCURE, BUILD & USE AN ACSP

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### General Design/Analysis/Build Indentured List

## A0 Procure, Build, & Use an Aircraft Composite Structural Part A1 Develop ACSP Needs & Procurement A2 Manage, Design, Build, & Support an ACSP

A21 Manage ACSP Integrated Product Development (IPD)

A211 Manage ACSP Design Process

A212 Manage ACSP Build Process

A213 Manage ACSP Support Process

A214 Manage ACSP Resources

A2141 Manage ACSP People Resources

A2142 Manage ACSP Tool Resources

A2143 Manage ACSP Facility Resources

A2144 Manage ACSP Time and Cost Budgets

A215 Manage ACSP Integration

## A22 Design & Analyze an ACSP

## A221 Collect, Review, Define & Distribute ACSP Requirements

A2211 Collect and Review other Engineering ACSP Requirements

A2212 Collect and Review Build and QA ACSP Requirements

A2213 Collect and Review Support Logistics ACSP Requirements

A222 Perform ACSP Preliminary Design and Analysis

A2221 Prepare Preliminary ACSP Design

A22211 Evaluate ACSP Preliminary Loads

A22212 Obtain ACSP M&P Support

A22213 Prepare ACSP Design Concepts

A222131 Select ACSP Geometry System

A222132 Build ACSP Concept Geometry

A2221321 Develop ACSP Structural Concepts

A2221322 Prepare ACSP Candidate Drawings

A2221323 Evaluate ACSP Analysis Results

A2221324 Develop ACSP Trade Study Concepts

A2221325 Select/Detail ACSP Preliminary

A222133 Prepare ACSP Functional Interface Concept Drawings

A222134 Perform ACSP In House PDRS

A2222 Conduct Preliminary ACSP Analysis

## A22221 Review ACSP Design Data

A222211 Review ACSP Layouts

A2222111 Review ACSP Geometry

A2222112 Review ACSP Sizes

A2222113 Obtain ACSP Initial Weights and Balances

A222212 Review ACSP Material Selections

A2222121 Select ACSP Composite or Homogeneous Material

A2222122 Screen ACSP Available Materials

A2222123 Collect ACSP Existing Material Data

A2222124 Define ACSP Material Development Program

A2222125 Generate, & Collect/Reduce ACSP Material Test Data

A2222126 Create ACSP Analysis Materials Database

A222213 Conduct ACSP Baseline Analysis

A2222131 Define ACSP Critical Dimensions

A2222132 Define ACSP Structural Configuration

A222214 Conduct ACSP Trade Study Analysis

A2222141 Optimize ACSP Critical Dimensions

A2222142 Optimize ACSP Structural Configuration

A2222143 Support ACSP Design Trades

### A22222 Define ACSP Design Criteria

A222221 Review ACSP SOW Specifications

A222222 Select ACSP Environments

A222223 Select ACSP Limits

A22223 Create ACSP Preliminary Analysis Decision Record

A2223 Select Optimum ACSP Design

A2224 Develop ACSP Prototype

### A223 Perform ACSP Detail Design & Analysis

### A2234 Evaluate Detail ACSP Analysis

A22341 Review ACSP Weight, Static, Dynamic, & Thermal Analysis

A22342 Review ACSP Damage Tolerance

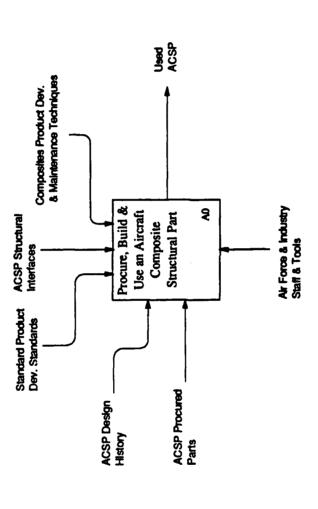
A22343 Review ACSP Surface Finish Requirement

A22344 Review ACSP Producibility Analysis

A3 Use & Maintain an ACSP

A4 Develop & Prepare ACSP Materials

USED AT:	AUTHOR: PAS-C Team & Experts	8	DATE	DATE: 11/25/91	WORKING	RECOMMENDED	CONTEXT:
	PROJECT: PAS-C		REV:	8	X DRAFT	PUBLICATION	
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Purpose: Build a process model that describes the relationships between activities in the design, analysis & build of an Aircraft Composite Structural Part (ACSP) that falls in the "AS WAS" and "AS IS" environment.

This is to support the development of a PDES data structure that is specific to composite structures in a typical alreraft. Context: This model will show a level of detail in the aforementioned functions that shows the composite items that make up a Composite Structural Part as displayed on a releasable dataset to Build and QA functions.

Viewpoint: Structural Aircraft Composites Integrated Product Development Team

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# A-0: Procure, Build, and Use an Aircraft Composite Structural Part (ACSP)

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## **Activities:**

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This activity covers the entire life cycle of an ACSP as viewed from the combined activity groupings of the DoD needs analysis and procurement, acrospace contractors, DoD's use and maintenance, and the raw material Procure, Build & Use an Aircraft Composite Structural Part

## Outputs:

Used ACSP. This is the ACSP as a result of use in the field.

## Mechanisms:

## Air Force & Industry Staff & Tools Ξ

This consists of staff & tools from the contractor, Air Force and materials supplier.

ACSP M/D/B/S Staff

The ACSP design history consists of all the similar design activities that have

created data that is similar to the ACSP.

**ACSP Procured Parts** 

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subcontractors.

ACSP Design History

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Inputs:

These are the as-built ACSP parts as purchased from the outside associate or

- These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the manage, design, build and support functions.
- These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the Air Force tasks. Air Force Staff & Tools
- These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the material Material Supplier Staff & Tools development tasks.

## Controls:

Standard Product Dev. Standards  $\overline{c}$ 

These are the standard aerospace product development standards that apply to

ACSP Structural Interfaces

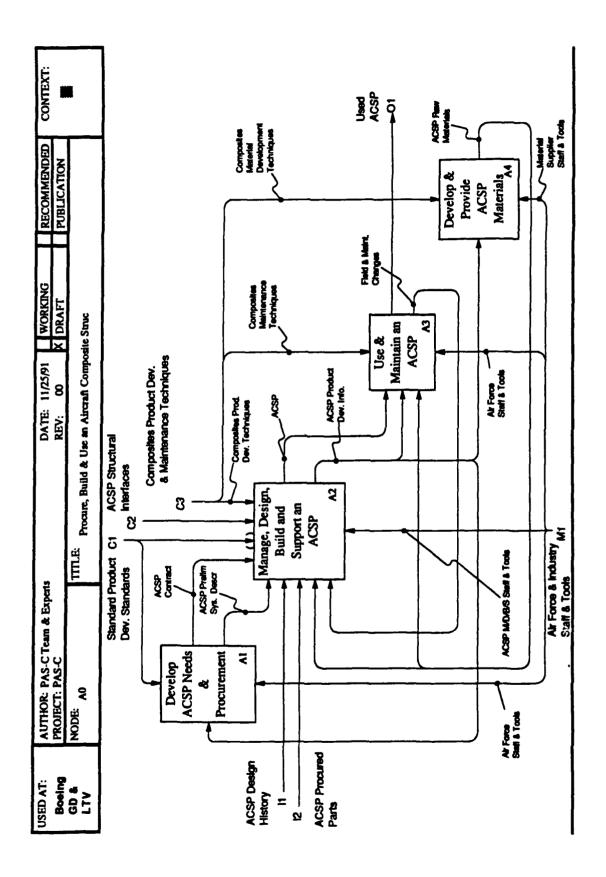
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- These are all the structural interfaces that mate with the ACSP.
- These techniques consist of Composites Product Development, Maintenance Composites Product Dev. & Maintenance Techniques and Material Development Techniques.
- The standard product development techniques for composites involve the standard design, analysis, and build procedures and specifications. Composites Product Development Techniques
- The are the Composites Maintenance Techniques as practiced in the field Composites Maintenance Techniques
- These are the Material Development Techniques as practiced by the Composites Material Development Techniques material suppliers.

## Process Interactions:

(None)



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## A0: Procure, Build & Use an Aircraft Composite Structure

C3 Composites Prod. Dev. & Maintenance Techniques		<ul> <li>Composites Product Development Techniques</li> <li>The standard product development techniques for composites involve the standard</li> </ul>	design, analysis, and build procedures and specifications.	<ul> <li>Composites Maintenance Techniques</li> <li>These are the Composites Maintenance Techniques as practiced in the field.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Composites Material Development Techniques         These are the Material Development Techniques as practiced by the material suppliers.     </li> </ul>	Outputs:	Used ACSP - This is the ACSP as a result of use in the field.	Mechanisms:	M1 Air Force & Industry Staff & Tools	This consists of staff & tools from the contractor, Air Force and materials supplier.	• ACSP M/D/B/S Staff & Tools These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the manage, design,	build and support functions.  Air Force Staff ~ Tools  These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the Air Force tasks.	• Material Supplier Staff & Tools These states the services and services the services the services and services and services the services and services the services and services are services and services are services are services and services are services are services and services are services are services are services and services are servic	development tasks.	
	Manage, Design, Build and Support an ACSP This activity consists of all the contracted management of resources, design,	build, and support of a typical ACSP, as done at the prime contracting aerospace company.	Develop ACSP Needs & Procurement	This activity is the DoD analysis of the ACSP needs based on the department force structure needs and the state of ACSP technologies, along with the procurement process throughout the life cycle as managed at DoD level.	Use & Maintain an ACSP This activity is the DoD's use and maintenance of an ACSP. It also includes repair, redesign, and modification activities of an ACSP at an ALC.	Develor & Provide ACSP Materials	This activity is the material suppliers process of creating stock material for composite manufacturers. Basic material properties and allowables are	addressed here.		ACSP Design History	The ACSP design history consists of all the similar design activities that have created data that is similar to the ACSP.	ACSP Procured Parts The ACSP design history consists of all the similar design activities that have created data that is similar to the ACSP.		Standard Product Dev. Standards These are the standard aerospace product development standards that apply to ACSP.	ACSP Structural Interfaces
Activities:	<b>A</b> 2		<b>A</b> 1		A3	Ą	ŧ		Inputs:	n		12	Controls:	5	C3

## Process Interactions:

ACSP

This is the as-built ACSP development.

ACSP Prelim. Sys. Descr.

The preliminary ACSP system description consists of the business, design, build and logistics system description.

ACSP Raw Materials

All of the raw materials as received from the material supplier. These are for the composite items of the ACSP.

ACSP Product Dev. Info.

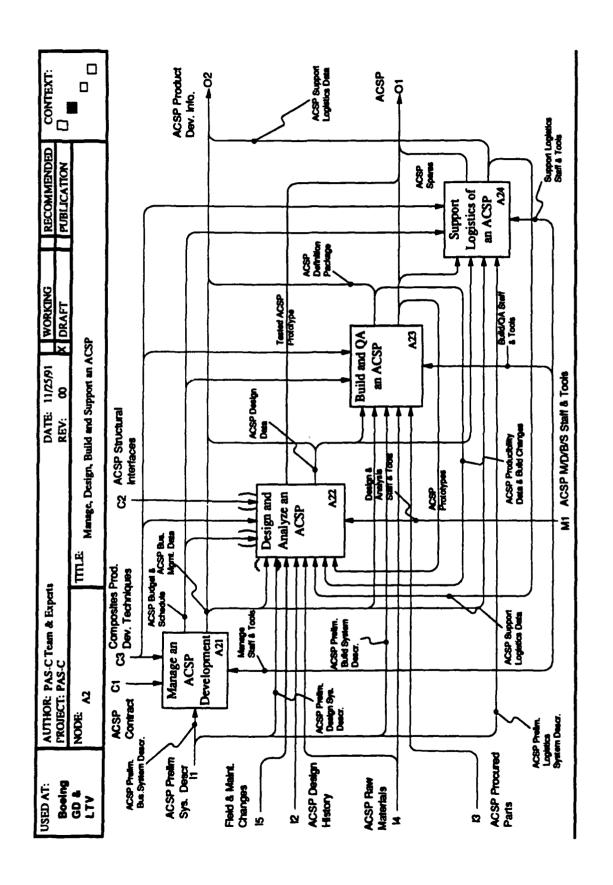
The ACSP product development information consists of the business management, design, definition package and of logistics support parts for the ACSP.

Field and Maintenance Changes

These are the reviewed field/maintenance changes that result from in field use of the ACSP.

ACSP Contract

This is the contract for the ACSP development as received from the customer.



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## A2: Manage, Design, Build and Support an ACSP

Activities:			<ul> <li>ACSP Preliminary Logistics System Description         The ACSP preliminary logistics system description shows the system view of the relationship between the logistics engineering, reliability and maintainability, spares     </li> </ul>
A21	Manage an ACSP Development  These activities involve managing all the resources specific to the ACSP		and training systems of a preliminary ACSP.
	through the design, build and support functions. This includes people, budgets, tools, materials, etc.	13	ACSP Design History These are the as-built ACSP parts as purchased from the outside associate or
A22	Design and Analyze an ACSP This activity involves the complete design and analysis life cycle from the pre- proposal phase to product support in the field.	13	ACSP Procured Parts These are the as-built ACSP parts as purchased from the outside associate or
A23	Build and QA an ACSP The conversion of a design into a finished product and quality assurance functions that assure that the product meets requirements. This is usually a repetitive function, continuing substantially throughout the product's life cycle. It receives the design from design functions and outputs the products, spare	4	SUDCONVACIONS.  ACSP Raw Materials  All of the raw materials as received from the material supplier. These are for the composite items of the ACSP.
	and repair parts, and technical data on each instance of the product.	15	Field & Maintenance Changes
A24	Support Logistics of an ACSP  This activity involves the logistics engineering, reliability and maintainability design studies, technical and maintenance documents, spaces and training systems that the ACSP repairs.	Controls:	These are the reviewed field/maintenance changes that result from in field use of the ACSP.
Inputs:		CI	ACSP Contract This is the contract for the ACSP development as received from the customer.
=	ACSP Prelim. System Descr.  The preliminary ACSP system description consists of the business, design, build and logistics system description.	$\mathbb{C}^2$	ACSP Structural Interfaces These are all the structural interfaces that mate with the ACSP.
	• ACSP Prelim. Bus. System Descr. The ACSP preliminary business system description contains the system relationships of the budget, schedule and costs of a preliminary ACSP.	ខ	Composites Product Development Techniques The standard product development techniques for composites involve the standard design, analysis, and build procedures and specifications.
	<ul> <li>ACSP Prelim. Design Sys. Descr.</li> <li>The ACSP preliminary design system description shows the functional.</li> </ul>	Outputs:	
	geometrical and fit up of a preliminary ACSP using a graphical/textual system engineering language.	10	ACSP This is the as-built ACSP
	<ul> <li>ACSP Prelim. Build System Descr. The ACSP preliminary build system description shows the system view of the manufacturing activities and resources needed to support the ACSP, production.</li> </ul>	02	ACSP Product Dev. Info The ACSP product development information consists of the business management, design, definition package and logistics support parts for the ACSP.

ACSP Bus. Mgmt. Data

This consists of all the budget, cost, schedule and people use data for the ACSP development.

ACSP Design Data

ACSP design data consists of all the configuration managed design and analysis information that occurs for preliminary, detail and production support phases of the ACSP.

ACSP Support Logistics Data

This ACSP support logistics data consists of all the logistics engineering, reliability and maintainability, technical and maintenance, documents and spares data needed to support the ACSP.

ACSP Definition Package

This consists of the as-built configuration management data of the ACSP.

## Mechanisms:

## ACSP M/D/B/S Staff & Tools

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These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the manage, design, build and support functions.

Design & Analysis Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

Manage Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the management of resources tasks.

Build/QA Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the build and QA tasks.

Support Logistics Staff & Tools

These are specific people and tools necessary to perform the support logistics tasks.

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## Process Interactions:

- ACSP Bus, Mgmt. Data
   This consists of all the budget, cost, schedule and people use data for the ACSP development.
- ACSP Budget & Schedule This the ACSP budget and schedule
  - ACSP Design Data

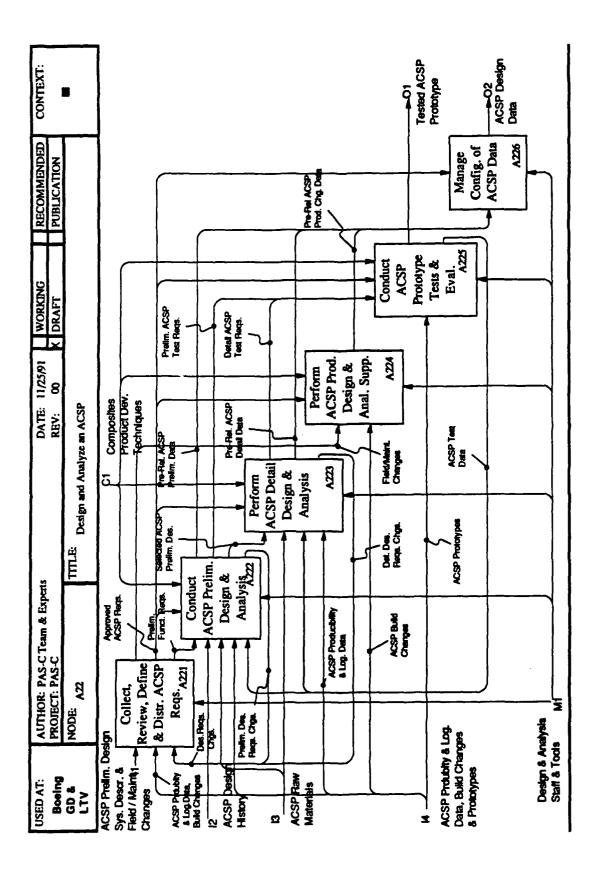
ACSP design data consists of all the configuration managed design and analysis information that occurs for preliminary, detail and production support phases of the

ACSP.

ACSP Support Logistics Data
This ACSP support logistics data consists of all the logistics engineering, reliability and maintainability, technical and maintenance, documents and spares data needed

- to support the ACSP.

  ACSP Definition Package
- This consists of the as-built configuration management data of the ACSP.



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## A22:Design and Analyze an ACSP

ACSP Raw Materials	All of the raw materials as received from the material supplier. These are for the composite items of the ACSP.  ACSP Produce & Log. Data. Build Changes & Prototypes	The ACSP produce and logistics data is derived from the various manufacturing maintainability and in-field product support studies of the ACSP. Build changes are these	manufacturing changes that occur while producing the ACSP.  ACSP Prototypes	The ACSP prototypes consist of all the pre-production physical or electronic models of the ACSP.	<ul> <li>ACSP Producibility &amp; Logistics Data         The ACSP producibility and logistics data is derived from the various manufacturing, maintainability and in-field product support studies done for the     </li> </ul>	ACSP.     ACSP Build Changes	AUSP build changes are those that are occurring during the production process of the ACSP.		Composites Product Development Techniques	The standard product development techniques for composites involve the standard design, analysis, and build procedures and specifications.	<ul> <li>Composites Design Techniques</li> <li>The standard composites design techniques involve the modeling, drawing,</li> </ul>	tolerancing and note attachment techniques that facilitate design development.	<ul> <li>Composites Analysis Techniques         The standard composites analysis techniques involve the unique composite analysis         algorithms for dealing with shapes and composite materials of the ACSP     </li> </ul>	
13	4	:						Controls	CI					
	Collect, Review, Define & Distribute ACSP Reqs. This activity involves collecting, reviewing, defining and distributing structural, cross-functional engineering, build, QA and logistic support	requirements of the ACSP.	Conduct ACSP Prefirm. Design & Analysis  This activity consists of the preliminary design and analysis of various ACSP concepts in order to trade performance, cost and producibility parameters for	selecting an optimum ACSP concept.	Perform ACSP Detail Design & Analysis This activity involves testing the selected preliminary ACSP design concept and developing it in sufficient detail to meet the desired performance, cost and production goods.	Perform ACSP Prod. Design & Analysis Support This activity involves supporting all the design and analysis needed to resolve	the changes encountered in manufacturing and/or those from in field use of the ACSP.	Conduct ACSP Prototype Tests & Eval. This activity involves all the physical and electronically simulated tests and	evaluation of ACSP prototypes.	Manage Config. of ACSP Data This activity involves the configuration management of all the data produced	in the design development of the ACSP.		ACSP Preliminary Design Sys. Descr. & Field/Main. Changes The ACSP preliminary design system description shows the functional, geometrical and fit-up of a preliminary ACSP using a graphical/textual system engineering language. Field/maintenance changes are a result of field use activities on ACSP.	ACSP Design History The ACSP design history consists of all the similar design activities that have created data that is similar to the ACSP.
Activities:	A221		A222		<b>A</b> 223	A224		A225		A226		Inputs:	end 1	12

## Outputs:

Ol Tested ACSP Prototype

The tested ACSP prototype consists of the performance loaded physical or simulated ACSP.

ACSP Design Data

02

ACSP design data consists of all the configuration managed design and analysis information that occurs for preliminary, detail and production support phases of the ACSP.

## Mechanisms:

M1 Design & Analysis Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

· Design Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design

Analysis Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.

## Process Interactions:

Prelim. Funct. Regs.

These are the preliminary functional structural ACSP requirements.

Selected ACSP Prelim. Des.

The ACSP preliminary design selected from the various concepts that were traded, is now ready for the detail design phare.

ACSP Test Data

All of the ACSP test data from the structural verification test of the ACSP and its subcomponents.

Prelim. Des. Reqs. Chgs.

The preliminary design requirements changes based on the analysis, producibility and maintainability results.

Detail Des. Reqs. Chgs.

The detail design requirements changes based on the analysis, producibility and maintainability results.

Pre-Rel. ACSP Prelim. Data

This is the pre-released ACSP preliminary design and analysis data.

Pre-Rel. ACSP Detail Data

This is the pre-released ACSP detail design and analysis data.

Prelim. ACSP Test Regs.

These are the preliminary ACSP test requirements based on the preliminary design and analysis of the ACSP.

Detail ACSP Test Reqs.

These are the detail ACSP test requirements based on the preliminary detail and analysis of the ACSP.

Pre-Rel. ACSP Prod. Chg. Data

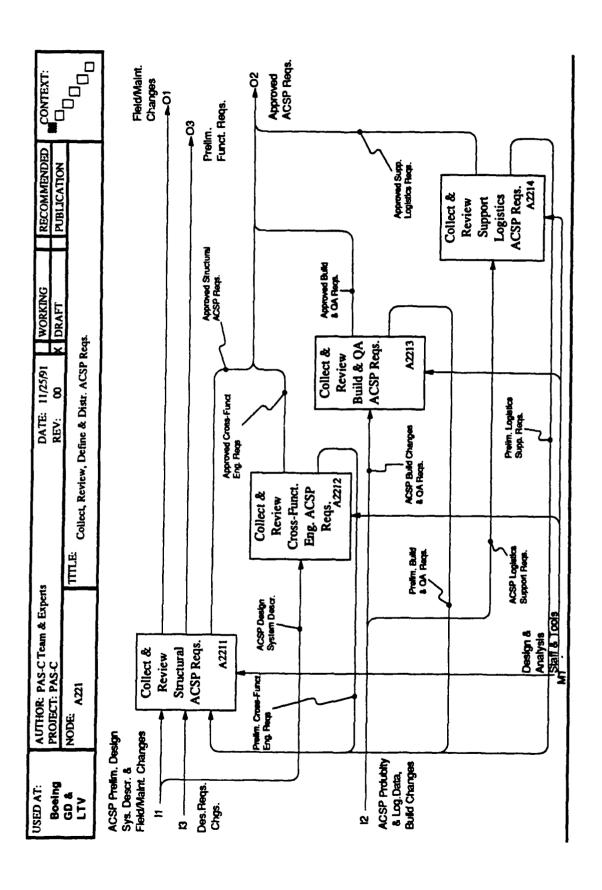
This is the pre-released production support design and analysis data of the ACSP.

Approved ACSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. They include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

Field/Maint. Changes

These are the reviewed field/maintenance changes that result from in-field use of the ACSP.



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# A221:Collect, Review, Define & Distribute ACSP Requirements

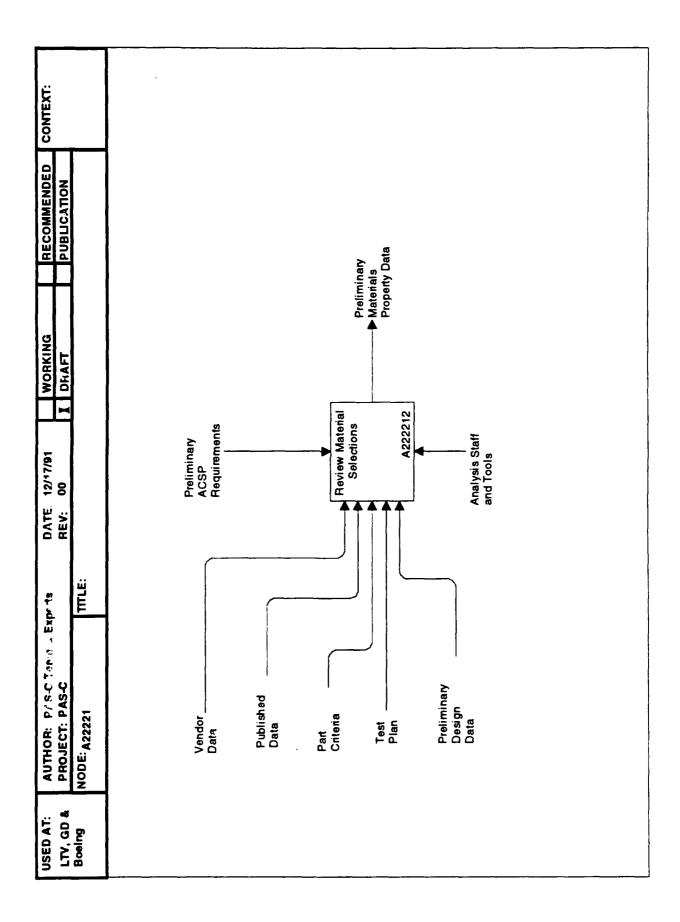
•	(None)	Field/Maint, Changes These are the reviewed field/maintenance changes that result from in-field use of the ACSP.	Approved ACSP Reqs. The approved ACSP requirement consist of the structural, cross-functional engineering, build, QA and logistics support requirements.	<ul> <li>Approved Structural ACSP Reqs,         These are the reviewed then approved structural design requirements that were generated internal or external to the structures function for the ACSP.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Approved Cross-Function Engineering Reqs.         These are the reviewed then approved ACSP cross-functional engineering requirements that affect the structure.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Approved Build &amp; QA Reqs. These are reviewed and approved build and QA requirements that apply to the manufacturability and inspectability of the ACSP.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Approved Supp. Logistics Reqs.</li> <li>These are the reviewed and approved reliability and maintainability requirements of</li> </ul>	the ACSP.	Design & Analysis Staff & Tools These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis	tasks.  Design Staff & Tools  These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design tasks.	<ul> <li>Analysis Staff &amp; Tools</li> <li>These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.</li> </ul>
Controls:	Outputs:	10	05					Mechanisms:	M		
	Collect, Review, Structural ACSP Reqs. Collect and review all the necessary ACSP structural requirements as created internal and external to the structures' function.	Collect & Review Cross-Function Eng. ACSP Reqs. Collect and review all the cross-functional engineering ACSP requirements that affect the ACSP structure.	Collect & Review Build & QA ACSP Reqs. Collect and review all the build and QA ACSP requirements that are identified to apply to the manufacturability and inspectability of an ACSP.	Collect & Review Support Logistics ACSP Regs. Collect and review all the reliability and maintainability requirements of the ACSP.	ACSP Preliminary Design Sys. Descr. & Field/Main. Changes	ine ACSF preliminary design system description snows the inneutonal, geometrical and fit-up of a preliminary ACSP using a graphical/textual system engineering language. Field/maintenance changes are a result of field use activities on ACSP.	ACSP Design System Description (See above)	ACSP Producibility & Log. Data, Build Changes The ACSP producibility and logistics data is derived from the various maintainability and in-field product support studies of the	ACSP. Build changes are those manufacturing changes that occur while producing the ACSP.	Design Requirement Changes Design requirements changes consist of those incurred while in the preliminary and detail design phase of the ACSP.	<ul> <li>ACSP Logistics Support Requirements</li> <li>ACSP logistics support requirements and primarily the reliability and maintainability requirements of the ACSP.</li> </ul>
Activities:	A2211	A2212	A2213	A2214	Inputs:			23		13	

### Process Interactions:

Prelim. Cross-Funct. Eng. Reqs.
These are the preliminary ACSP cross-functional engineering requirements.

Prelim. Build & QA Regs.
These are the preliminary ACSP build & QA requirements that are deemed to affect the ACSP structure.

Prelim. Logistics Supp. Reqs.
These are the preliminary reliability and maintainability requirements that are deemed to affect the ACSP structure.



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### A-22221:

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	Mechanisms:	M1 Analysis Staff and Tools The analysis staff and the hand (e.g. handbooks) and computerized tools (e.g. finite element analysis programs, various detail analysis programs) that aid the performance of	composite structural analysis.	Process Interactions: (None)				
	Review ACSP Material Selections	Survey appropriate materials with the aim of selecting a composite or homogeneous material considering available data and performing tests as necessary.		Vendor Data Materials data supplying the material(s).	Published Data Materials data available from published journals and reports.	Part Criteria Preliminary design and performance criteria.	Test Plan A plan developed to describe the testing process of the material that is being tested.	Preliminary Design Data The preliminary design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations.
Activities:	A222212		Inputs:	=	12	13	4	15

#### Outputs:

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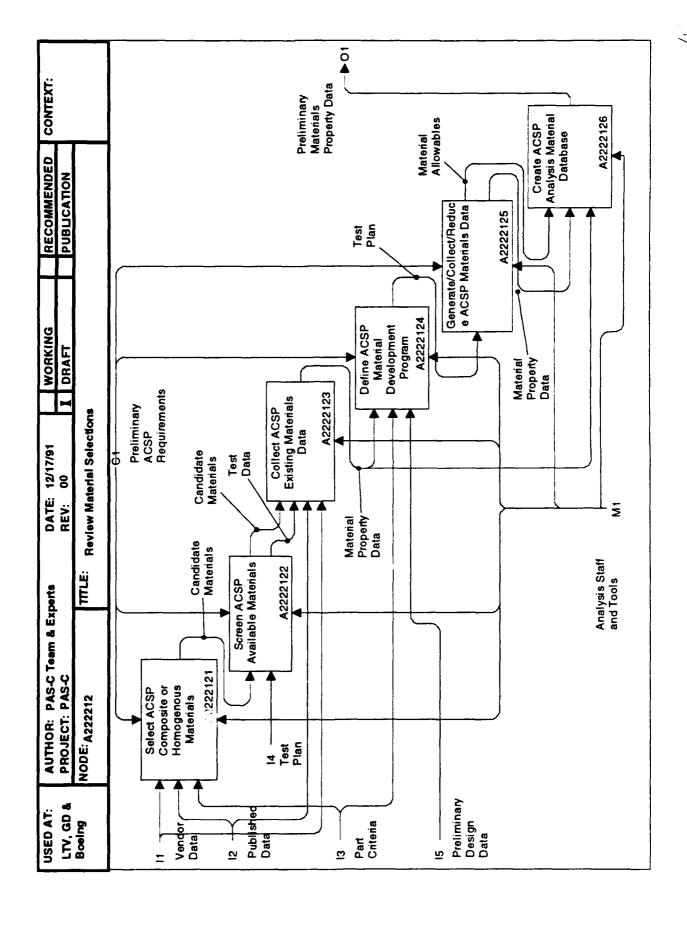
Preliminary ACSP Requirements
The preliminary structural performance criteria for an ACSP.

and stacking sequences.

Controls:

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Preliminary Materials Data
All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.

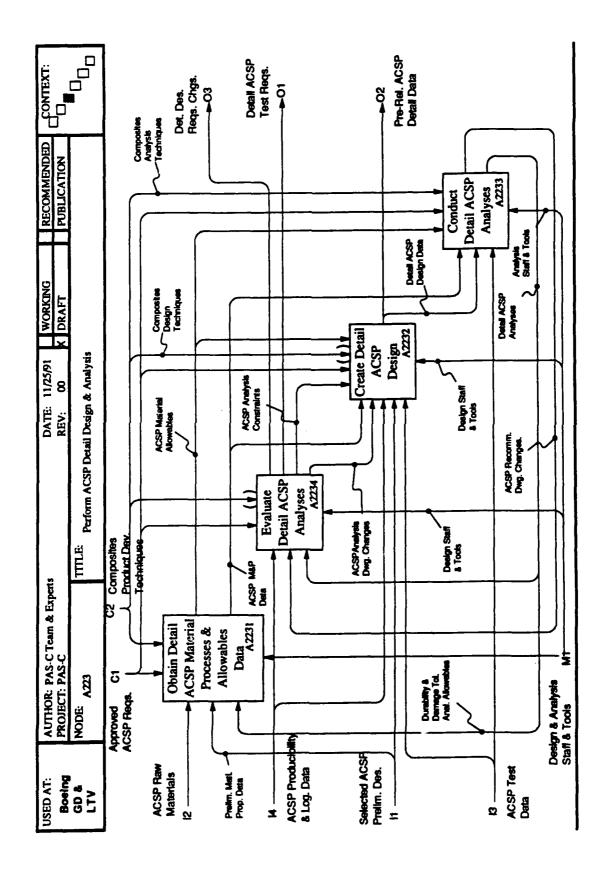


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# A-222212: Review Material Selections

Preliminary Design Data	The preliminary design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, stiffener spacing and orientation, core placement and orientation, properties and stacking sequences.	Preliminary ACSP Requirements The restiminary entertual performance criteria for an ACSP		Preliminary Materials Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.	sms:	Analysis Staff and Tools The analysis staff and the hand (e.g. handbooks) and computerized tools (e.g. finite	element analysis programs, various detail analysis programs) that aid the performance of composite structural analysis.	Process Interactions: • Candidate Materials	The materials initially selected for the preliminary design and analysis of the ACSP	<ul> <li>Test Data         Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Test Plan</li> <li>A plan developed to describe the testing process of the test part.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Material Allowables         The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>damage toterance requirements.</li> <li>Material Property Data</li> <li>All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.</li> </ul>	
15	Controls:	ü	Outputs:	10	Mechanisms:	Ä		Process 1						
	Select ACSP Composite or Homogeneous Material Use weight, cost and structural performance criteria to select a composite or homogeneous material.	Screen ACSP Available Materials Use cost and structural performance criteria to screen available materials.	Collect ACSP Existing Material Data Collect existing data needed to support baseline and trade analyses, and the definition of design criteria.	Define ACSP Material Development Program  Define a material development and coupon test program to collect the materials data that is not already in existence.	Generate/Collect/Reduce ACSP Material Test Data	Perform a development and coupon test program to collect the materials data that is not already in existence.	Create ACSP Analysis Materials Database Create the information structure for an Analysis Materials Property Database,	and supporting software as necessary. Load the new and existing collected materials test data into the database.		Vendor Data Materials data supplied by the Vendor supplying the material(s).	Published Data Materials data available from published journals and reports.	Part Criteria Preliminary design and performance criteria.	Test Plan A plan developed to describe the testing process of the material that is being tested.	
Activities:	A2222121	A2222122	A2222123	A2222124	A2222125		A2222126		Inputs:	=	12	13	<b>4</b>	

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# A223:Perform ACSP Detail Design & Analysis

Activities:		Controls:	
A2231	Obtain Detail ACSP Material Processes & Allowables Data Obtain the detail ACSP Material Processes data that is unique to the composite materials. Obtain the Mechanical Allowables of representative sections of the ACSP.	ū	Approved ACSP Reqs.  These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the euvelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage. Design. Build and Sumper activities.
A2232	Evaluate Detail ACSP Analyses Evaluate all the detail ACSP analyses done to substantiate the weight, static, dynamic & thermal analysis; damage tolerance and producibility.	C	Composites Product Development Techniques The standard product development techniques for composites involve the standard design.
A2233	Create Detail ACSP Design Create the detail ACSP design based on inputs from the preliminary design phase and detail concurrent analyses.		<ul> <li>analysis, and online proceedings and specifications.</li> <li>Composites Design Techniques         The standard composites design techniques involve the modeling, drawing, tolerancing and note attachment techniques that facilitate design development.     </li> </ul>
A2234	Conduct Detail ACSP Analyses Conduct the detail ACSP structural analyses based on design loads from the weight, static, dynamic and thermal environments.		• Composites Analysis Techniques The standard composites analysis techniques involve the unique composite analysis algorithms for dealing with shapes and composite materials of the ACSP
Inputs:		Outputs:	
=	Selected ACSP Prelim. Des. The ACSP preliminary design selected from the various concepts that were traded, is now reached for the details design phase.	10	Detail ACSP Test Requirements These are the detail ACSP test requirements based on the preliminary detail and analysis of the ACSP.
	<ul> <li>Prelim. Matl. Prop. Data         The preliminary ACSP material property data as developed in the preliminary design phase.     </li> </ul>	03	Detail ACSP Design Data The detail ASCP design data consists of all the models, drawings and parts list that make un the ACSP
23	ACSP Raw Materials All of the raw materials as received from the material supplier. These are for the composite items of the ACSP.	03	Detail Design Requirement Changes The detail design requirements changes based on the analysis, produce and maintainability
13	ACSP Test Data All of the ACSP test data from the structural verification test of the ACSP and its components.		resuits.
14	ACSP Producibility & Log, Data The ACSP producibility and logistics data is derived from the various maintainability and in-field product support studies of the ACSP.		

### Mechanisms:

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Design & Analysis Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

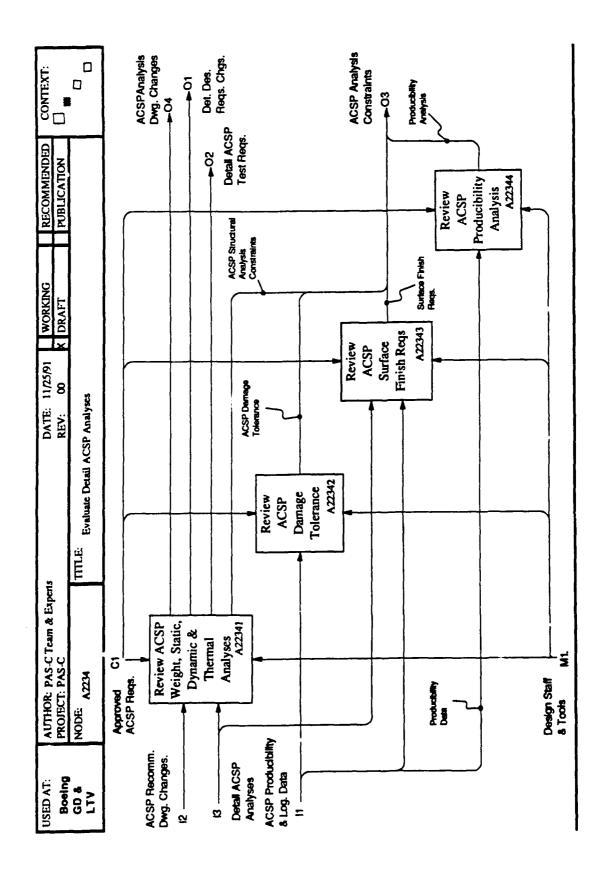
- · Design Staff & Tools
- These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design
- Analysis Staff & Tools
- These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis

### Process Interactions:

ACSP M&P Data

This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the ACSP.

- Detail ACSP Design Data
- The detail ACSP design data consists of all the models, drawings and parts list that make up the ACSP.
- Detail ACSP Analyses
- All the detail structural analyses of the ACSP for the weight, static, dynamic and thermal conditions.
- ACSP Analysis Constraints
- The detail analysis done on the ACSP has developed strength limits for the ACSP.
- ACSP Analysis Dwg. Changes
- The changes that are recommended due to the analysis is reflected as redline marks to the design drawings.
- ACSP Recomm. Dwg. Changes
- As a result of the detail analysis of the ACSP drawing changes are recommended in order to meet the design load conditions.
- ACSP Material Allowables
- The ACSP material allowables are the structural strength characteristics of representative material and shape combination of composite items within an ACSP.



# A2234: Evaluate Detail ACSP Analyses

	Approved ACSP Reqs.  These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.		Detail Design Requirement Changes The detail design requirements changes based on the analysis, produce and maintainability results.	Detail ACSP Test Requirements These are the detail ACSP test requirements based on the preliminary detail and analysis of the ACSP.	ACSP Analysis Dwg. Changes The changes that are recommended due to the analysis is reflected as redline marks to the design drawings.	ACSP Analysis Constraints The detail analysis done on the ACSP has developed strength limits for the ACSP.	• Surface Finish Reqs.  The specific surface finish smoothness of the ACSP as required to meet aerodynamic, fit-up or strength requirements.	<ul> <li>ACSP Damage Tolerance         The ACSP damage tolerance takes the form of minimum thickness potting or weight of the ACSP that will survive manufacturing handling in-field maintenance and use.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ACSP Structural Analysis Constraints         The structural analysis done on the ACSP has developed strength limits for the ACSP.     </li> </ul>
Controls:	CI	Outputs:	0	00	8	03			
	Review ACSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Review all the detail structural analyses for the ACSP due to weight, static, dynamic and thermal load environments.	Review ACSP Damage Tolerance Review the ACSP damage tolerance environments as dictated by manufacturing handling and in-field maintenance and use.	Review ACSP Surface Finish Reqs. Review the ACSP surface finish requirements as dictated by aerodynamic, fitup and strength constraints.	Review ACSP Producibility Analysis Review the various ACSP producibility studies done by manufacturing on the sequence and tools necessary for the ACSP.	ACSP Producibility & Log. Data	The ACSP produce and logistics data is derived from the various manufacturing, maintainability and in-field product support studies of the ACSP.	<ul> <li>Producibility Data         The ACSP producibility data shows the manufacturing sequences necessary to produce the ACSP with the available tools and processes.     </li> </ul>	ACSP Recomm. Dwg. Changes As a result of the detail analysis of the ACSP, drawing changes are recommended in order to meet the design load conditions.	Detail ACSP Analyses All the detail structural analyses of the ACSP for the weight, static, dynamic and thermal conditions.
Activíties:	A22341	.422342	A22343	A22344	Inputs:			12	13

Producibility Analysis

The ACSP producibility analysis is that manufacturing sequence of tools and processes that have been reviewed to be feasible to make the ACSP.

### Mechanisms:

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Design & Analysis Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

- Design Staff & Tools
  These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design tasks.
- Analysis Staff & Tools
  These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.

### Process Interactions:

(None)

CREATE DETAIL ACSP DESIGN

#### **DESIGN INDENTURED LIST**

#### A2232 Create Detail ACSP Design

A22321 Collect Baseline ACSP Design Data

A22322 Build ACSP model/drawing tree

#### A22323 Prepare ACSP models & drawings

A223231 Select ACSP model/drafting system

#### A223232 Create ACSP geometry Layouts & Models

#### A2232321 Receive and Review ACSP Geometry Data

A22323211 Receive and Review ACSP Paper Geometry Data

A22323212 Receive and Verify ACSP CAD Translated Data

A22323213 Receive and Review ACSP Native CAD Data

#### A2232322 Build ACSP Layouts and Models

A22323221 Select ACSP Construction Plans

A22323222 Create ACSP 2-D Envelope

A22323223 Create ACSP 3-D Wireframe

A22323224 Create ACSP Surface

A22323225 Create ACSP Solid

A2232323 Prepare ACSP Data for Transfer

#### **A223233 Create ACSP Drawing Data**

A2232331 Create ACSP tooling interface drawings

#### A2232332 Prepare Detail ACSP Composite Item Drawings

A22323321 Select ACSP views

#### A22323322 Prepare ACSP detail views

A223233221 Resolve ACSP interfaces and joints

A223233222 Resolve ACSP size panel issues

A223233223 Create ACSP data

A22323323 Attach ACSP dimensions and tolerances

A22323324 Attach ACSP composites engineering

A22323325 Prepare & coordinate ACSP signature process

A2232333 Prepare & Integrate ACSP assembly drawings

A2232334 Prepare & release ACSP AMRs

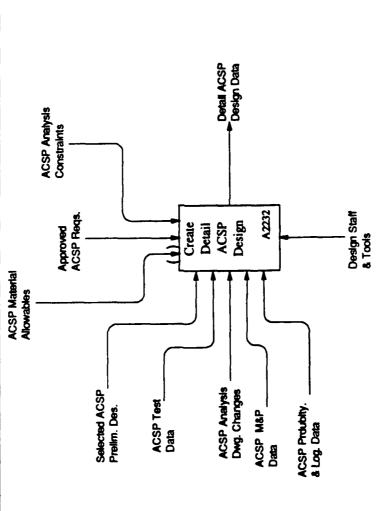
A2232335 Prepare ACSP installation drawings

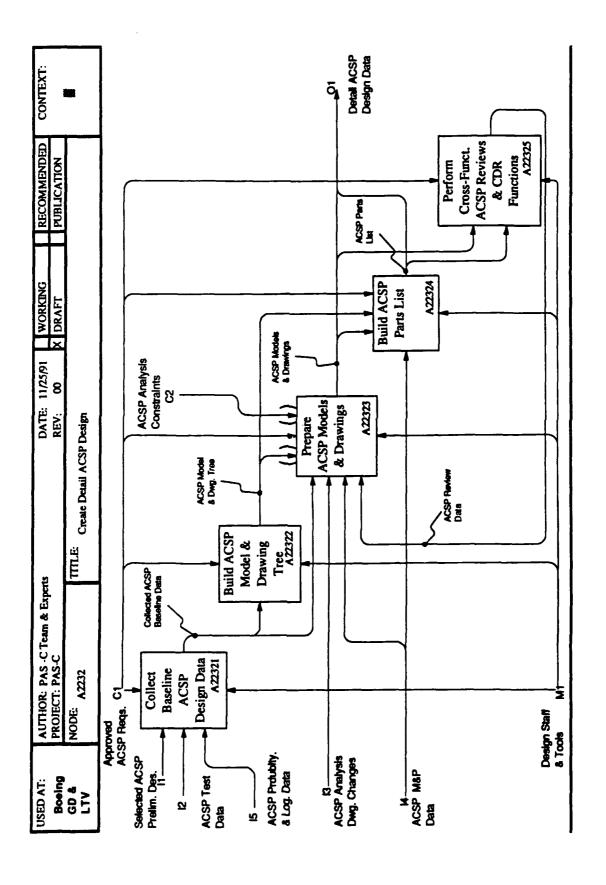
A223234 Update ACSP drawing & model data

A22324 Build ACSP parts list

A22325 Perform ACSP CDR functions

USED AT:	AUTHOR: PAS C Team & Expert	2	DATE	DATE: 11/25/91	WORKING	RECOMMENDED	CONTEXT
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# A2232: Create Detail ACSP Design

The ACSP producibility and logistics data is derived from the various manufacturing, maintainability and in-field product support studies of the ACSP.	ntrols:		rest at the specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.	ACSP Analysis Constraints The detail analysis done on the ACSP has developed strength limits for the ACSP.	:2	Detail ACSP Design Data The detail ASCP design data consists of all the models, drawings and parts list that make up the ACSP.	ACSP Models & Drawings	The ACSP models and drawings are all the geometric and associated engineering notes for the ACSP.	ACSP Parts List     ACSP and list compiler of all the malerial and		nisms:	Design & Analysis Staff & Tools These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and	analysis tasks.  Design Staff & Tools These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design	ASKS.
	Controls:	C		23	Outputs:	. 10					Mechanisms:	M		
	Collect Baseline ACSP Design Data	The collections of baseline ACSP design data includes the selected preliminary design, test data, producibility and maintainability studies.	Build ASCP Model & Drawing Tree A model/drawing tree is developed for the ACSP, which specifies the combinations of composite items used to create the ACSP.	Prepare ACSP Model & Drawings  Prepare the ACSP models and drawings using the reviewed design inputs and creating the necessary outputs for other functional use.	Build ACSP Parts List Build an ACSP parts list of the components that make up the ACSP.	Perform Cross-Funct. ACSP Reviews & CDR Functions Perform the necessary cross-functional and customer design reviews to support the critical design review phase.		Selected ACSP Prelim. Des. The ACSP preliminary design selected from the various concepts that were	traded, is now reached for the details design phase.	ACSP Test Data  All of the ACSP test data from the structural verification test of the ACSP and its components.	A COST A I I I I I I I -	ACSP ARRIVES DWG. CIRCURES  The changes that are recommended due to the analysis is reflected as red line marks to the design drawings.	ACSP M&P Data This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the ACSP.	ACSP Produce & Log. Data
Activities:	A22321		A22322	A22323	A22324	A22325	Inputs:	=		12	:	<u> </u>	4	15

Analysis Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.

### Process Interactions:

Collect ACSP Baseline Data
The collected ACSP baseline data consists of the required input geometry. system and drawing data.

ACSP Model & Dwg. Tree

The ACSP model and drawing tree consist of a hierarchical relationship of the drawings and models of the ACSP.

ACSP Models & Drawings
The ACSP models and drawings are all the geometric and associated engineering notes for the ACSP.

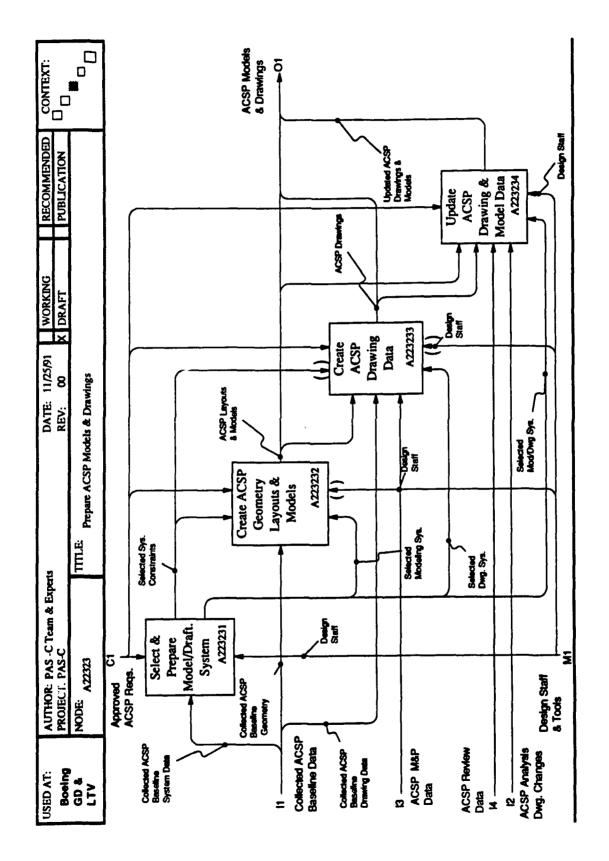
ACSP Review Data

ACSP review data is that which has been done in the company and customer reviews of the design of the ACSP.

ACSP Parts List

ACSP parts list consist of all the material and subcomponents that make up the ACSP list.

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# A22323: Prepare ACSP Models and Drawings

#### Activities:

# A223231 Select & Prepare Model/Draft System

Select and prepare the modeling/drafting geometry system to be used for the detail design phase of the ACSP.

# A223232 Create ASCP Geometry Layouts & Models

Create all of the necessary ACSP geometry layouts and models from the various inputs and prepare the data for transfer to other functions.

# A223233 Create ACSP Drawing Data

Create all the ACSP drawing data from the geometry and engineering specifications inputs using the selected systems.

# A223234 Update ACSP Drawing & Model Data

Update the ACSP drawings and models based on the changes to the ACSP.

#### Inputs:

# 11 Collected ACSP Baseline Data

The collected ACSP baseline data consists of the required input geometry, system, and drawing data.

## Collected ACSP Baseline Geometry

This collected ACSP baseline geometry consists of all the selected ACSP preliminary design geometry and other associated producibility and maintainability studies geometry.

## Collected ACSP Baseline System Data

This collected baseline system data for ACSP development are the standard features of the available CAD systems hardware and software configurations.

# Collected ACSP Baseline Drawing Data

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

# 12 ACSP Analysis Dwg. Changes

The changes that are recommended due to the analysis is reflected as red line marks to the design drawings.

### ACSP M&P Data

13

This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the ACSP.

### ACSP Review Data

4

ACSP review data is that which has been done in the company and customer reviews of the design of the ACSP.

#### Controls:

## C1 Approved ACSP Reqs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

#### Outputs:

# O1 ACSP Models & Drawings

ASCP models and drawings are all the geometry and associated notes for the ACSP.

### ACSP Layouts & Models

The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

## Updated ACSP Models & Drawings

The updated ACSP drawings and models are those that have incorporated the most recent design changes.

### ACSP Drawings

ACSP drawings are all the necessary component and assembly drawings. They include tooling interface, component, assembly and installation drawings.

### Mechanisms:

# M1 Design & Analysis Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

### Design Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design tasks.

Analysis Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.

### Process Interactions:

ACSP Layouts & Models

The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

Selected Sys. Constraints

The selected system constraints are the inherent drafting or modeling technique constraints of the design toolset.

Selected Modeling Sys.

This is the selected modeling system needed to support the detail design development.

ACSP Drawings
ACSP drawings are all the necessary component and assembly drawings. They include tooling interface, component, assembly and installation drawings.

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# A223232: Create ACSP Geometry Layouts & Models

# Activities:

A2232321 Receive & Review ACSP Geometry Data
Receive and review all the different forms (paper, translated, native) of ACSP

geometry data that will be necessary to develop the ACSP geometry.

A2232322 Build ASCP Layouts & Models
Build the ACSP layouts and models using the various geometry inputs.

A2232323 Prepare ACSP Data for Transfer

Prepare the ACSP data transfer to other functions in either paper, translated or native form to other functions.

### Inputs:

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Collected ACSP Baseline Data

The collected ACSP baseline data consists of the required input geometry, system, and drawing data.

Collected ACSP Baseline Geometry

This collected ACSP baseline geometry consists of all the selected ACSP preliminary design geometry and other associated producibility and maintainability studies geometry.

Collected ACSP Baseline System Data
This collected baseline system data for ACSP development are the standard features of the available CAD systems hardware and software configurations.

Collected ACSP Baseline Drawing Data
This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from
the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and
maintainability studies.

#### Controls:

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Selected Sys. Constraints

The selected system constraints are the inherent drafting or modeling technique constraints of the design toolset.

### Approved ACSP Regs.

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These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

### **Outputs:**

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ACSP Layouts & Models

The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

### Mechanisms:

# M1 Selected Modeling Sys.

This is the selected modeling system areded to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

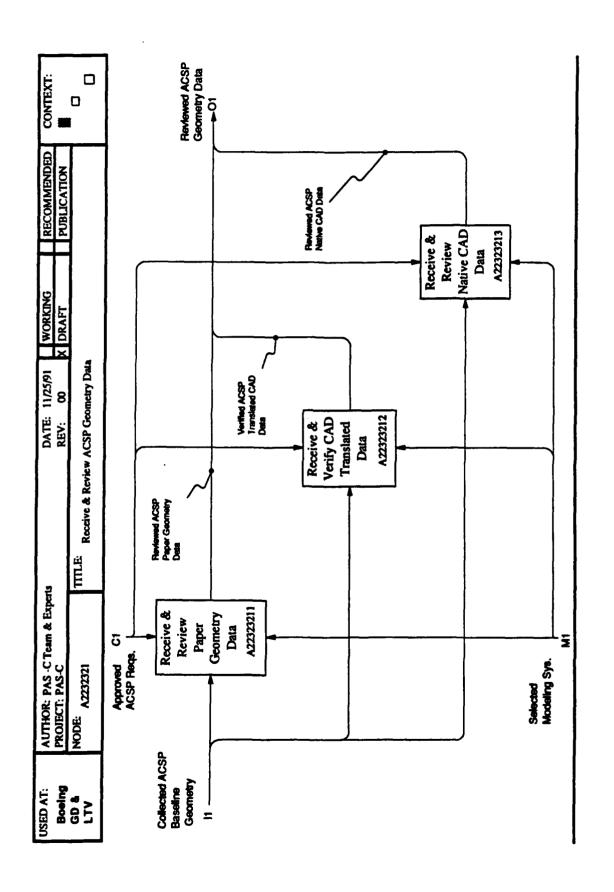
Reviewed ACSP Geometry Data

The reviewed ACSP geometry data is the geometry that was received from other sources and is deemed necessary for the ACSP geometry development.

ACSP Layouts & Models

The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

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# A2232321: Receive & Review ACSP Geometry Data

#### **Activities:**

A22323211 Receive & Review Paper Geometry Data
Receive and review all the paper geometry data necessary to develop ACSP
geometry.

A22323212 Receive & Verify CAD Translated Data
Receive & verify the translated CAD data as delivered from other CAD systems.

A22323213 Receive & Review Native CAD Data
Receive and review the native CAD data as received from similar CAD systems.

### Inputs:

Collected ACSP Baseline Geometry

The collected ACSP baseline data consists of all the selected ACSP preliminary
design geometry and other associated producibility and maintainability studies
geometry.

#### Controls:

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Approved ACSP Reqs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

#### Outputs:

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Reviewed ACSP Geometry Data
Reviewed ACSP geometry data consists of paper, translated and native CAD data.

Reviewed ACSP Paper Geometry Data

The reviewed ACSP paper geometry data is the data necessary to develop the ACSP geometry.

Verified ACSP Translated CAD Data

The verified ACSP translated data is the geometry and text that was successfully translated and received in by the CAD toolset, and is now used to develop the ACSP geometry.

Reviewed ACSP Native CAD Data

The reviewed ACSP native CAD data is the geometry and test that was reviewed after received from a similar CAD system.

### Mechanisms:

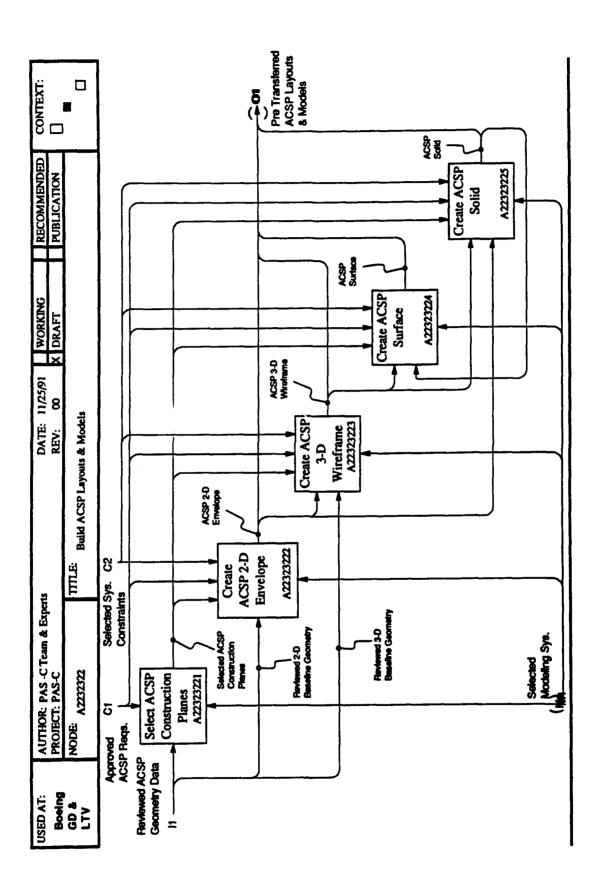
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Selected Modeling Sys.

This is the selected modeling system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

(None)



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# A2232322: Build ACSP Layouts & Models

#### Activities:

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# A22323221 Select ACSP Construction Planes

Select the ACSP construction planes that render the desired views of the ACSP for top, front, side or cross-section details.

# A22323222 Create ACSP 2-D Envelope

Create the ACSP 2-D envelope geometry using conventional 2-D drawing entities within the selected construction planes.

# A22323232 Create ACSP 3-D Wireframe

Create the ACSP 3-D wireframe geometry using conventional 3-D drawing entities.

## A2232324 Create ACSP Surface

Create the ACSP surface geometry using conventional surface modeling entities.

### A2232325 Create ACSP Solid

Create the ACSP solid geometry using conventional or specialized solid entities.

#### Inputs:

## Reviewed ACSP Geometry Data

The reviewed ACSP geometry data is the geometry that is deemed necessary to support the geometry development of the ACSP.

### Reviewed 2-D Baseline Geometry

The reviewed 2-D baseline geometry is the data that was received from other sources than deemed necessary to support the geometry development by the ACSP.

### Reviewed 3-D Baseline Geometry

The reviewed 3-D baseline geometry is the data that was received from other sources than deemed necessary to support the geometry development by the ACSP.

#### Controls:

## C1 Approved ACSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

## C2 Selected Sys. Constraints

The selected system constraints are the inherent drafting or modeling technique constraints of the design toolset.

### Outputs:

## ACSP Layouts & Models

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The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

### ACSP 2-D Envelope

The ACSP 2-D envelope consists of just the 2-axis view of the ACSP.

### ACSP 3-D Wireframe

The ACSP 3-D wireframe consists of a 3-D view of the ACSCP features using conventional 3-D modeling entities that show the edges.

### ACSP Surface

The ACSP surface consists of the graphical rendering of the boundary faces of the part.

#### ACSP Solid

The ACSP solid is the graphical and physical electronic representation of the ACSP.

### Mechanisms:

## M1 Selected Modeling Sys.

This is the selected modeling system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

# Selected ACSP Construction Planes

The selected construction planes are the associated curtesian axes of the top, front, side or cross-section views desired of the ACSP.

### ACSP 2-D Envelope

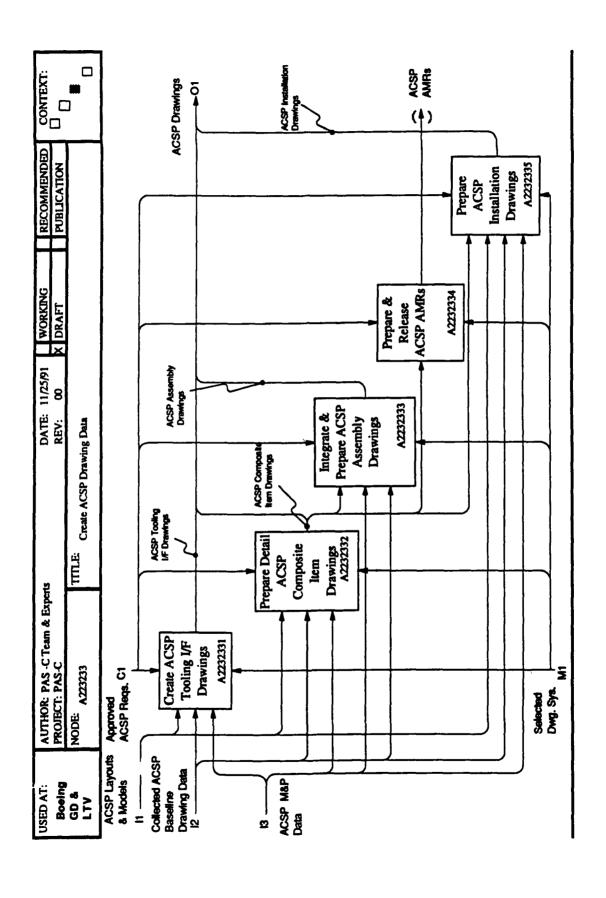
The ACSP 2-D envelope consists of just the 2-axis view of the ACSP.

### ACSP 3-D Wireframe

The ACSP 3-D wireframe consists of a 3-D view of the ACSP features using conventional 3-D modeling entities that show the edges.

### ACSP Solid

The ACSP solid is the graphical and physical electronic representation of the ACSP.



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# A223233: Create ACSP Drawing Data

	Approved ACSP Reqs.  These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and				<ul> <li>ACSP Composite Item Drawings         The ACSP composite item drawings are all the design details of the subcomponents and assembly of the ACSP.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ACSP Installation Drawings</li> <li>The ACSP installation drawings show how the ACSP is installed in other assemblies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ACSP Assembly Drawings         ACSP Assembly drawings show how the composite component items are positioned in an assembly.     </li> </ul>	ACSP AMRs  The ACSP AMRs are the Advanced Material Requests by engineering of ACSP components that will be on dock for the build cycle.	
Controls:	ū	Outputs:	10					07	
	Create ACSP Tooling I/F Drawings This is the creation of all the ACSP Inner Mold Line (IML) and/or Outer Mold Line (OML) tool interfaces to the ACSP. These drawings are also referred to as envelope drawings.	Prepare Detail ACSP Composite Item Drawings This activity is the preparation of the detail composite item's drawings that make-up the ACSP.	Integrate & Prepare ACSP Assembly Drawings integrate and prepare all of the composite items that make up the ACSP into an integrated assembly drawing.	Prepare & Release ACSP AMRS All of the Advanced Material Requests (AMR)s needed by the engineering function are prepared and released so the material necessary for the build cycle will be on dock.	Prepare ACSP Installation Drawings All of the other subassemblies or assemblies that the ACSP is used on are shown on specific installation drawings.		ACSP Layouts & Models The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.	Collected ACSP Baseline Drawing Data This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.	ACSP M&P Data  This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the ACSP.
Activities:	A2232331	A2232332	A2232333	A2232334	A2232335	Inputs:	=	22	13

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## Mechanisms:

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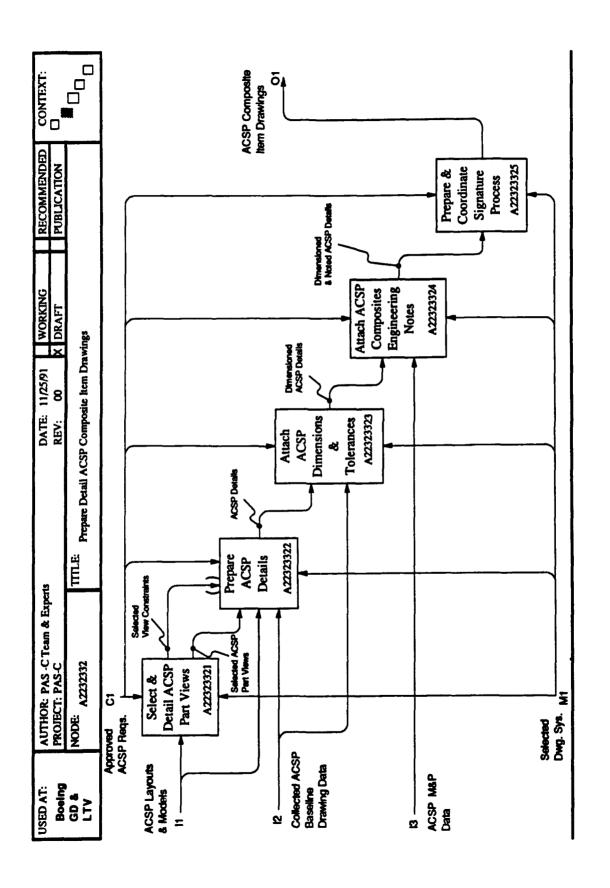
Selected Modeling Sys.

This is the selected modeling system needed to support the detail design development.

## Process Interactions:

ACSP Composite Item Drawings

The ACSP composite item drawings are all the design details of the subcomponents and assembly of the ACSP.



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# A2232332: Prepare ACSP Detail Composite Item Drawings

## Activities:

A22323321 Select & Detail ACSP Part Views

Select and detail the necessary ACSP part views based on the typical top, front, side and cross-sections needed to show the desired features.

A22323322 Prepare Detail ACSP Composite Item Drawings

Prepare the ACSP details to resolve the interfaces, joints, panel size and the development of the detail composite drawings.

A22323323 Attach ACSP Dimensions & Tolerances

Attach all the necessary dimensions and tolerances to the geometry of the

A22323324 Attach ACSP Composites Engineering Notes

Attach all the ACSP composites engineering notes on the drawing. They specify process specifications, change notes, material callouts, etc.

A22323335 Prepare & Coordinate Signature Process

All of the responsible reviews of the drawings, as noted on the signature block, are coordinated for their specific functional reviews and signature.

Inputs:

11 ACSP Layouts & Models

The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

12 Collected ACSP Baseline Drawing Data

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

13 ACSP M&P Data

This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the ACSP.

Controls:

C1 Approved ACSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance

constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

Outputs:

O1 ACSP Composite Item Drawings

These are detailed drawings that depict all the geometric and associated engineering notes for the composite items that make up an ACSP.

Mechanisms:

M1 Selected Drwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

Process Interactions:

Selected ACSP Part Views

The selected ACSP part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.

Selected View Constraints

The selected view constraints are the construction planes of the top, front, side or cross-sections that are location dependent.

ACSP Details

ACSP details consists of all the design data required of the ACSP as a result of mating interfaces and joints, and internal design, and manufacturing considerations. This all takes the form of drawings and parts lists that are distributed to other user functions.

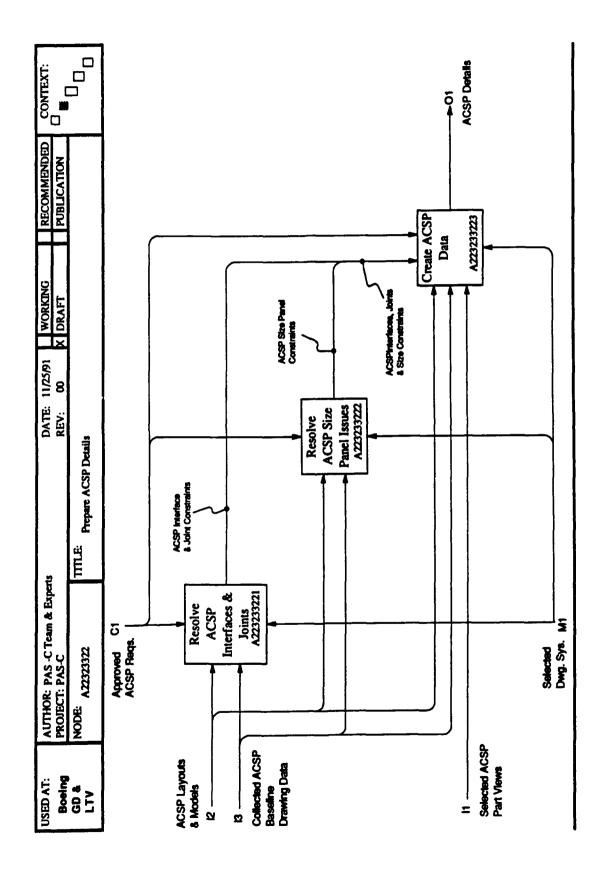
Dimensioned ACSP Details

These are the dimensioned and toleranced ACSP details as they would appear on the drawing.

Dimensioned & Noted ACSP Details

These are the dimensioned, toleranced and noted ACSP details as they would appear on a completed detail drawing.

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## A22323322: Prepare ACSP Details

## Activities:

A223233221 Resolve ACSP Interfaces & Joints

Resolve all the mating interfaces to the ACSP that involve mechanical or bonded joints. Look at space constraints, attachment issues and material compatibility.

A223233222 Resolve ACSP Panel Size Issues

Resolve all the size issues regarding the ACSP panel size due to tooling constraints and general design rules regarding the length and width features.

A223233223 Create ACSP Data

Create all the ACSP design data necessary for detail composite drawings and associated engineering notes.

A22323324 Attach ACSP Composites Engineering Notes

Attach all the ACSP composites engineering notes on the drawing. They specify process specifications, change notes, material callouts, etc.

A22323325 Prepare & Coordinate Signature Process

All of the responsible reviews of the drawings, as noted on the signature block, are coordinated for their specific functional reviews and signature.

Inputs:

Selected ACSP Part Views

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The selected ACSP part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.

ACSP Layouts & Models

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The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional geometry required of the design.

Collected ACSP Baseline Drawing Data
This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

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Controls:

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Approved ACSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance

constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

Outputs:

ACSP Details

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ACSP details consists of all the design data required of the ACSP as a result of mating interfaces and joints, and internal design, and manufacturing considerations. This all takes the form of drawings and parts lists that are distributed to other user functions.

Mechanisms:

M1 Selected Drwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

Process Interactions:

ACSP Interface & Joint Constraints

The ACSP interface and joint constraints are from the mating part's envelope and joint configuration.

ACSP Panel Size Constraints

The ACSP panel size constraints are the tooling and design constraints that dictate the length and width features of the ACSP.

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## CONDUCT DETAIL ACSP ANALYSIS

## **Analysis Indentured List**

## A2233 Conduct Detail ACSP Analysis A22331 Conduct ACSP Static Loads Analysis A22332 Conduct ACSP Thermal Analysis A22333 Conduct ACSP Dynamic Analysis A22334 Conduct ACSP Mass Properties Analysis **A22335 Conduct ACSP Static Stress Analysis** A223351 Create ACSP Static Stress Analysis Decision Record A223352 Conduct ACSP Finite Element Analysis (FEA) **A2233521 Generate ACSP Finite Element Models A22335211 Generate ACSP Node Geometry** A223352111 Hand Generate ACSP Node Geometry A223352112 Input ACSP Node Geometry from PDES/STEP Exchange File A223352113 Create ACSP Node Geometry from Existing Geometry A22335212 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Connectivities A22335213 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Attributes A223352131 Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes A223352132 Generate ACSP Material Angles or Coordinate Systems A223352133 Generate/Import ACSP Material Properties A2233521331 Import ACSP Material Properties from PDES/STEP Exchange File A2233521332 Import ACSP Material Properties from Analysis Materials Database A2233521333 Generate ACSP Material Properties from Ply Properties, Stacking Sequence and Orientations A2233521334 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A223352134 Assign ACSP Material, Geometric, Material Coordinate System/Angle Attributes to Elements A22335214 Generate ACSP Graphical Finite Element Models Documentation A2233522 Generate ACSP Finite Element Analysis Environment and Controls A22335221 Set/Assign ACSP Boundary Constraints/Releases A22335222 Generate/Assign ACSP Load Sets and Combinations A22335223 Assign ACSP Factors of Safety, Durability/Damage Tolerance & Allowables A22335224 Generate/Assign ACSP Analysis Output Control Requests A223352241 Request ACSP Deflection Data Output A223352242 Request ACSP Stress Data Output A223352243 Request ACSP Strain Data Output A223352244 Request ACSP Interlaminar Shear Data Output A223352245 Request ACSP Reaction and Internal Load Data Output A223352246 Request ACSP Generation/Output of Matrices A22335225 Generate ACSP Analysis Procedure Controls A2233523 Perform ACSP Mechanical/Thermo-Mechanical FEA A22335231 Perform ACSP Linear Analysis

A22335232 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Stability Analysis A22335233 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Material Analysis A22335234 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Geometry Analysis A22335235 Perform ACSP Combined Geometric and Material Nonlinear Analysis

## A2233524 Create/Document ACSP Internal Loads/Stress Database

A22335241 Translate ACSP Data from FEA Solver

A22335242 Translate ACSP Data from PDES/STEP Exchange File

A22335243 Generate ACSP Textual Analysis Output Database Documentation

A22335244 Generate ACSP Graphical Analysis Output Database Documentation

## A223353 Conduct ACSP Detail Stress Analysis

A2233531 Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analysis

## A2233532 Conduct ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Analysis

A22335321 Generate ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Model from Coarse Grid Model

A22335322 Apply ACSP Loads/Boundary Conditions from Coarse Grid Model

A22335323 Perform ACSP Finite Element Analysis

A22335324 Calculate ACSP Margins of Safety Based upon Fine Grid Analysis Results

A22335325 Create ACSP Fine Grid Internal Loads/Stress Database Results

## A223354 Plan ACSP Tests/Analyze Test Results

A2233541 Produce ACSP Test Part Configuration Documents

A2233542 Produce ACSP Test Plan

A2233543 Perform ACSP Test Surveillance, Validation and Data Review

A2233544 Produce ACSP Test Results Documentation and Feed Back Information to Design

A223355 Analyze ACSP Manufacturing Discrepancies

A223356 Feed Back ACSP Laminate Description, Ply Stacking Sequence and Orientation to Design

## A22336 Conduct ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis

## A223361 Classify ACSP Parts into Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical and Others A2233611 Apply ACSP Damage Tolerance Critical/Size to Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical ACSP

A22336111 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Scratches

A22336112 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Delaminations

A22336113 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Impacts

A22336114 Apply/Size ACSP Based on 1/4" Holes/Crack criteria

A2233612 Apply Durability and Environmental Threat Criteria to all other ACSPs

## A223362 Guide ACSP Material Selection and Setting of Material Criteria

A2233621 ACSP Guide based on Stacking Sequence Optimization

A2233622 ACSP Guide based on Edge Delamination Criteria

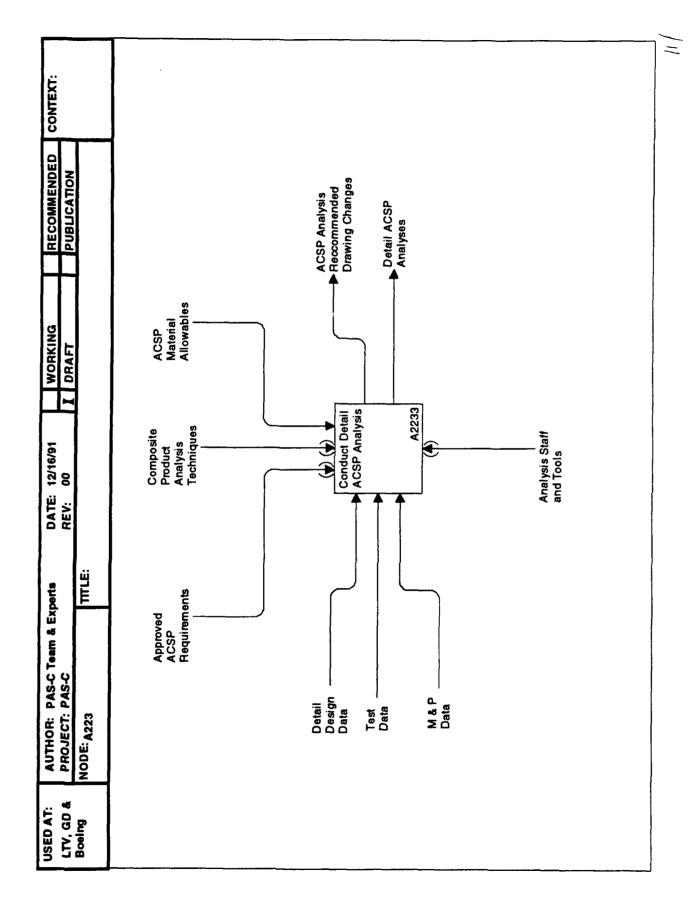
A2233623 ACSP Guide based on Sub-Laminate Buckling Criteria

A2233624 ACSP Guide based on Design Details

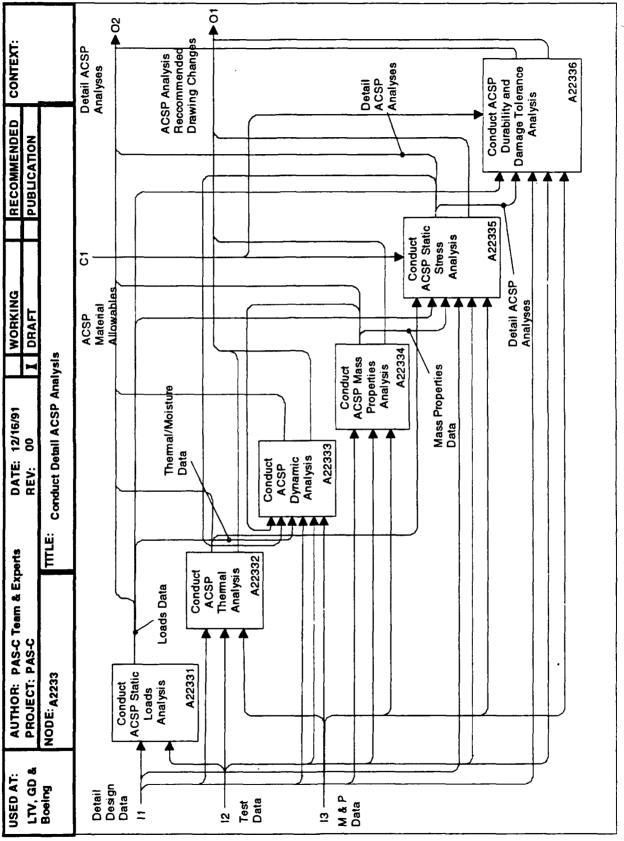
A2233625 ACSP Guide based on Experimental Results/Validated Analysis Methods

A223363 Set ACSP Non-Destructive Inspection Allowables

A223364 Create ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis Decision Record

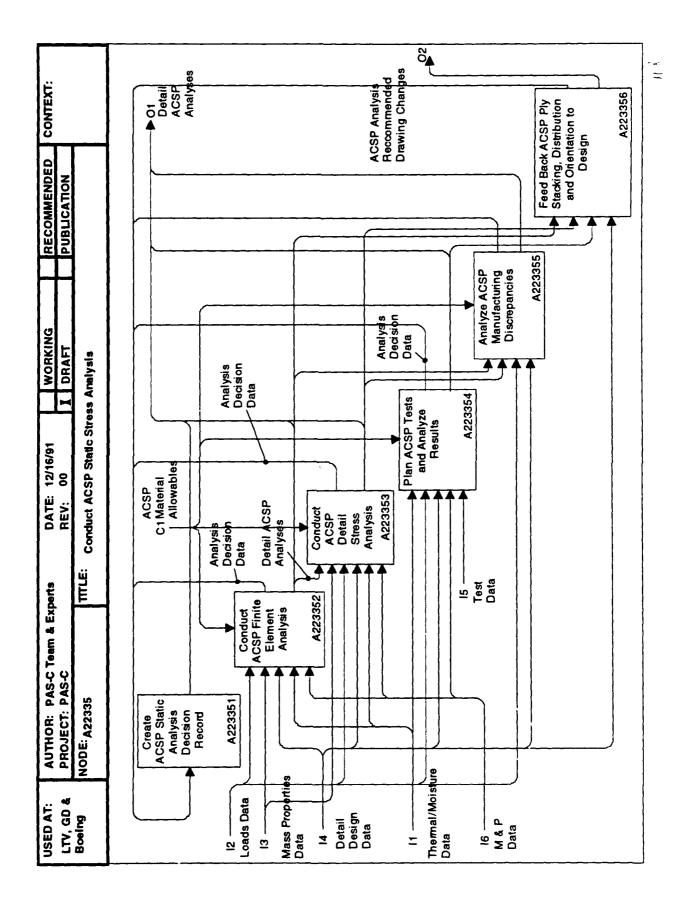


The analysis staff and the hand (e.g. handbooks) and computerized tools (e.g. finite element analysis programs, various detail analysis programs) that aid the performance of Analysis Staff and Tools composite structural analysis. Process Interactions: (None) Mechanisms: Ξ All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and The hand and computerized techniques used to perform composite structural The recommended changes to the ACSP design that evolved as a result of the The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and Conduct all of the necessary static, dynamic, thermal, and mass property analyses required for the ACSP. the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses. ACSP Analysis Recommended Drawing Changes The approved structural performance criteria for an ACSP. Composites Product Analysis Techniques Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP. Approved ACSP Requirements Conduct Detail ACSP Analysis and stacking sequences of the ACSP. ACSP Material Allowables damage tolerance requirements. Detail ACSP Analyses Detail Design Data Detail ACSP Analysis. material or its plies. M & P Data Test Data analyses. Activities: **Controls:** Outputs: Inputs: A2233 0  $C_2$  $\mathbb{S}$ ō C 2 13



## A-2233: Conduct Detail ACSP Analysis

trols:	ACSP Material Allowables The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.		ACSP Analysis.  Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the	documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.  Mechanisms:  (None)	Process Interactions:	<ul> <li>Detail ACSP Analyses         All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the         documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loads Data         The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.     </li> </ul>	Mass Properties Data     The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data	and tumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, unscritted at the nodes of the finite element model.  Thermal Moisture Data	The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.
Controls:	Ü	Outputs: O1	03	Mecha	Proces					
	Conduct ACSP Static Loads Analysis Conduct analyses to calculate the all types of loading, such as aerodynamic, inertial, etc. This activity is not detailed as there is no specialized composite application.	Conduct ACSP Thermal Analysis Conduct analyses to calculate thermal loads from such sources as aerodynamic heating and engine waste heat. This activity is not detailed as it is not applicable to the selected part family.	Conduct ACSP Dynamic Analysis Conduct analyses to evaluate the dynamic response of the structural part. This activity is not detailed as it is not applicable to the selected part family.	Conduct ACSP Mass Properties Analysis Conduct analyses to evaluate the total weight and mass distribution of the structural part. This activity is not detailed as there is no specialized composite application	Conduct ACSP Static Stress Analysis Stress analysis is a contractual requirement for ACSP structures to insure the integrity of the airframe during usage within operational limits.	Conduct ACSP Durability and Dumage Tolerance Analyses Conduct durability and damage tolerance analyses to classify parts into critical and otherwise, guide material and allowables selection, set non-destructive	inspection criteria.	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plics.
Activities:	A22331	A22332	A22333	A22334	A22335	A22336	Inputs:	=	12	13

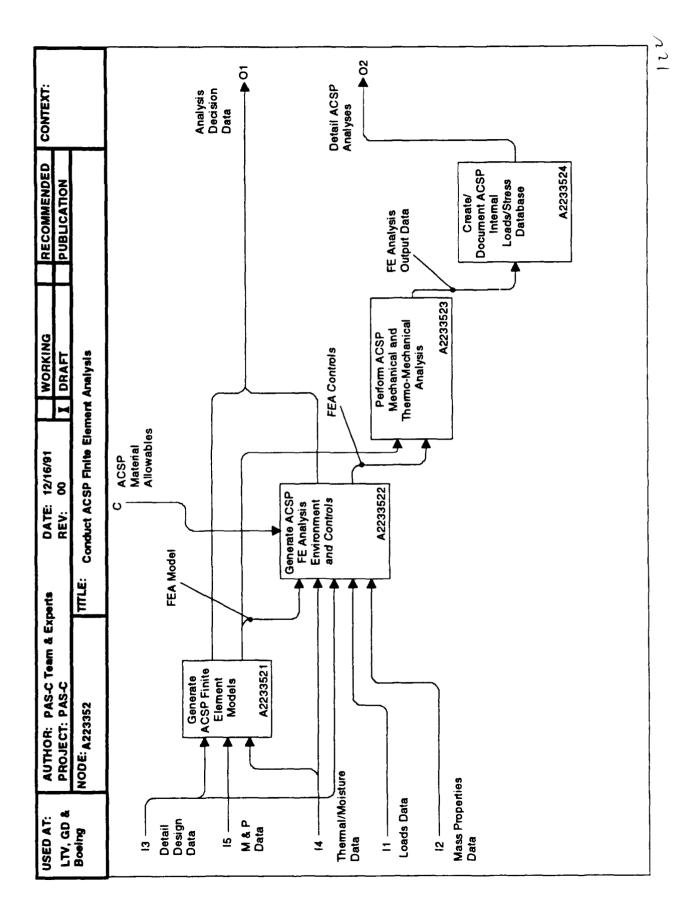


## A-22335: Conduct ACSP Static Stress Analysis

Mass Properties Data The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite	element model.  Detail Design Data	The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	LEST DATA  Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.	ACSP Material Allowables	The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.		Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	ACSP Analysis Recommended Drawing Changes The recommended changes to the ACSP decion that evolved as a result of the Detail	ACSP Analysis.	(None)
13	4	:	c	92	Controls:		Outputs:	ī	03	Mechanisms:	
Create ACCD Cratic Analysis Decision Pecord	Create a record of the decisions and idealizations made during the static stress analysis.	Conduct ACSP Finite Element Analysis (FEA) Conduct static stress analysis using Finite Element Analysis techniques on digital computers.	Conduct ACSP Detail Stress Analysis	Conduct part detail stress analysis of part details such as fasteners and cutouts using handbook and automated methods. The internal loads/stress database or hand generated loads are used to supply the input data for these analyses. These analyses are used to support drawing signout, and final documentation.	Plan ACSP Tests and Analyze Test Results Plan and analyze the output from element and sub-component structural test of the structural part to validate analyses.	Analyze ACSP Manufacturing Discrepancies Inspect, gather analysis input data, research and apply analyses, end recommend and document the disposition of discrepant parts.	Feed Back ACSP Laminate Description, Ply Stacking	Sequence and Orientation to Design  Feed back any changed laminate descriptions, ply stacking sequence and orientations to design.		Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	Loads Data  The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.
Activities:	1666774	A223352	A223353		A223354	A223355	A223356		Inputs:	=	12

## Process Interactions:

- Analysis Decision Data
  The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.
- Detail ACSP Analyses
  All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA
  analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those
  analyses.

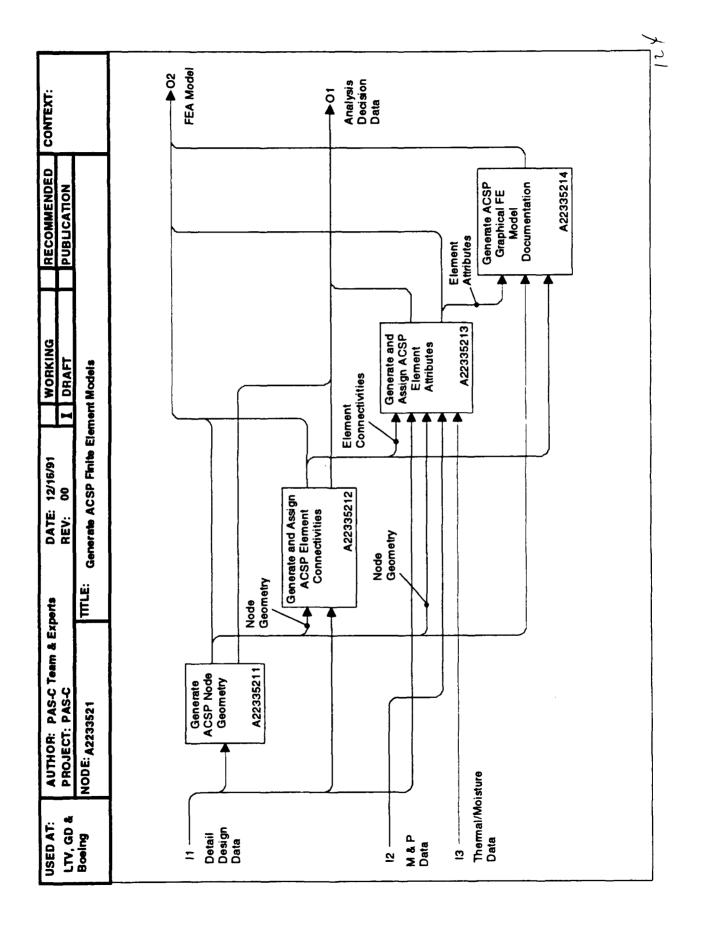


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# A-223352: Conduct ACSP Finite Element Analysis (FEA)

Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.	ACSP Material Allowables The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.	Analysis Decision Data  The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.	Detail ACSP Analyses  All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.  S:  (None)	eractions:	<ul> <li>FE Analysis Output Data</li> <li>The deflection, stress, strain, interlaminar shear, reaction and internal load, and various output matrices that result from a finite element analysis.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FEA Controls         The boundary constraints and releases, load sets and combinations, allowables, output requests and analysis procedure controls that are combined with a finite element model to provide input to a finite element analysis.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FEA Model</li> <li>The nodes, elements, element properties, material properties and associated administrative data that are combined with the FEA controls to form input to a finite element analysis.</li> </ul>
7	15 Controls:	C1 Outputs:	10	O2 Mechanisms:	Process Interactions:			
	Generate ACSP Finite Element Models Generate a discrete geometric approximation of the structural part. Generate and assign elemental connectivity, geometric and material attributes. Set boundary conditions and generate and assign the loading environment. Generate the directives necessary to control the analyses and resulting output.	Generate ACSP Finite Element Analysis Environment and Controls Generate, set, and assign Analysis environment data such as boundary constraints, loads, factors of safety, and set up the control of analysis output and the analysis procedure itself.	Perform ACSP Mechanical/Thermo-mechanical Finite Element Analysis Perform linear or nonlinear mechanical/thermo-mechanical analyses of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model for analysis	by the appropriate finite element analysis application.  Create/Document ACSP Internal Loads/Stress Database  Create and document an internal loads and stress database by inputting data from an existing solution or a PDES/STEP Exchange File, and then documenting it with textual and graphical post-processing applications.		Loads Data The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.	Mass Properties Data  The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.
Activities:	A2233521	A2233522	A2233523	A2233524	Inputs:	=	21	<u>5</u>



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## A-2233521: Generate ACSP Finite Element Models

Activities:		Outputs:	
A22335211	Generate ACSP Node Geometry  Discretize the surface or volume of the structural part by creating point geometry identical or related to the structural part geometry. Placement of the	VF s	Analysis Decision Data The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.
	nodes on or within the structural part is governed by the fineness of the mesh needed to adequately discretize the deflection and strain fields of the structural part under the applied loading environment.	O2 H	FEA Model  The nodes, elements, element properties, material properties and associated administrative data that are combined with the FEA controls to form input to a finite element analysis.
A22335212	A22335212 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Connectivities Connect element to corner, mid-edge, mid-face and mid-volume nodes to approximate the continuum of the structural part.	Mechanisms:	
A22335213	Generate and Assign ACSP Element Attributes Generate and assign element geometrical, material and ply related attributes.	(None) Process Interactions:	(None) ractions:
A22335214	Generate ACSP Graphical Finite Element Model Documentation Generate the graphical documentation of the nodes and elements, and their associated attributes.	•	Element Attributes  The geometric and material attributes necessary to describe the various finite element continuum idealizations. For example the curve elements require cross section, offset, and material data; the surface elements thickness, offset and material data;
Inputs:			and the volume elements only material data for their respective attributes.
=	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	•	Element Connectivities  The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself.
12	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.	•	Node Geometry  The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.
13	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.		
Controls:			
	(None)		

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## A-22335211: Generate ACSP Node Geometry

## Activities:

A223352111 Hand Generate ACSP Node Geometry

Generate node geometry by measuring parts, scaling drawings, or freehand, and hand input the nodal coordinate data into a computer disk file.

A223352112 Input ACSP Geometry from PDES/STEP Exchange File

Import geometry from a PDES/STEP file into a Finite Element mesh creation and editing program. Nodal geometry is then created from the computer representation of the structural part. Computerized applications may be used to automate node generation.

A223352113 Create ACSP Node Geometry from Existing Geometry

Nodal geometry is created from the existing computer representation of the structural part. Computerized applications may be used to automate node generation.

## Inputs:

Detail Design Data

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The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.

PDES/STEP Exchange File

A Level 1 Physical File format that conforms to the PDES/STEP international standard.

## Controls:

(None)

## Outputs:

Ol Node Geometry

The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.

O2 Analysis Decision Data

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

## Mechanisms:

(None)
Process Interactions:

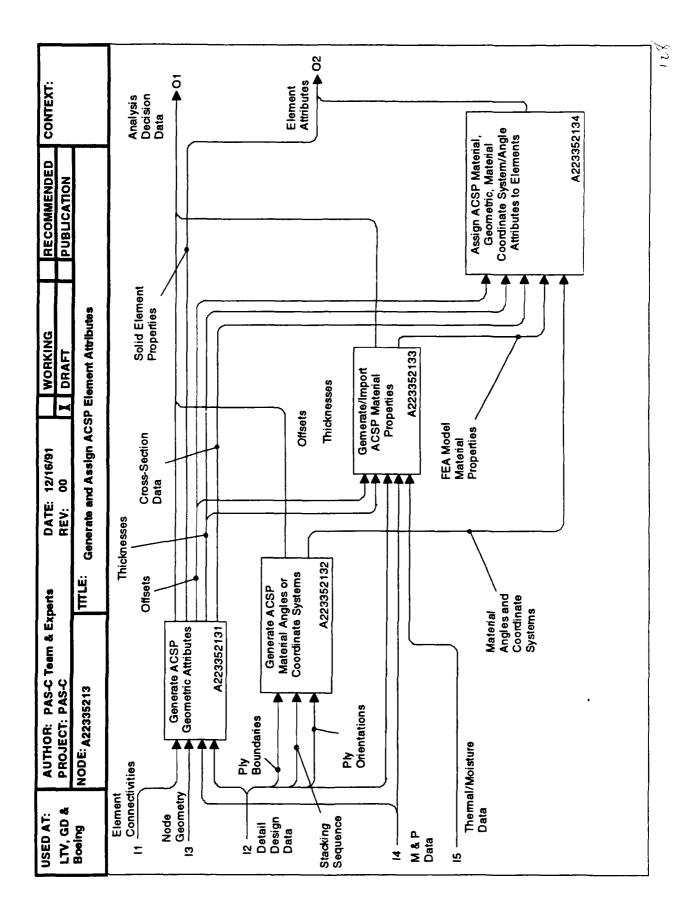
Design Geometry

Design Occurrenty

The three-dimensional point, curve, surface and volume information that describes the geometric representation of the ACSP.

Node Geometry

The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.



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# A-22335213: Generate and Assign ACSP Element Attributes

Node Geometry The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.	M & P Data	All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	(None)		Analysis Decision Data The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of	the ACSP.	Element Attributes  The geometric and material attributes necessary to describe the various finite element continuum idealizations. For example the curve elements require cross section, offset, and material data; the surface elements thickness, offset and material data; and the volume	elements only material data for their respective attributes.	(None)	leractions:	Cross-section Data	Data describing the extensional and beam bending behavior of a ICA.  • FEA Model Material Properties  The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties
13	41		15	Controls:	Outputs:	10		03	Mechanisms:		Process Interactions:		
Activities:	A223352131 Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements, and areas and cross-section dimensions for curve elements.	A223352132 Generate ACSP Material Orientation Angles or Coordinate	Systems: Generate material orientation angles by relating elements to coordinate systems, or by individual calculations. Alternatively a material direction may be assigned to a coordinate system reference.	A223352133 Generate/Import ACSP Material Properties Either generate, import or retrieve from a database of material properties.	A223352134 Assign ACSP Material, Geometric, Material Coordinate System/Angle Attributes to Elements	Assign the material, geometric, material coordinate system/angle attributes as appropriate to elements.	Inputs:	Element Connectivíties  The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself.	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, reientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	<ul> <li>Ply Boundary         The location of the outer contiguous boundary of a ply.     </li> </ul>	DI. Orientations	The orientations of the plies in an ACSP.	<ul> <li>Stacking Sequence         The orientations of the plies in an ACSP in order that the plies are laid down on the manufacturing tool.     </li> </ul>

FEA Model Material Properties

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties
that describe the response of a composite material.

Material Angles and Coordinate Systems

Either the angle that the material 11 direction makes with the element coordinate system, or a reference directly to a coordinate system that defines the material 11, 22 and 33 directions.

Offsets

Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is not on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.

Solid Element Properties

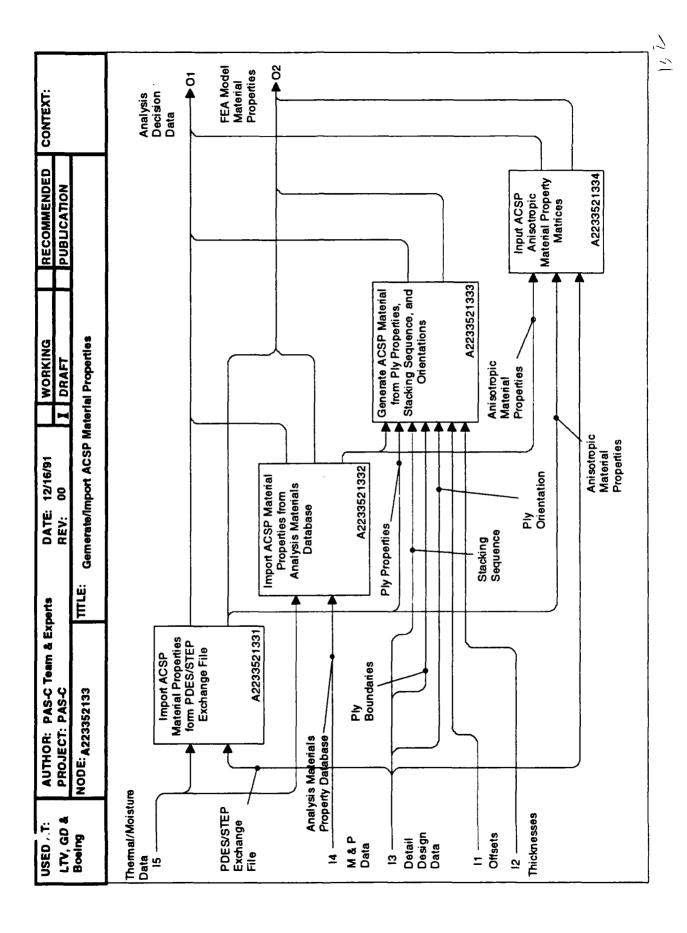
The properties necessary to describe the structural response of a volume element.

Thermal/Moisture Data

The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

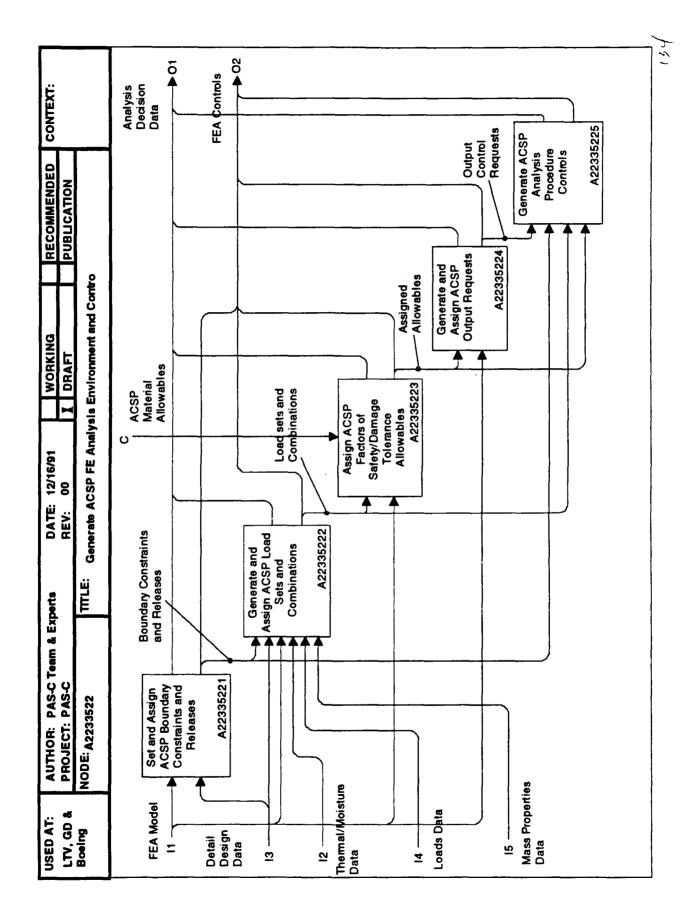
Thicknesses

The thickness of a surface element perpendicular to the surface of the element. A surface element idealizes a volume continuum as a surface with a thickness distribution.



# A-223352133: Generate/Import ACSP Material Properties

A-223352133: Generate/Import ACSP Material Properties	The orientations of the plies in an ACSP.	<ul> <li>Ply Properties         The material properties of the ply.    </li> </ul>	• Stacking Sequence The orientations of the plies in an ACSP in order that the plies are laid down on the	manufacturing tool.  I4 M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.	<ul> <li>Analysis Materials Property Database</li> <li>A database of all M &amp; P data required to perform composite structural analyses.</li> </ul>	15 Thermal/Moisture Data	The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	Controls:	(None) Outputs:	OI Analysis Decision Data The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.	O2 FEA Model Material Properties The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.	Mechanisms: (None)	Process Interactions:	<ul> <li>Anisotropic Material Properties         The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion matrices     </li> </ul>	that describe the response of a composite material.
A-223352133: Generate/Imp	Activities:	A2233521331 Import ACSP Material Properties from PDES/STEP	Import material properties from a PDES/STEP Exchange File, and retrieve the necessary data.	A2233521332 Import ACSP Material Properties from Analysis Materials Database Import material properties from an analysis materials database, and retrieve the necessary data.	A2233531333 Generate ACSP Material Properties from Ply Properties, Stacking Sequence and Orientations Generate material properties from ply properties, stacking sequence and	crientations	A2233521334 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data.	Inputs:	II Offsets Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is	not on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.	Thicknesses The thickness of a surface element perpendicular to the surface of the element. A surface element idealizes a volume continuum as a surface with a thickness distribution.	13 Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	• PDES/STEP Exchange File		<ul> <li>Ply Orientations</li> </ul>



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# A-2233522: Generate ACSP F E Analysis Environment and Controls

The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a	Innie element analysis.  Mass Properties Data  The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and	lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.	ACSP Material Allowables  The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance	requirements.	Analysis Decision Data  The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.	FEA Controls  The boundary constraints and releases, load sets and combinations, allowables, output requests and analysis procedure controls that are combined with a finite element model to provide input to a finite element analysis.		(None)				
	15	Controls:	บี	Outputs:	<del>1</del> 0	05	Mechanisms:					
	Set and Assign ACSP Boundary Constraints and Releases Set and assign boundary constraints and releases that approximate the support and/or symmetry boundary conditions for the analysis of the structural part.	Generate and assign ACSP Load Sets and Combinations. Generate and assign nodal and elemental loadings that approximate the forces, temperatures and/or displacements acting on the structural part, and request the combination of load sets to approximate complicated loading conditions from	simpler loading components.	Assign ACSP Factors of Safety, Durability/Daniage Forciance Allowables Assign acceptable factors of safety, durability and damage tolerance allowables for elements.		Generate ACSP Analysis Procedure Controls Generate the mecessary directives to control the analysis process in the	mended analysis code.		FEA Mode!  The nodes, elements, element properties, material properties and associated administrative data that are combined with the FEA controls to form input to a finite element analysis.	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	Detail Design Data  The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Loads Data
Activities:	A22335221	A22335222		A22335223	A22335224	A22335225		Inputs:	=	12	13	4

## Process Interactions:

Assigned Allowables

The factor of safety and durability/damage tolerance allowables that have been assigned to an element.

Boundary Constraints and Releases

The constraints and releases applied to the nodes of the finite element model to simulate the presence of connecting structure and/or mountings/attachments.

Load Sets and Combinations

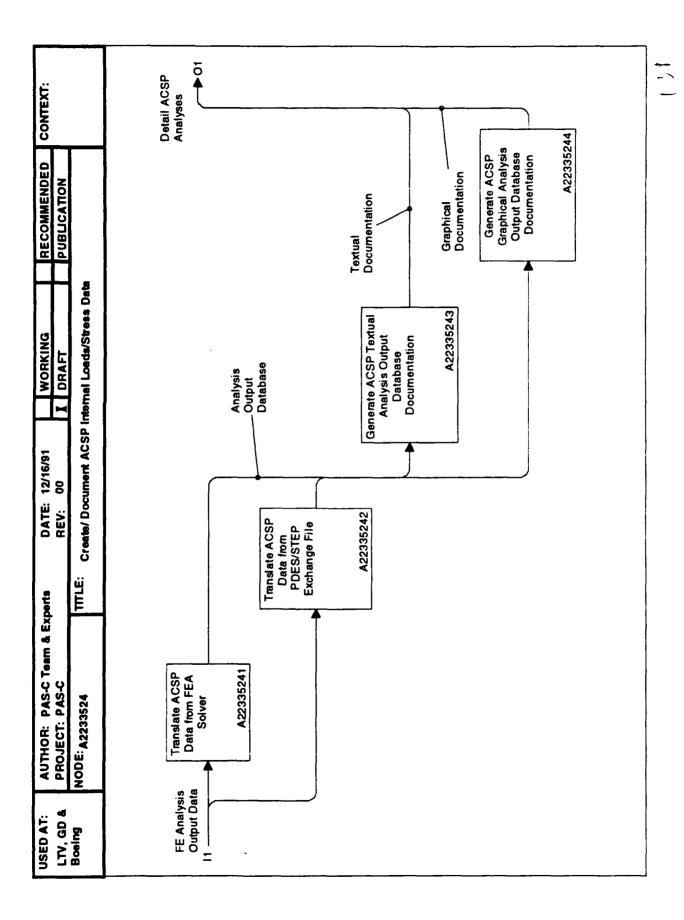
A load set or combination of load sets provides a complete set of loads data. There may be one or more load sets or combinations of load sets in a given finite element analysis.

Output Control Requests

Requests for the finite element analysis code to selectively output the various types of analysis output data.

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# A-2233524: Create/Document ACSP Internal Loads/Stress Data

Graphical documentation of the analysis output data from a finite element analysis.

Textual Documentation

Activities:

A22335241 Translate ACSP Data from FEA Solver

Translate analysis output data from an existing solution into an internal

loads/stress database application.

A22335242 Translate ACSP Data from PDES/STEP Exchange File

Translate analysis output data from a PDES/STEP Exchange File into an

internal loads/stress database application.

A22335243 Generate ACSP Textual Analysis Output Database

Documentation

Generate textual documentation of the internal loads/stress database such as min/max margin of safety distributions for skin elements, or a force freebody of a stiffener.

A database of FE Analysis Output Data.

Analysis Output Database

Process Interactions:

(None)

Mechanisms:

A22335244 Generate ACSP Graphical Analysis Output Database

Documentation

Generate graphical documentation of the internal loads/stress database such as color fringe plots of strain distributions over a skin.

**Inputs**:

FE Analysis Output Data

The deflection, stress, strain, interlaminar shear, reaction and internal load, and various output matrices that result from a finite element analysis.

Controls:

(None)

Outputs:

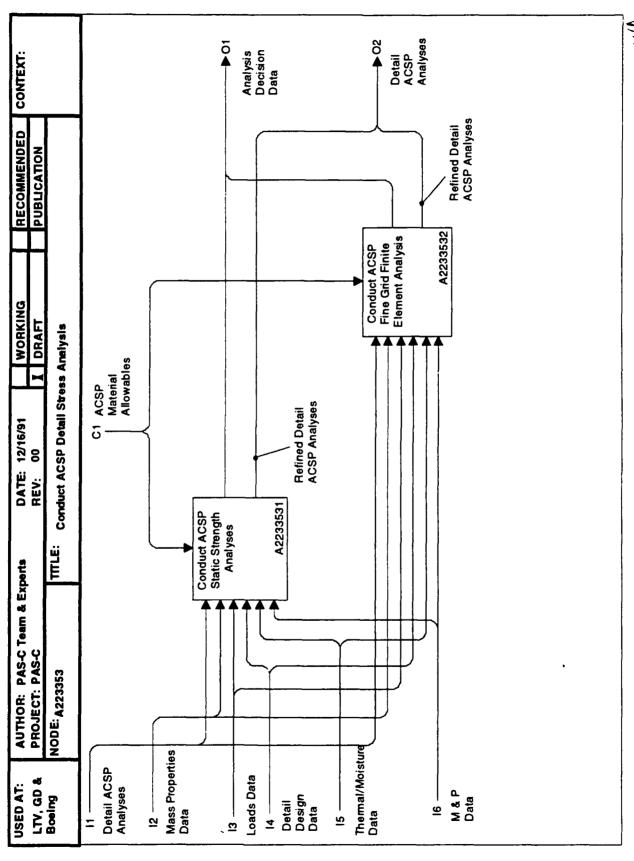
O1 Detail ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.

Graphical Documentation

Graphical documentation of the analysis output data from a finite element analysis.

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## A-223353: Conduct ACSP Detail Stress Analysis

Activities:	Conduct ACSP Static Strenoth Analyses		The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.
10000	Conduct Acid analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	Outputs:	
A2233532	Conduct ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Analysis Conduct fine grid finite element analyses of details of the structural part that were not appropriate to include in the overall structural part (coarse grid) finite	10	Analysis Decision Data  The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.
Inputs:	element analysis.	03	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.
	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	Mechanisms:	723
	Mass Properties Data The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass	(None) Process Interactions:	(None) sractions:
	data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.		(None)
	Loads Data  The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.		
	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.		
	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.		
	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		
Controls:			

ACSP Material Allowables

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# A-2233532: Conduct ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Analysis

The constraints and releases applied to the nodes of the finite element model to simulate the presence of connecting structure and/or mountings/attachments.	<ul> <li>Forces and Moments         The applied and resulting forces and moments at each of the nodes of the finite element model that are produced by the finite element analysis.     </li> <li>Displacements</li> </ul>	The displacements of the nodes of the finite element model that result from a finite element analysis.  Mass Properties Data	The mass data of the ACSF. Into data contains both overall structural mass data of the finite element model.  Loads Data	the applied forces, moments, displacements and releases to form input to a element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.  Detail Design Data	Thermal/Moisture Data  The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		ACSP Material Allowables The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established		
		23	13	4	15	91	Controls:	Ü	Outputs:	
	Generate ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Model from Coarse Grid Model Use the existing structural part finite element model to provide a geometric basis for generating a finer grid mesh to provide more deflection and strain resolution for a detailed finite element analysis.		displacements for the fine grid analysis.  Perform ACSP Finite Element Analysis  Perform finite element analyses as in A2233523.	Calculate ACSP Margins of Safety Based upon Fine Grid Analysis Results Use data from overall structural part and fine grid finite element analyses to assign margins of safety for structural details of the structural part.	Create/Document ACSP Fine Grid Internal Loads/Stress Database Results Create an internal loads and stress database by inputting data from the fine grid analysis.		Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	<ul> <li>Coarse Grid FEA Model</li> <li>The finite element model used for the overall ACSP static stress analysis.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coarse Grid Stiffness         The stiffness matrix (substructure or superelement) that represents the stiffness of the coarse grid model at attachment points to the fine grid model to supply proper flexible boundary conditions.     </li> </ul>	Boundary Constraints and Releases
Activities:	A22335321	A22335322	, A22335323	A22335324	A22335325	Inputs:	=			

Ol Analysis Decision Data

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

O2 Refined Detail ACSP Analyses

output data from fine grid finite element analyses, and the ution of the decisions taken during those analyses.

### Mechanisms:

(None)

### **Process Interactions:**

FE Analysis Output Data

The deflection, stress, strain, interlaminar shear, reaction and internal load, and various output matrices that result from a finite element analysis.

FEA Controls

The boundary constraints and releases, load sets and combinations, allowables, output requests and analysis procedure controls that are combined with a finite element model to provide input to a finite element analysis.

Fine Grid FEA Model

A finite element model that is based upon a coarse grid model that provides additional mesh refinement in a particular area of interest. The finer mesh provides greater analysis accuracy (in the fine grid area) than is otherwise feasible with a large scale coarse grid finite element model.

Graphical Documentation

Graphical documentation of the analysis output data from a finite el nent analysis.

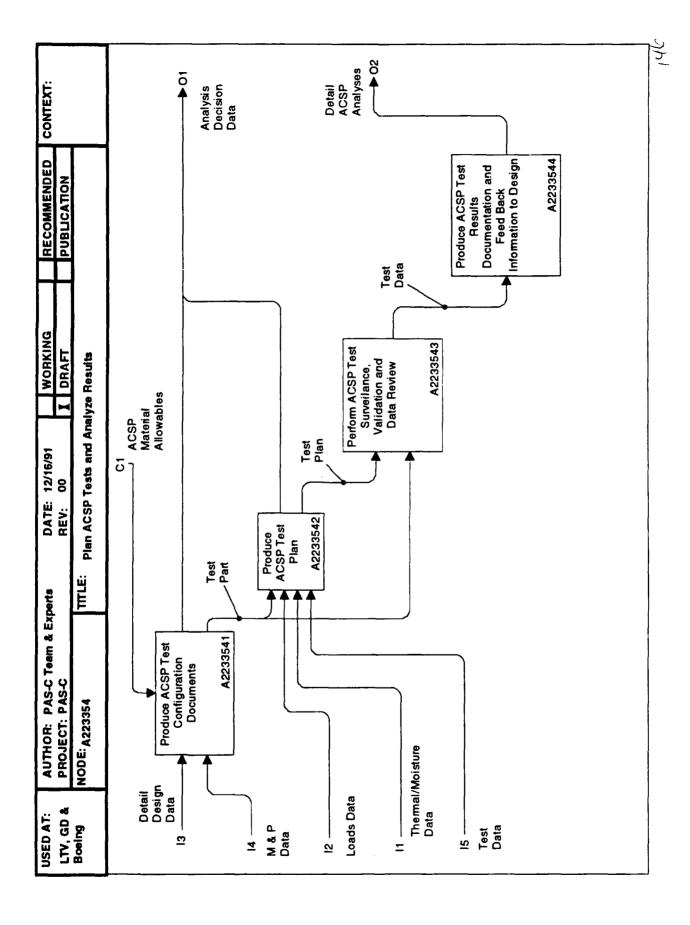
Margins of Safety

A ratio of actual to allowable stress or strain. A ratio greater than one means that the value of stress or strain will meet the design criteria.

Textual Documentation

Graphical documentation of the analysis output data from a finite element analysis.

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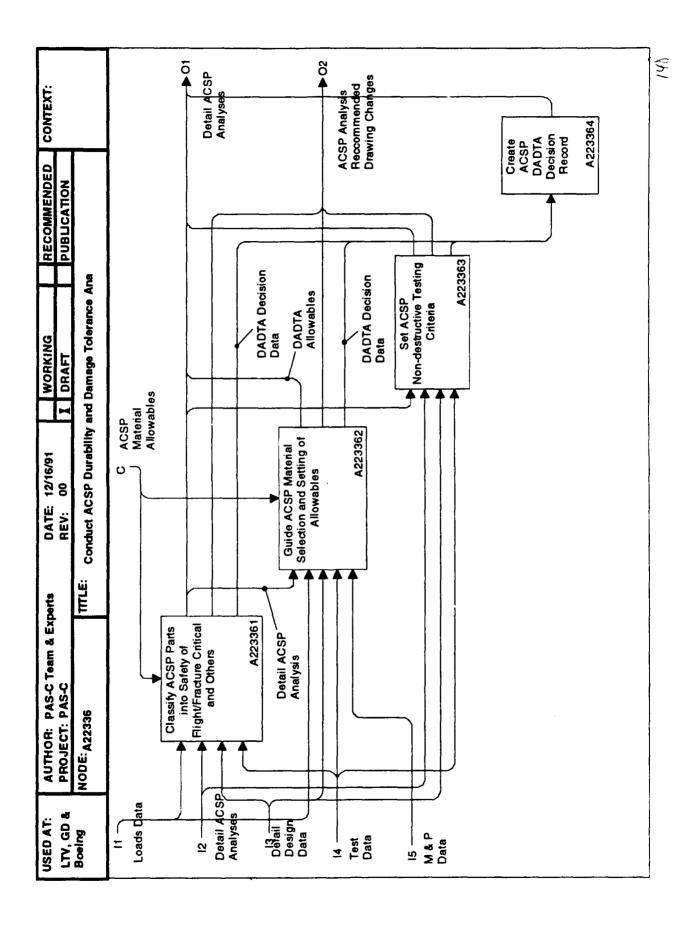


(None)

Controls:

# A-223354: Plan ACSP Tests and Analyze Test Results

Activities:		Outputs:	
A2233541	Produce ACSP Test Part Configuration Documents Produce documents to define the configuration of the part and supporting test fixtures.	01	Analysis Decision Data  The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.
A2233542	Produce ACSP Test Plan Produce documents defining the testing of the structural part.	7 0	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.
A2233543	Perform ACSP Test Surveillance, Validation and Data Review Monitor the structural tests, validate the output, and review and document results.	Mechanisms:	
A2233544	Produce ACSP Test Results Documentation and Feed Back		(None)
	Information to Design Document the results of ACSP testing and feed back the resulting assessments	Process Interactions:	actions:
	to design.	•	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.
inputs:			
=	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.	•	<ul> <li>Test Part         The element or sub-component of the ACSP that is being tested.     </li> </ul>
2	I code Date		• Test Plan A also developed to describe the testing process of the test part.
<u>2</u>	The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.		
13	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.		
<b>2</b>	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		
15	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.		

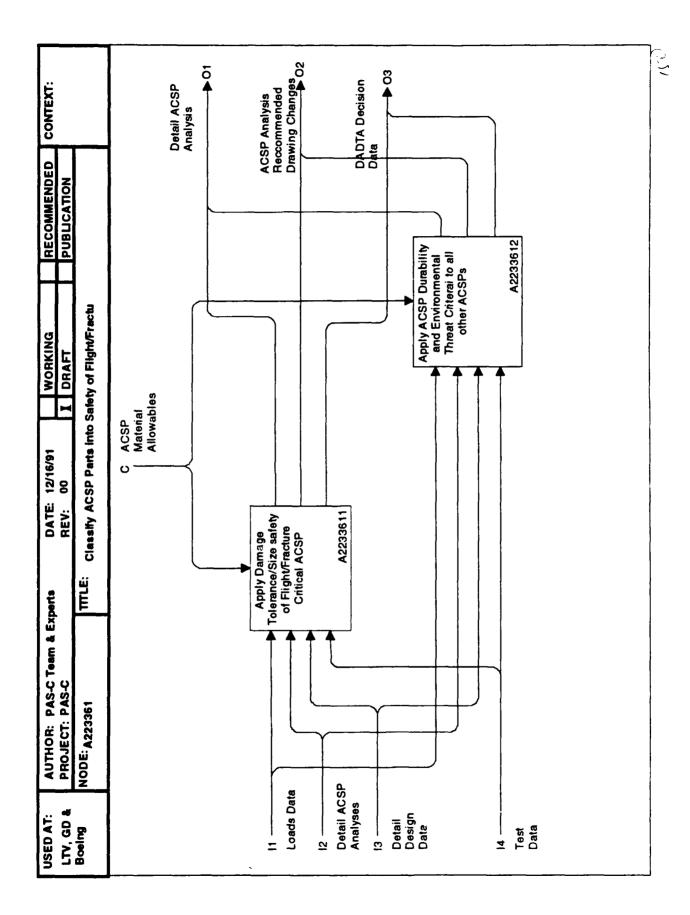


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# A-22336: Conduct ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis

:Jo.	ACSP Material Allowables  The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance		All analysis output data from finite element, octall, and DADIA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.  DADTA Allowables  The material mechanical and thermal allowables that take into account DADTA	<ul> <li>analyses and criteria.</li> <li>DADTA Decision Data</li> <li>The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the DADTA analysis of the ACSP.</li> </ul>	ACSP Analysis Recommended Drawing Changes	The recommended changes to the ACSP design that evolved as a result of the Detail ACSP Analysis. Mechanisms:	(None) Process Interactions:	<ul> <li>DADTA Decision Data         The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the DADTA analysis of the ACSP.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Detail ACSP Analyses</li> <li>All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the</li> </ul>	documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.
Controls:	CI	Outputs: O1			05	Mecha	Proces			
-	Classify ACSP Parts into Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical and Others Classify structural parts as safety of flight critical or otherwise based upon damage and environmental threats.	Guide ACSP Material Selection and Setting of Material Allowables Guide selection of materials that are durable and damage tolerant, and set material allowables based upon analytical and experimental criteria.	Set ACSP Non-Destructive Inspection Allowables Set non-destructive inspection allowables based upon delamination and void content criteria.	Create ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis Decision Record Create a record of the decisions made during the durability and damage analyses and assessments.		Loads Data The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.
Activities:	A223361	A223362	A223363	A223364	Inputs:	=	13	13	4	2



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# A-223361: Classify Parts into Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical and Others

	O2 ACSP Analysis Recommended Drawing Changes The recommended changes to the ACSP design that evolved as a result of the Detail ACSP Analysis.	O3 DADTA Decision Data	of the ACSP.	Mechanisms:	(None)	Process Interactions:	(None)				
	Apply ACSP Damage Tolerance Criteria/Size to Safety of Flight/Fracture ACSP	typical damage threats such as scratches, delaminations and impacts.		Classify ACSPs an non-safety of flight/fracture critical, and apply durability criteria and asses the effect of environmental threats to the ACSP.		Loads Data	The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.	
Activities:	A2233611		A2233612		Inputs:	-	:	12	13	<b>±</b>	Controls:

Detail ACSP Analyses
All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and
the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.

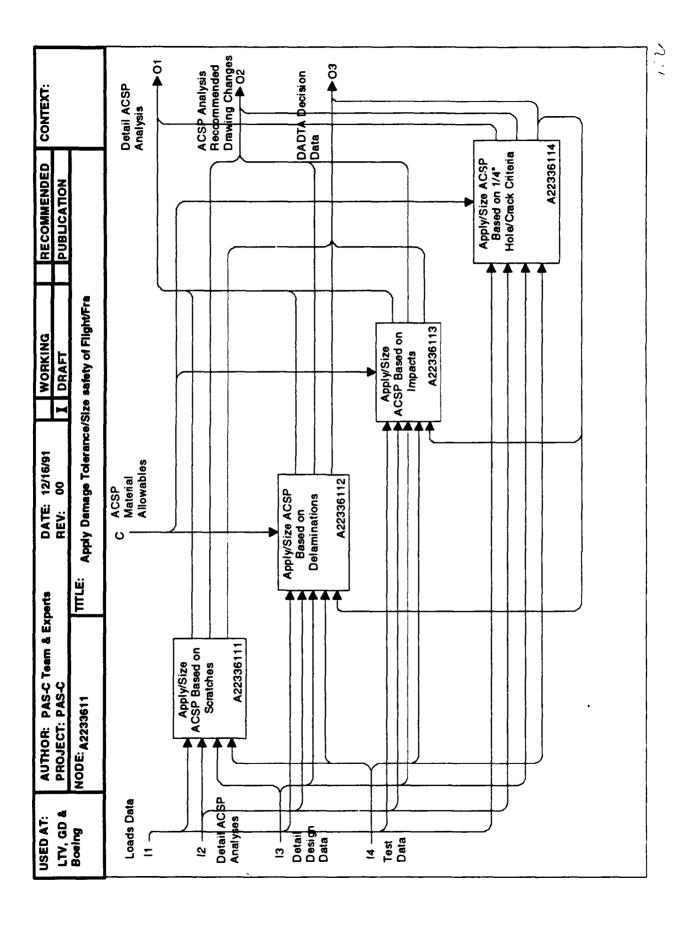
Outputs:

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The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.

ACSP Material Allowables

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# A-2233611: Apply ACSP Damage Tolerance Criteria/Size to Safety of Flight/Fracture ACSP

### Activities:

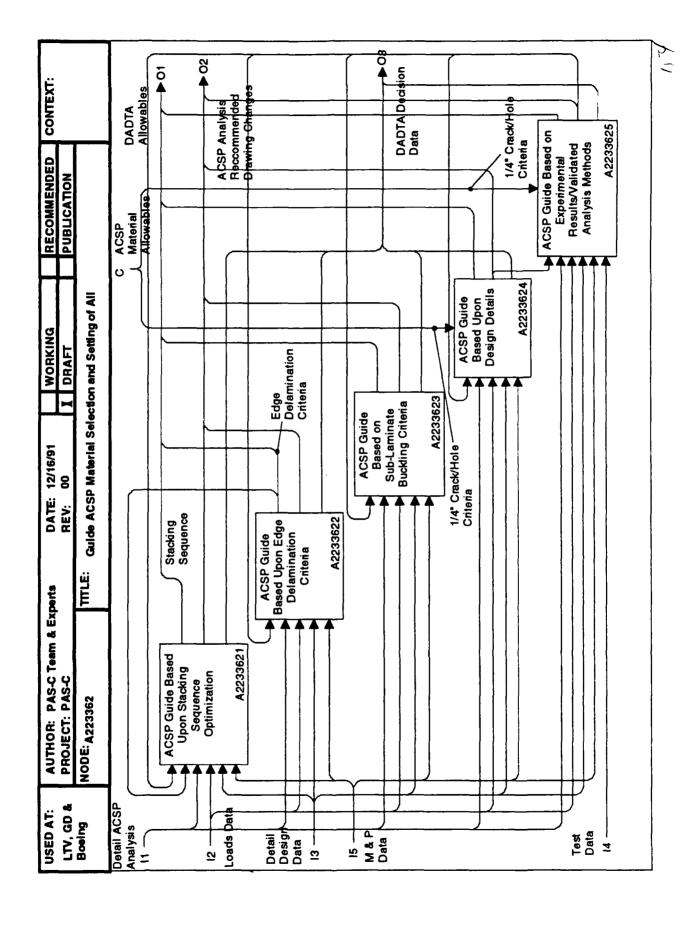
	Detail ACSP Analyses	All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	ACSP Analysis Recommended Drawing Changes	The recommended changes to the ACSP design that evolved as a result of the Lietail ACSP Analysis.	DADTA Decision Data	The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the DADTA analysis of the ACSP.	TS:	(None)	Process Interactions:	(None)			
Outputs:	10		02		03		Mechanisms:		Process In				
Apply/Size ACSP Based on Scratches Set criteria for allowable scratches in the surface of structural parts, and size	the structural part to resist the threat.	Apply/Size ACSP Based on Delaminations Set criteria for delamination of structural parts, and size the structural part to	resist the threat.	Apply/Size ACSP Based on Impacts Set criteria for impacts in the surface of structural parts, and size the structural	part to resist the threat.	A22336114 Apply/Size ACSP Based on 1/4" Holes/Crack criteria Set criteria for 1/4" holes or cracks in structural parts, and size the structural	part to resist the threat.		Loads Data The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to	a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.
A22336111		A22336112		A22336113		A22336114		Inputs:	=		12	13	4

ACSP Material Allowables

The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.

Controls:

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# A-223362: Guide ACSP Material Selection and Setting of Allowables

Activities:			All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.
A2233621	ACSP Guide based on Stacking Sequence Optimization Set and optimize material allowables based upon ply stacking sequence.	Controls:	
A2233622	ACSP Guide based on Edge Delamination Criteria Set and optimize material allowables based upon edge delamination criteria and analyses.	Cī	ACSP Material Allowables  The stress and strain allowables for a composite material. The allowables are established by a material test program and further influenced by durability and damage tolerance requirements.
A2233623	ACSP Guide based on Sub-Laminate Buckling Criteria Set and optimize material allowables based upon sub-laminate buckling criteria and analyses.		<ul> <li>1/4" Crack/Hole Criteria</li> <li>The criteria based upon 1/4" crack and hole tests and analyses that is used in turn to set materials allowable criteria.</li> </ul>
A2233624	ACSP Guide hased on Design Details Set and optimize material allowables based upon design detail criteria, 1/4" crackhole criteria, and analyses.	Outputs:	
A2233625		ō	DADTA Allowables The material mechanical and thermal allowables that take into account DADTA analyses and criteria.
Inputs:	set and opumize material allowables based upon experimental results and correlated/validated analyses, and 1/4" crack/hole criteria.	03	ACSP Analysis Recommended Drawing Changes The recommended changes to the ACSP design that evolved as a result of the Detail ACSP Analysis.
=	Loads Data The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.	O3 Mechanisms:	DADTA Decision Data  The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the DADTA analysis of the ACSP.
12.	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.		(None)
<u> </u>	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Process Interactions: • Edge	<ul> <li>leractions:</li> <li>Edge Delamination Criteria</li> <li>Stacking sequence and orientation criteria to minimize laminate edge delamination.</li> </ul>
4.	Test Data Data resulting from structural tests of an ACSP.		• Stacking Sequence The orientations of the plies in an ACSP in order that the plies are faid down on the manufacturing tool.
51	M & P Data		

### BUILD & QA AN ACSP

### **Build Indentured List**

ound indentated bist
A23 Build and QA an ACSP
A231 Develop ACSP Plan
A2311 Assume ACSP Structure & Method of Manufacture
A2312 Develop ACSP Production Plan
A2313 Develop ACSP Support Activities Plan
A2314 Develop/Certify ACSP Mfg. Process/Materials
A2315 Determine Detail Method of Manufacture
A23151 Complete Manufacturing Parts List
A23152 Determine Make/Buy Decisions
A23153 Determine Precise Form of Su
A232 Develop ACSP Production Plans
A2321 Develop ACSP Process Plans
A23211 Plan Structures Assembly
A23212 Plan Systems Installations
A23213 Develop Sheet Metal Planning
A23214 Develop Machine Parts Planning
A23215 Develop ACSP Bonding/Composite Planning
A232151 Conduct Pre-planning Review
A232152 Identify New Tool Requirements and Generate Tool Orders
A232153 Develop Work Instructions and Build Sequence
A2321531 Identify Standard Operations and Sequence
A2321532 Generate Custom Operations and Sequence
A2321533 Insert Inspections Steps
A2321534 Identify and Resolve Issues
A232154 Review Planning with Affected Organizations
A232155 Audit & Verify Planning
A232156 Provide Mod Planning
A23216 Plan for Procured Parts
A2322 Develop Support Process Plans
A2323 Control, Validate, & Release Planning
A233 Provide Tools
A2331 Design Tools
A23311 Generate Design Criteria
A23312 Conduct Conceptual Tool Design
A233121 Review Tooling Concept
A233122 Define Tool Material
A233123 Select Configuration Type
A23313 Perform Detail Tool Design

A23314 Review and Approve Tool Design

A2332 Develop NC Programs/Tapes

A23321 Provide Production and Tool NC Programs A233211 Obtain Geometry Data

A233212 Define Automated Process Strategy A233213 Define NC Motion Data A233214 Generate Documentation

A233215 Post Process NC Program

A23322 Control NC Programs

A23323 Proof NC Programs

A23324 Release NC Programs

A2333 Fabricate/Rework Tools

A2334 Provide Liaison Support

### **A234 Procure ACSP Manufacturing Materials**

A2341 Control Procurement of ACSP Material

A2342 Procure Material

### A2343 Receive & Inspect Raw Materials

A23431 Verify/Record Vendor Documentation

A23432 Update & Print Receiving Documentation

A23433 Unload Transport

A23434 Inspect/Verify Material

A23435 Obtain Test Samples

A23436 Place Material into Proper Storage Area

A2344 Manage and Control Material Inventory

### **A235 Produce Product (ACSP)**

A2351 Perform Production Operations

A23511 Obtain Material

A235111 Remove Material From Storage/Freezer

A235112 Thaw Material

A235113 Cut Material To Size & Kit

A235114 Transport Material

A23512 Obtain & Prepare Tools

A235121 Remove Tool From Storage

A235122 Clean Tool

A235123 Apply Release Agent

A235124 Cure Release Agent & Inspect

A23513 Layup & Assemble ACSP

A23514 Bag & Leak Check ACSP

A235141 Obtain Bagging Material & Cut to Fit

A235142 Seal Bag

A235143 Pull Vacuum & Adjust Bag

A235144 Leak Check Bag & Inspect

A2352 Cure & Tear Down ACSP

A23521 Load Part in Cure Equipment

A23522 Connect Vacuum Sensors & Thermocouples

A23523 Cure/Debulk/Bond/Dry per Specification

A23524 Perform Tear Down Operations

A2353 Trim & Drill ACSP

A23531 Position Part in Trim/Drill Fixtures

A23532 Trim/ Drill Part

A235321 Trim Part Periphery

A235322 Trim Stiffeners

A235323 Drill Holes

A235324 Inspect Trim & Drill Operations

A23533 Remove Part From Fixture

### **A2354** Assure Product Quality

A23541 Perform Non-Destructive Inspections

A235411 Seal Part For Ultrasonic Inspection

A235412 Perform Ultrasonic Inspection Operation

A235413 Perform X-Ray Inspection Operation

A235414 Perform Dimension/Visual Inspection

A23542 Perform Material Evaluation/Certification

A235421 Obtain Material and/or Test Coupons

A235422 Verify Chemical/Thermal Properties

A235423 Verify Physical Properties

A235424 Verify Mechanical properties

A23543 Analyze Defects & Disposition Part or Material

A2355 Deliver Product

### **A236 Ship Product**

A2361 Print & Verify Transportation Documents

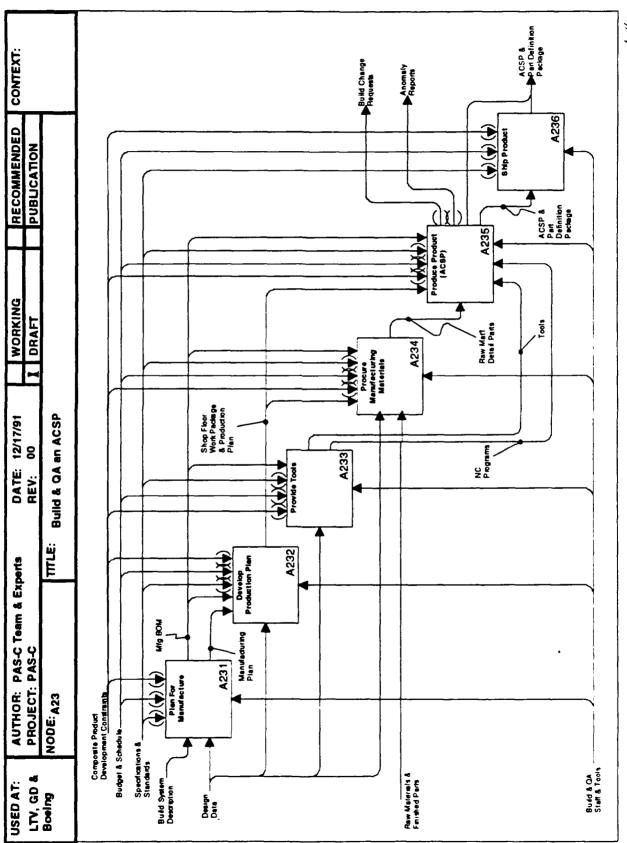
A2362 Protect Part for Shipment

A2363 Load Transport

IENDED CONTEXT:			16.2
RECOMMENDED PUBLICATION			
DATE: 12/17/91 WORKING REV: 00 I DRAFT		Build & Constraints  Specifications & ACSP &	
	TITLE:	Composite Pro	
: PAS-C Team & Ex F: PAS-C	NODE: A2	Design De	
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### A2: Manage, Design & Build an ACSP

Activities:		8	
A23	Build & QA an ACSP	3	Anomaly Reports  All information regarding a part or process that does not fall within accepted limits or may be improved or modified. This includes, but is not limited to.
	The conversion of a design into a finished product and quality assurance functions that assure that the product meets design requirements. This is usually a repetitive function, continuing substantially throughout the product's life cycle. It receives the design from Design Functions and outputs the products, spare and repair ACSPs, and technical data on each instance of the	Controls:	incomplete operation reports, discrepancy reports, requests for engineering investigations, request for planning changes, and requests for changes to tooling.
Inputs:	product.	ت ت	Composite Product Development Constraints Limiting factors on the development of a composite product.
=	Design Data Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc.	ខ	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks associated with these activities.
12	Raw Materials & Finished Parts All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not limited to, all prepregs, core, porting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.	<u>ප</u>	Specifications & Standards Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.
13	Build System Description	Mechanisms:	
Outbuts:	The "as-built" configuration of a product. Includes certification of materials and processes, part inspection results, rework/repair operations, and verification of all production/inspection steps.	M	Build & QA Staff & Tools All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand produce.
_			
ō	ACSP & Part Definition Package  An ACSP and the accompanying information package that defines the part for the customer.		
02	Build Change Requests Requests to make modifications to the build data.		



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### A23: Build & OA an ACSP

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Activities:		12	
A231	Plan For Manufacture		limited to, all prepregs, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail substitution elens
	Translate Engineering product data into manufacturing plans including major assembly breaks, sub-assembly breaks, major tools, facilities, and equipment requirements, as well as make-buy plans.	13	Build System Description The "as-built" configuration of a product. Includes certification of materials
A232	Develop Production Plan		and processes, part inspection results, rework/repair operations, and verification of all production/inspection steps.
	Translate the overall strategy plans (developed in A1) into specific build activity definition suitable for shop floor workers.	Outputs:	
A233	Provide Tools		
	Perform the tasks required to design, build, and control configuration of tools defined in A1 & A3.	ō	ACSP & Part Definition Package An ACSP and the accompanying information package that defines the part for the customer.
A234	Procure Manufacturing Materials	03	Build Change Requests
	Obtain all materials required to produce ACSP. This includes receiving, inspection, certification, and storage.	03	Requests to make modifications to the build data.  Anomaly Reports
A235	Produce Product (ACSP)		All information regarding a part or process that does not fall within accepted limits or may be improved or modified. This includes, but is not limited to.
	The composite details are produced and assembled into the correct structure. Each step is completed and then inspected to ensure that the ACSPs produced meet the design requirements.	<u>.</u>	incomplete operation reports, discrepancy reports, requests for changes to investigations, request for planning changes, and requests for changes to tooling.
A236	Ship Product		
	When the part is complete it must be transported to the major assembly experation, or the customer, in a manner that prevents any damage to the part.	CI	Composite Product Development Constraints Linuiting factors on the development of a composite product.
Inputs:		23	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks
=	Design Data Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc.		associated with these activities.

### Specifications & Standards

Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.

### Mechanisms:

### M1 Build & QA Staff & Tools

All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand

### Process Interactions:

### Mfg BOM

A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and subparts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.

### Manufacturing Plan

Information detailing the tools, processes, and material forms that will be used to build the desired ACSPs.

### Shop Floor Work Package

Documentation containing the shop floor authorization to perform the work, detail planning, and any documentation required to identify any planning or operational deviations.

### Tools

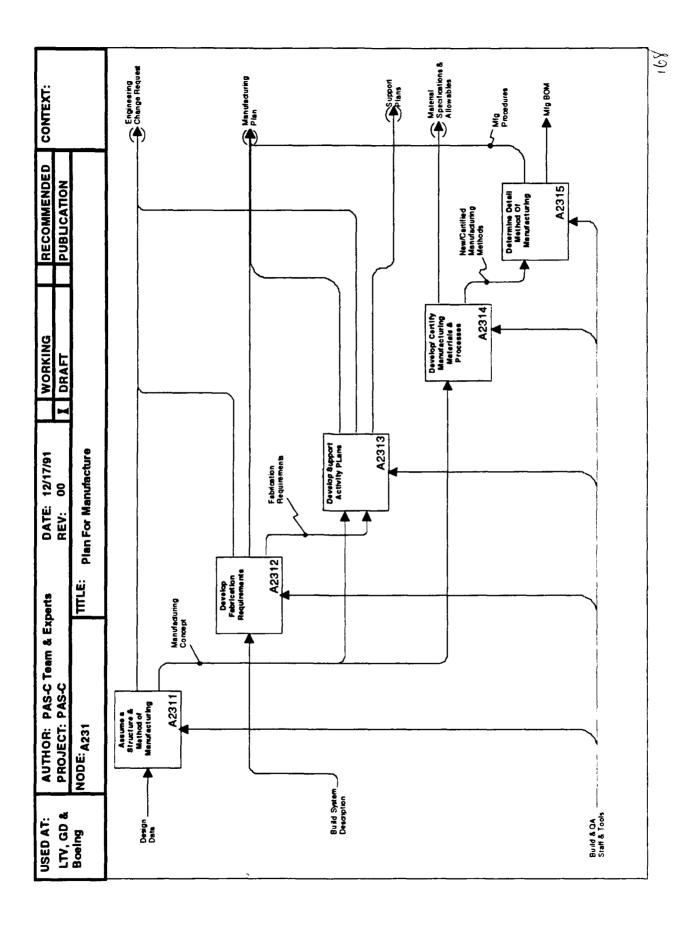
All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand tools.

### NC Programs

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A set of machine instructions written in a appropriate language which are intended to control a machine for a manufacturing activity.

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### A231: Plan For Manufacture

	Manufacturing Plan Information detailing the tools, processes, and material forms that will be used	to build the desired ACSPs.  Mfg BOM	A complete manuacturing internited part list including art the parts as the parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.	Manufacturing Concept  Documented approach showing how the ACSP will be manufactured.	Manufacturing Plan	Information detailing the tools, processes, and material forms that will be used to build the desired ACSPs.	Engineering Change Request Document requesting Engineering to investigate and/or correct any design	deficiencies that the ACSP difficult or impossible to build.  Fabrication Requirements  Definition of the required steps to fabricate an ACSP.	22	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks associated with these activities.	Specifications & Standards	Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.	Composite Product Development Constraints Limiting factors on the development of a composite product.	
Outputs:	01	05		03	8		05	90	Controls:	ū	C		C	
	Assume a Structure & Method of Manufacturing	Establish production breaks, Major Unit configurations, & major subassemblies, make tentative make or buy decisions and a tooling & assembly overall plan.	Develop Fabrication Requirements	Estimate resource needs, cost to purchase or make, and timing to start-up and production.	Develop Support Activity Plans	Develop a top level plan of production including assembly, tooling and space, and detail ACSP fabrication requirements.	Develop/Certify Manufacturing Materials & Processes	Develop a strategy plan for meeting QA requirements, Materials plans, tooling policy, approach, and major requirements, facilities & equipment requirements, and Personnel Requirements.	Determine Detail Method Of Manufacturing	Define a manufacturing bill of materials (BOM) and for each item of that BOM define a manufacturing method and vendor purchase plan.		Build System Description The "se built" configuration of a product Includes certification of materials	and processes, part inspection results, rework/repair operations, and verification f all production/inspection steps.	Design Data Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc.
Activities:	A2311		A2312		A2313		A2314		A2315		Inputs:	11		13

### Mechanisms:

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Build & QA Staff & Tools
All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand tools.

### Process Interactions:

Fabrication Requirements
Definition of the required steps to fabricate an ACSP.

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# A2315: Determine Detail Method Of Manufacturing

		ms:	Build & QA Staff & Tools  All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand tools.			Process Interactions:		A listing of the part identifying numbers.
Controls:	(None)	Mechanisms:	M			Process Ir	Parts List	
	Complete Manufacturing Parts List	The parts list per the manufacturing breakdown is completed.	Determine Make/Buy	Whether to make or buy the ACSPs on the parts list is determined based upon program parameters, ACSP complexity, and economic factors.	Determine Precise Form Of Sub-Parts	Determine the form of sub-parts (e.g., forged, cast, sheet stock, etc.), that will	requirements. The form of sub-parts may change during the life cycle of a	program.
Activities:	A23151		A23152		A23153			

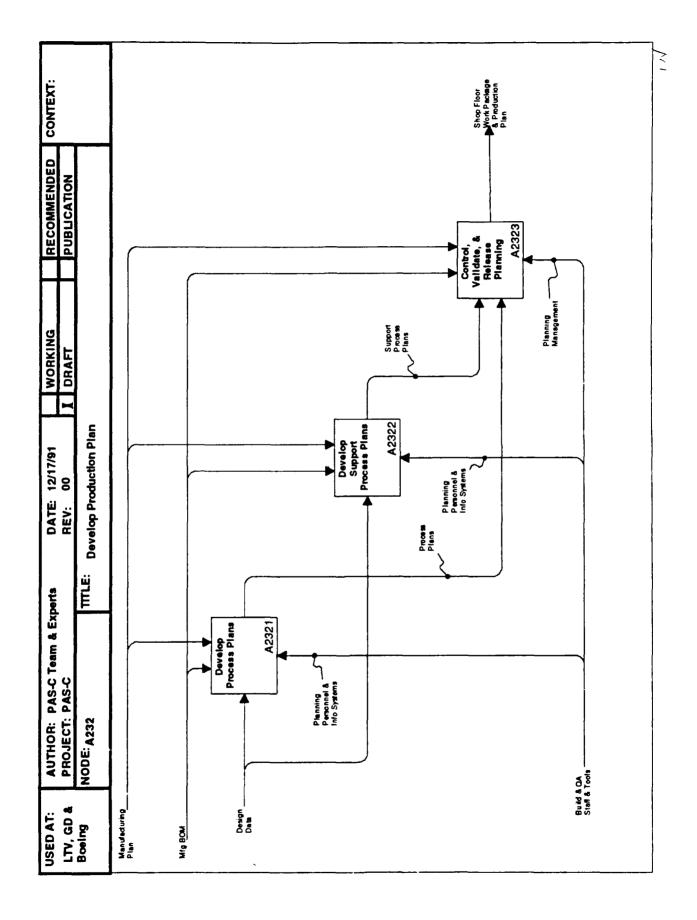
### New/Certified Manufacturing Methods Any manufacturing methods that have been given official approval for Inputs: =

Defines what ACSPs must be produced and when in order to meet delivery

Production Part Requirements

schedules.

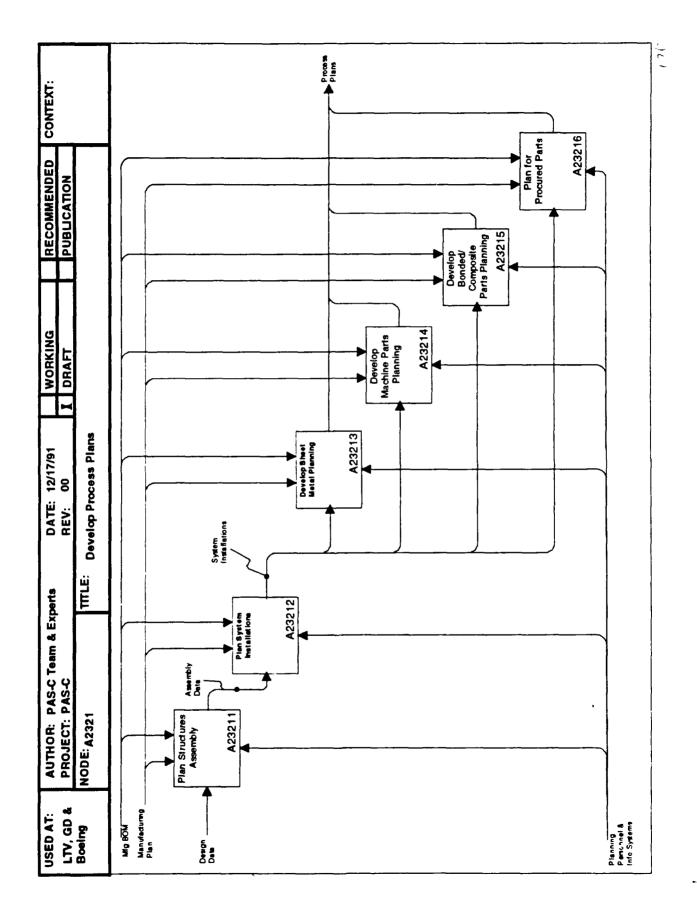
production use.	uts:	Mfg Procedures A proven plan of how a engineering process specification can be achieved with an actual manufacturing process.	Mfg BOM A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and subparts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.
	Outputs	10	05



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## A232: Develop Production Plan

CI	Activities:	C2	Specifications & Standards  Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to
A2321	Develop Process Plans		correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.
	Define the detail of the assembly and manufacturing methods and sequence such that it can be released to the shop.	ຍ	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks associated with complete the tasks.
A2322	Develop Support Process Plans	C4	Manufacturing Plan
	Define Plans for support activities such as materials, quality assurance, tooling, facilities, equipment, and personnel.		Information detailing the fools, processes, and material forms that will be used to build the desired ACSPs.
, A2323	Control	S	Mfg BOM A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and sub-
	Perform the administrative and managerial tasks necessary to assure that the planning is current with engineering definition and properly approved for production.		parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.
		Mechanisms:	ns:
Inputs:		Ψ	Build & QA Staff & Tools
11	Design Data Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, enginecting drawings, etc.		tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand tools.
Outputs:		Process In	Process Interactions:
Ю	Shop Floor Work Package & Production Plan Documentation containing the shop floor authorization to perform the work. detail planning, and any documentation required to identify any planning or operational deviations and the Production Plan.	Process Plans	Detail instructions on how work is to be performed including routing, specifications to control the work, and a complete definition of what is to be accomplished at each production step. Also includes manufacturing documentation requirements.
Controls		Support P	Support Process Plans  Detail instructions for manufacturing support activities such as quality
CI	Composite Product Development Constraints Limiting factors on the development of a composite product.		assurance, inspection, and testing. It also includes sequencing & routing information in relation to other process plans.



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## A2321: Develop Process Plans

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Outputs:	Ol Process Plans Detail instructions on how work is to be performed including routing.			Controls:	Information detailing the tools, processes, and material forms that will be used to build the desired ACSPs.	23	parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.	and cutting is only and Mechanisms:	M1 Planning Personnel & Info Systems Planning management, programmers, and any computer systems/hardware used	to perform this activity.	Process Interactions:	Assembly Data  Definition of the assembly operations required to attach the ACSP to the next higher level assembly.		System Installations  Documents the identity of the next higher level installation for the ACSP.
	Plan Structures Assembly	Define the installation steps necessary to assemble the structure as well as define tools required.	Plan System Installations	Define the installation steps to install systems (electronic & hydraulic) as well as define tools required.	Develop Sheet Metal Planning	Define fabrication of parts from cutting and forming sheet metal. (This process is included for reference purposes only and will not be decomposed.)	Develop Machine Parts Planning	Define Machine Parts Fabrication including NC Programs, holding and cutting tools, and set-ups. (This process is included for reference purposes only and will not be decomposed.)	Develop Bonded/ Composite Parts Planning	Define Composite Part Fabrication detail planning.	Plan for Procured Parts	Add manufacturing requirements for procured parts.		Design Data Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists.
Activities:	A23211		A23212	`	A23213		A23214		A23215		A23216		Inputs:	CI

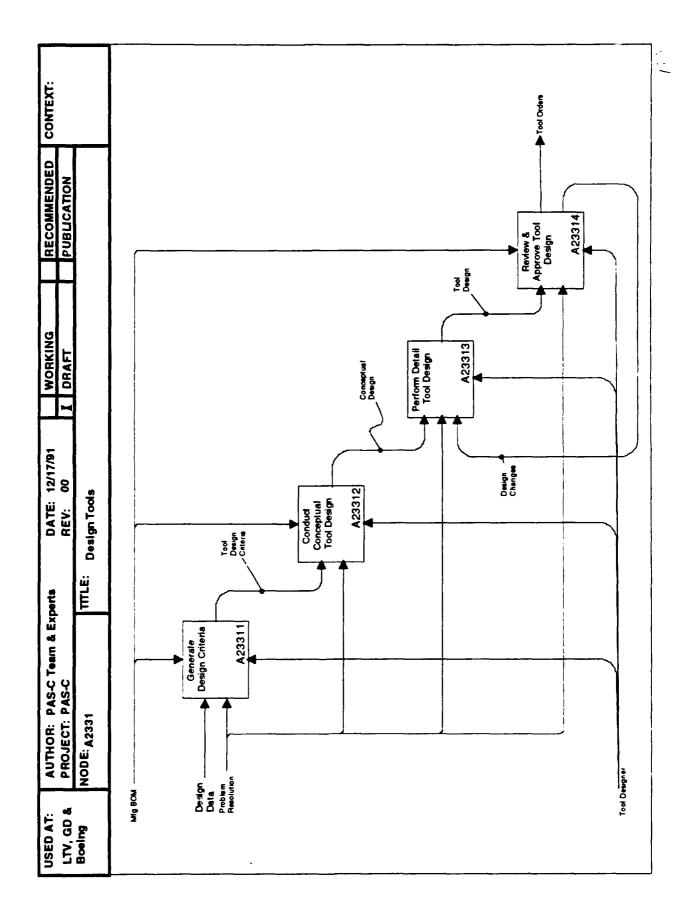
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## A233: Provide Tools

Activities:		03	Problem Resolution Information describing what action must be taken in order to resolve a given
A2331	Design Tools Provide engineering definition of tools.	_	problem.
***************************************	Production No December	Controls:	
A2332	Develop INC. Flugiality Provide the Numerical Control Programs needed to fabricate tools.	CI	Composite Product Development Constraints
A2333	Fabricate/ Rework Tools	_	Limiting factors on the development of a composite product.
	Make and/or refurbish tools.	23	Specifications & Standards
A2334	Provide Liaison Support Support tool fabrication and tool tryout in production by providing expertise		Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.
	and resolution of problems.	ຍ	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks
Inputs:			ESSOCIATED WILL LIESE ALL VILLS.
Design Data	a Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc.	27	Mfg BOM A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and sub- parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.
Problem Reports	pools	Mechanisms:	
	All information regarding a part of process that includes, but is not limited to, innits or may be improved or modified. This includes, but is not limited to, incomplete operation reports, discrepancy reports, requests for engineering investigations, request for planning changes, and requests for changes to tooling.	Σ	Build & QA Staff & Tools All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand tools.
Outputs:		Process Interactions:	ractions:
0	Tools Manufacturing aids used to build an ACSP.	Tool Orders	Request that tooling operations be completed either to rework or fabricate a tool required to build an ACSP.
05	NC Programs A set of machine instructions written in a appropriate language which are intended to control a machine for a manufacturing activity.	NC Programs	A set of machine instructions written in a appropriate language which are intended to control a machine for a manufacturing activity.



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## A2331: Design Tools

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Generate Design Criteria A23311

Conduct a tooling producibility review which creates a design criteria and a request to design a tool.

Conduct Conceptual Tool Design A23312 Determine the approach to be used for the tool design, including supporting structure type, rigidity required, transportability requirements, autoclave loading and heating requirements, and bagging and pull-down requirements.

Perform Detail Tool Design A23313 Complete the detail definition of the tool design, including presentation of the design in suitable format.

Review & Approve Tool Design A23314

Validate Tool Design fit, form, & function. Validate tool design to product design. Release tool design to manufacture.

**Inputs:** 

=

information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc. Design Data

information describing what action must be taken in order to resolve a given Problem Resolution problem.

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Outputs:

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Request that tooling operations be completed either to rework or fabricate a tool required to build an ACSP. **Fool Orders** 

Mfg BOM  $\overline{\mathbf{c}}$ 

Controls:

parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and subneeds for segregation of work to production orders.

Mechanisms:

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Personnel who perform the tool design processes. Also includes any information systems/computer equipment used to perform this activity. **Tool Designer** 

Process Interactions:

Tool Design Criteria

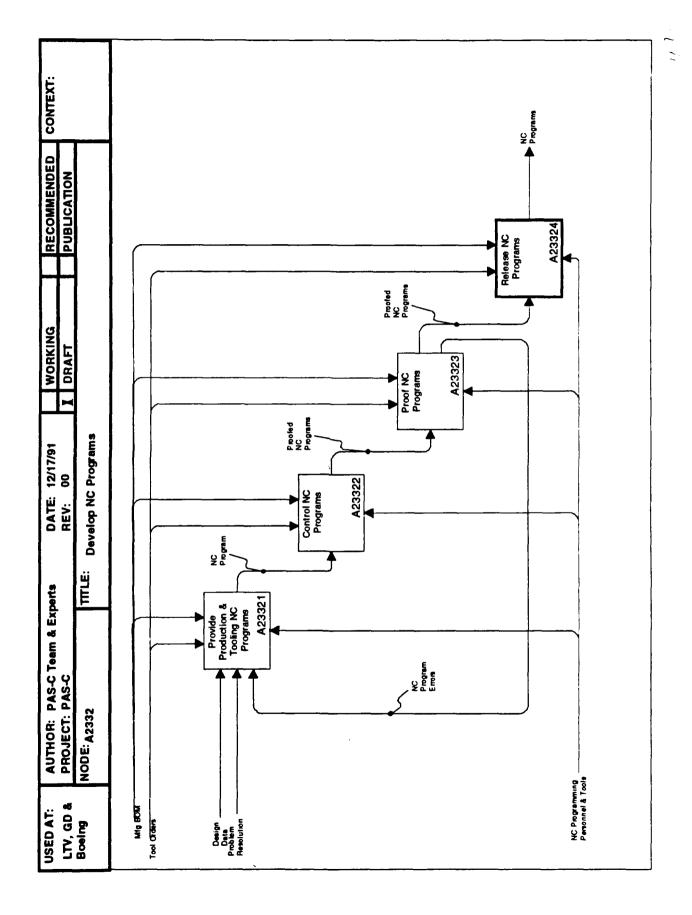
A definition of the role the tool must perform in the manufacturing cycle and the corresponding parameters the tool must meet in order to fill that role. Includes life expectancy and general functionality.

Ask Mike Conceptual Design

Contoured Skin Laminate

**Tool Design Criteria** 

A definition of the role the tool must perform in the manufacturing cycle and the corresponding parameters the tool must meet in order to fill that role. Includes life expectancy and general functionality.



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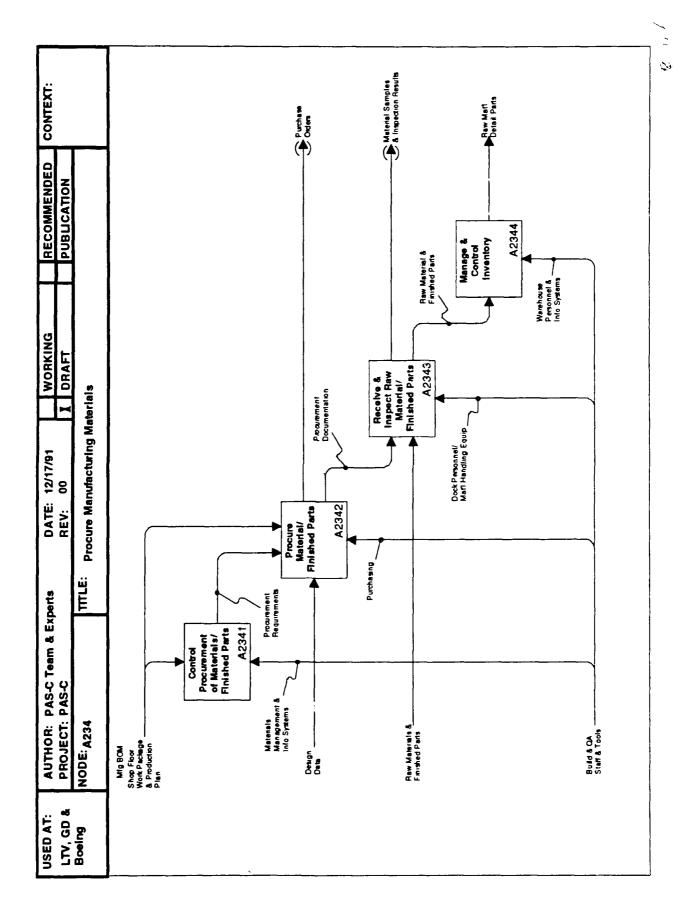
NC Programs
A set of machine instructions written in a appropriate language which are intended to control a machine for a manufacturing activity.

Outputs:

0

## A2332: Develop NC Programs

	Tool Orders	Request that tooling operations be completed either to rework or fabricate a tool required to build an ACSP.	Mfg BOM	A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and sub- parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing	needs for segregation of work to production orders.	22	NC Programming Personnel & Tools NC management, programmers, and any computer systems. hardware used to perform this activity.		ieractions:	ns Proofed NC Programs		
Controls:	CI		23			Mechanisms:	Σ		Process Interactions:	NC Programs		
ities:	Provide Production & Tooling NC Programs	Develop and Debug NC programs to perform inspection operations (inspect tool designs and ACSPs), and perform fabrication operations (ACSPs and	(004)	Control NC Programs	Provide serialized identification and validate the configuration of the program for the desired application.	Proof NC Programs	Schedule NC proofing and validate Tool NC program by simulation or on machine.	Release NC Programs	Transfer NC media to tool Fabrication Storage.		Design Data Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc.	Problem Resolution Informatica describing what action must be taken in order to resolve a given problem.
Sub-Activities:	A23321			A23322	`	A23323		A23324		Inputs:	=	13



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## A234: Procure Manufacturing Materials

	Raw Material/Part Details All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not	limited to, all prepregs, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.		Composite Product Development Constraints Limiting factors on the development of a composite product.	Specifications & Standards Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to	correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks associated with these activities.	Shop Floor Work Package & Production Plan	Documentation containing the shop floor authorization to perform the work, detail planning, and any documentation required to identify any planning or	operational deviations and the Production Man.	Mfg BOM A complete manusacturing indentured part list including all the parts and subparts as sen by manusacturing. This parts list corresponds to manusacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.			Build & QA Staff & Tools All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all	tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand tools.
	Raw Material/Part Details All material that are required to	limited to, all I materials, shop st fabrication steps.		Composite Pr Limiting factors	Specifications & Standards Documentation showing the requir	correctly perform	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and tin associated with these activities.	Shop Floor V	Documentation detail planning,	operational devi	Mfg BOM A complete man parts as sen by 1	:	ė	Build & QA	tools including, by production tools tools.
Outputs:	01		Controls:	C	C2		ខ	2			S	A	Mechanisms	M	
	Control Procurement of Materials/Finished Parts	Identify the material types, quantities, and date needed for all materials required to build an ACSP. Involves certifying vendors, generating purchase orders, and monitoring the procurement process.	Procure Material/ Finished Parts	Generate the required purchase orders and order materials from approved vendors.	Receive & Inspect Raw Material/ Finished Parts	Receive materials, and process and record critical information about the raw	materials required to build composite parts. The operations include unloading and storing the materials and verifying that the materials were transported in an approved fashion. As in the case of refrigerated materials, that the proper temperature was maintained. Suitable test samples are taken and sent to the	lest lab.	Manage & Control Inventory	Provide segregated storage space for bonded (not certified for use) and	material available for use. Provide accurate inventories and monitor ure usage critical materials.		Design Data	Information that conveys the part design to manufacturing. Includes part lists, material requirements, engineering drawings, etc.	Raw Materials & Finished Parts  All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not limited to, all prepregs, cve, potting compounds, adhesives, hagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.
Activities:	A2341		A2342		A2343				A2344			inputs:			12

### Process Interactions:

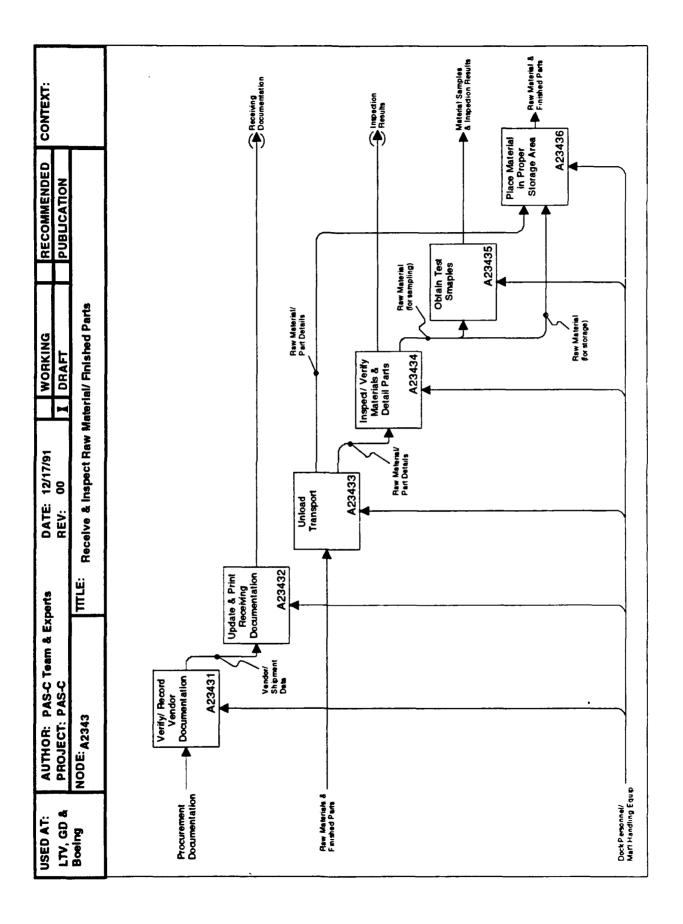
Procurement Requirements
Define what materials must be purchased and when to meet production schedules.

### Procurement Documentation

Information from the manufacturer of the raw material that was purchased. Documents what was purchased.

### Raw Materials & Finished Parts

All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not limited to, all prepregs, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.



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# A2343: Receive & Inspect Raw Material/ Finished Parts

	Procurement Documentation	Information from the manufacturer of the raw material that was purchased.  Documents what was purchased.  Pour Materials & Einisched Parts.	All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not limited to, all prepress, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging	materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.		Raw Materials & Finished Parts All material that are required to recover an ACSP. This includes that is not	fimited to, all prepregs, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail	fabrication steps.	Material Samples & Inspection Results Portions of a raw material delivery that were separated and will be used for testing purposes and the results of the inspection activities.			ns:	Dock Personnel/Mat'l Handling Equip Personnel who perform the activities on the warehouse dock and any mechanical devices used to help them move heavy objects.
Inputs:	Ξ	: 2	2		Outputs:	10			07	Controls:	(None)	Mechanisms:	Σ
	Verify/ Record Vendor Documentation	The information from the vendor must be verified as to the content of the shipment and the count/condition. Warehouse personnel verify the contents of the shipment and match that information against the shipper documentation.	Update & Print Receiving Documentation	The appropriate internal documentation recording the vendor, batch/lot, and material code are printed and placed with the material for identification.	Unload TransportC2	The contents of the transport are removed and placed in an inspection area.	Inspect/ Verify Materials & Detail Parts	The contents are inspected per the inspection plan for that type of material.	This inspection is to verify that the shipping documentation accurately reflects what was shipped, materials were not damaged and properly handled during shipment and the material meets the basic requirements set forth in the inspection plan.	Obtain Test Samples	Most raw materials will have a sample randomly removed and sent to the test lab. Results of the inspection are recorded and determine if the material may be released for production use. This requires thawing of the frozen material.	Place Material in Proper Storage Area	After the inspection is completed and the test samples are removed the material will be placed into the proper storage area. Storage areas for cold storage must remain at or near 0 degree F. Ambient material must be stored in a clean, dry environment.
Activities:	A23431		A23432	`	A23433		A23434			A23435		A23436	

### Process Interactions:

Vendor/Shipment Data Information defining the materials that were sent by the vendor.

### Raw Material/Part Details

All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not limited to, all prepregs, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.

Raw Material (For Sampling)

Material that has been separated for the purpose of removing a portion of the material for testing.

C4 Mfg BOM

A complete manufacturing indentured part list including all the parts and subparts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.

C5 Composite Product Development Constraints

Limiting factors on the development of a composite product.

Mechanisms:

M1 Tools

Manufacturing aids used to build an ACSP.

M2 Build & QA Staff & Tools

All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand

M3 NC Programs

A set of machine instructions written in a appropriate language which are intended to control a machine for a manufacturing activity.

Process Interactions:

ACSP (not cured)

An ACSP that has been layup and/or assembled but has not been cured.

ACSP (cured)

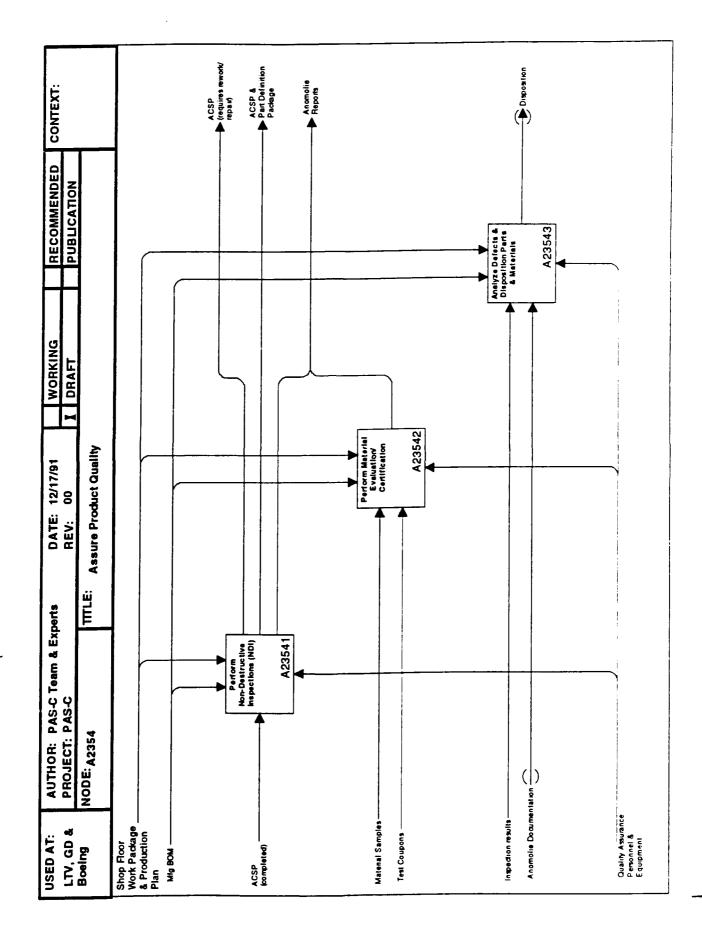
A cured ACSP part.

ACSP (complete)

An ACSP after all fabrication operations have been completed.

## A235: Produce Product (ACSP)

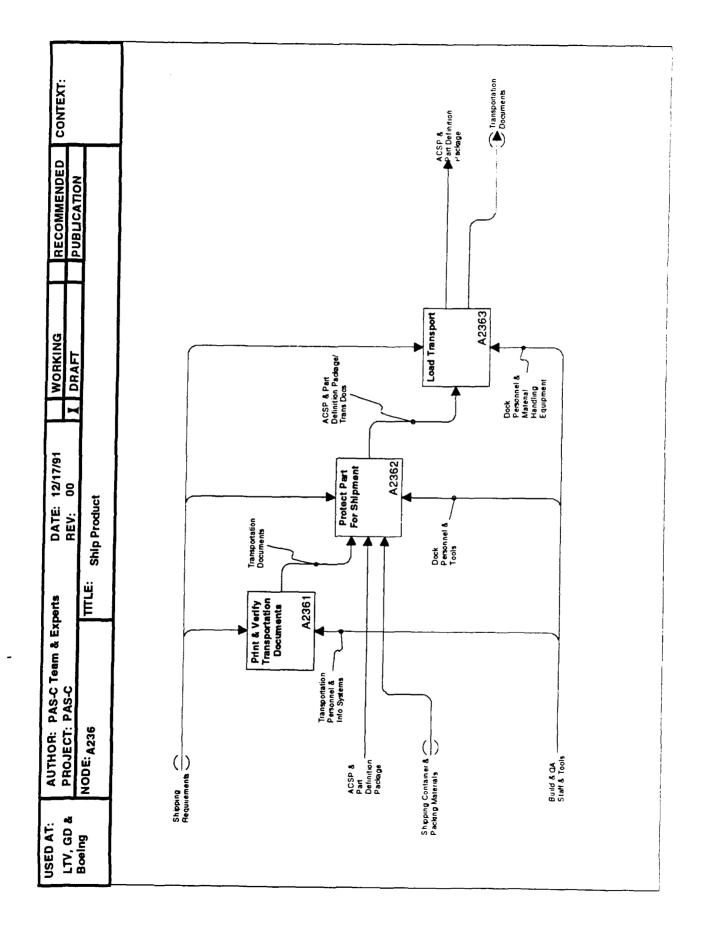
	ACSP & Part Definition Package	An ALSY and the accompanying information package that defines the part for the customer.  Build Change Degrees	Requests to make modifications to the build data.	Anomaly Reports All information regarding a part or process that does not fall within accepted limits or may be improved or modified. This includes, but is not limited to, incomplete operation reports, discrepancy reports, requests for engineering investigations, request for planning changes, and requests for changes to tooling.	ACSP & Part Definition Package	the customer.		Specifications & Standards Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations.	Budget & Schedule The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks	associated with these activities.	Shop Floor Work Package & Production Plan Documentation containing the shop floor authorization to perform the work, detail planning, and any documentation required to identify any planning or operational deviations and the Production Plan.
Outputs:	10	8	3	03	04	Controls:			C2		ຮ
	Perform Production Operations	The materials and tools required to produce the ACSP's are located and taken to the proper work station. the operations required to build the ACSP are performed and the ACSP is cured. The cured ACSP is then trimmed and drilled as required and then inspected to verify the processes involved. Quality assistance stems are executed during every sent of the mooses.	Cure & Tear Down ACSP	The part is placed in the appropriate curing equipment and the appropriate sensor are attached, the curing cycle is completed, validated, and recorded and the ACSP is removed. The ACSP is separated from the hagging materials and the tooling. The ACSP is transported to the next operation and the tools returned to storage.	Trim & Drill ACSP	The periphery, internal cutouts, and holes are cut/drilled manually and using automated equipment.	Assure Product Quality	All composite parts have the dimensions and internal structure of the parts inspected Also the materials, tools, and personnel involved are certified.		Raw Material Detail Parts	All material that are required to procure an ACSP. This includes, but is not limited to, all prepregs, core, potting compounds, adhesives, bagging materials, shop supplies and any parts supplied by a vendor or internal detail fabrication steps.
Activities:	A2351		A2352		A2353		A2354		Inputs:	=	



None

## A2354: Assure Product Quality

	ACSP & Part Definition Package	An ACSP and the accompanying information package that defines the part for the customer.	All information regarding a part or process that does not fall within accepted limits or may be improved or modified. This includes, but is not limited to incomplete constitutions of discourse designs and discourse designs.	involution operation reports, discrepancy reports, requests for engineering investigations, request for planning changes, and requests for changes to tooling.	ACSP (requires rework/repair)  An ACSP that did not pass inspection and requires additional fabrication steps in order to be accepted.	Disposition Determination of the additional effort, if any, required to make an ACSP		Shop Floor Work Package & Production Plan Documentation containing the shon floor authorization to preform the work	detail planning, and any documentation required to identify any planning or operational deviations and the Production Plan.  Mfg BOM	or comprete manufacturing indemnited part list including all the parts and sub- parts as sen by manufacturing. This parts list corresponds to manufacturing needs for segregation of work to production orders.	QA Personnel & Equipment Personnel who perform the inspection processes and buy off the production operations. Also includes the inspection equipment (ultrasonics, x-ray, etc.) and information systems/computer equipment used to perform this activity.	Process Interactions:
Outputs:	01	3	5	8	õ	9	Controls:	CI	23	Mechanisms:	Ξ	Process
	Perform Non-Destructive Inspections (NDI)	Verify that there are no voids, delaminations, porosity, cracks etc. are contained within the structure of the part. Also verify that all parts dimensions are within allowed tolerances	Perform Material Evaluation/ Certification	All materials used in the manufacture of composite parts must be evaluated and certified prior to use. These tests evaluate the physical and mechanical properties of the materials and determine if they fall within accepted limits.	Analyze Defects & Disposition Parts & Materials	The results of the inspections and tests that failed are carefully analyzed to determine if and how the problem can be corrected.		npete) An ACSP after all fabrication operations have been completed.	Test Coupons Portions of a cured composite part that were separated from the part during trim operations. Will be tested to ensure that the cure process was properly completed.	Material Samples & Inspection Results Portions of a raw material delivery that were separated and will be used for testing purposes and the results of the inspection activities.	Anomaly Documentation  All information regarding a part or process that does not fall within accepted limits or may be improved or modified. This includes, but is not limited to, incomplete operation reports, discrepancy reports, requests for engineering	investigations, request for planning changes, and requests for changes to tooling.
Activities:	A23541		A23542		A23543		Inputs:	ACSP (compete)	CI	C2	ß	



### A236: Ship Product

### Activities:

Documentation showing the required steps that must be followed in order to The amount of funding and time frame requirements to complete the tasks All personnel associated with the build and QA activity. Also includes all correctly perform an activity. Also shows allowed deviations. Limiting factors on the development of a composite product. Composite Product Development Constraints Build & QA Staff & Tools Specifications & Standards associated with these activities. Budget & Schedule Mechanisms: Controls: Ξ  $\mathbb{S}$  $\ddot{c}$  $C_2$ The part is placed on an appropriate transport vehicle and secured as to Information about the part must be printed or transferred to a medium that allow the data to be transmitted to the next operation or the customer. For transfer to subsequent operations the planning and manufacturing data must be verified. For parts to the customer all critical build and manufacturing data The part will be wrapped in a protective layer of a protective material, usually bubble wrap. If the part is to be transported outside the plant, a suitable Print & Verify Transportation Documents prevent damage or load shift during transport. Protect Part For Shipment transportation container is used. Load Transport must be provided. A2361 A2362 A2363

An AUSP and the accompanying information package that defines the part for ACSP & Part Definition Package Inputs: =

the customer.

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The container & materials required when packaging an ACSP for shipment. Shipping Container & Packing Materials For example, bubble wrap and wooden crates.

### Outputs:

<del>-</del>0

An AUSP and the accompanying information package that defines the part for ACSP & Part Definition Package the customer.

### Transportation Documents

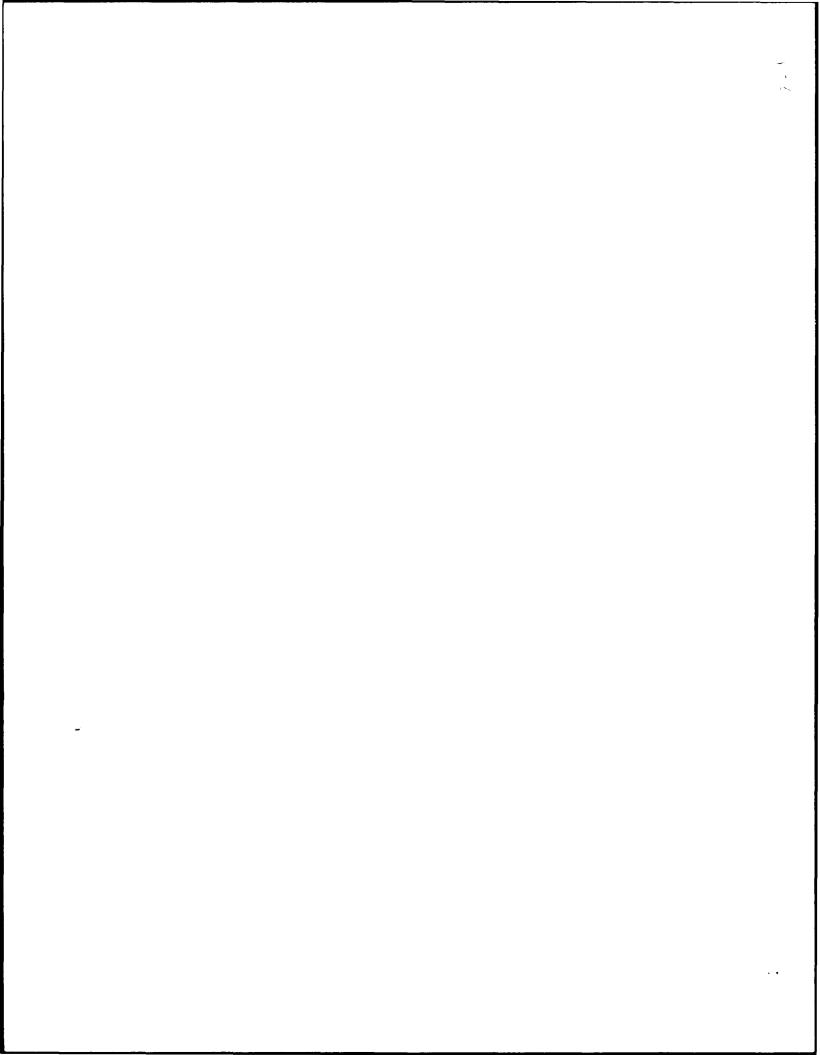
Process Interactions:

Documentation required by the carrier. Includes Bill of Lading, invoices, etc.

tools including, but not limited to, computer hardware/software, NC programs, production tools, inspection equipment, material handling devices, and hand

## ACSP & Part Definition Package/TransDocs

An ACSP and the accompanying information package that defines the part for the customer and the appropriate transportation documents.



### 2.3.5 Part Specific

The part specific activities identified on the General ACSP node tree diagram (Dwg. # PAS-C-01) have been arranged into the three major functional views. Due to scoping constraints, the build view IDEF0 diagrams have been omitted. The design and analysis views IDEF0 diagrams are included in the following pages.

Based on the node numbering sequence for part specific nodes, as described in section 2.3.3, the typical ACSP has been decomposed to represent the three part families selected from the FW/BB matrix. They are T Composite Analysis (TCA), Contoured Skin Laminate (CSL) and Core Stiffened Panel (CSP). Based on these part family perspectives the Design and Analysis activities that are affected as shown in the node tree in:

Design ACSP
 Preliminary and Detail ACSP Analysis
 Dwg. # PAS-C-03 Sheet 2 of 2
 Dwg. # PAS-C-02 Sheet 2 of 2

and also in the indentured lists which precedes the sections IDEF0 diagrams glossary. The general style of the pages in the following sections is as was described in section 2.3.4.

PART SPECIFIC - DETAIL DESIGN

### Part Specific Design Activity Listing

### A231 Create TCA Data

### **A2311 Prepare TCA Angle Design**

- A23111 Resolve TCA Angle Mfg. Process
- A23112 Resolve TCA Angle Part Periphery
- A23113 Resolve TCA Angle Target Layup Orientation
- A23114 Resolve TCA Angle Target Thickness
- A23115 Determine TCA Angle Ply Counts

### A23116 Produce TCA Angle Ply Stack-Up

A231161 Resolve TCA Angle Ply Sequence

### **A231162 Create TCA Angle Ply Tables**

- A2311621 Attach TCA Angle Part Numbers
- A2311622 Attach TCA Angle Ply Numbers
- A2311623 Attach TCA Angle Material Flagnotes
- A2311624 Attach TCA Angle Fiber Orientation
- A2311625 Attach TCA Angle Splice Flagnote
- A2311626 Attach TCA Angle Revision Letter
- A231163 Develop TCA Angle Ply Periphery
- A231164 Attach TCA Angle Ply Callouts

A2312 Prepare TCA Cap Design

### A2313 Prepare TCA Filler Design

- A23131 Resolve TCA Filler Geometry Envelope
- A23132 Resolve TCA Filler Build/TTU/Quality Issues
- A23133 Build TCA Filler Detail Drawing

### A232 Create CSL Data

- A2321 Resolve CSL Mfg. Process
- A2322 Resolve CSL Part Periphery
- A2323 Resolve CSL Target Lay-up Orientation
- A2324 Resolve CSL Target Thickness area
- A2325 Determine CSL Ply Counts

### A2326 Produce CSL Ply Stack-Up

A23261 Resolve CSL Ply Sequence

### A23262 Create CSL Ply Tables

- A232621 Attach CSL Part Numbers
- A232622 Attach CSL Ply Numbers
- A232623 Attach CSL Material Flagnotes
- A232624 Attach CSL Fiber Orientation
- A232625 Attach CSL Splice Flagnote
- A232626 Attach CSL Revision Letter
- A23263 Develop CSL Ply Periphery
- A23264 Attach CSL Ply Callouts

### **A233 Create CSP Data**

### A2331 Prepare CSP Skin Details

A23311 Resolve CSP Skin Mfg. Process

A23312 Resolve CSP Skin Part Periphery

A23313 Resolve CSP Skin Target Layup Orientation

A23314 Resolve CSP Skin Target Thickness

A23315 Determine CSP Skin Ply Counts

### A23316 Produce CSP Skin Ply Stack-Up

A233161 Resolve CSP Skin Ply Sequence

### A233162 Create CSP Skin Ply Tables

A2331621 Attach CSP Skin Part Numbers

A2331622 Attach CSP Skin Ply Numbers

A2331623 Attach CSP Skin Material Flagnotes

A2331624 Attach CSP Skin Fiber Orientation

A2331625 Attach CSP Skin Splice Flagnote

A2331626 Attach CSP Skin Revision Letter

A233163 Develop CSP Skin Ply Periphery

A233164 Attach CSP Skin Ply Callouts

### **A2332 Prepare CSP Core Details**

A23321 Collect & Layout CSP Core Geometry

### **A23322 Develop CSP Core Periphery**

A233221 Resolve CSP Core Edge Band Issues

A233222 Resolve CSP Core Internal Fittings

### **A233223 Resolve CSP Core Fillers**

A23323 Design CSP Core Thickness, Density & Matl.

A233231 Resolve CSP Core Thickness

A233232 Resolve CSP Core Density

A233233 Resolve CSP Core Material Features

A23324 Design CSP Core Transition Area

A23325 Design CSP Core Ribbon Direction

A2333 Resolve CSP Interfaces

### A33 Integrate & Prepare ACSP Assy. Dwg.

A331 Integrate & Prepare TCA Assy. Drawings

A3311 Collect TCA Angle Data

A3312 Collect TCA CAP Data

A3313 Collect TCA Filler Davis

A3314 Prepare TCA Assy. Drawing

A332 Integrate & Prepare CSL Assy. Drawings

A333 Integrate & Prepare CSP Assy. Drawings

A3331 Collect CSP Core & Skin Data

A3332 Resolve CSP Core Adhesive Design

A3333 Resolve CSP Vapor Barrier Design

A3334 Design CSP Item Location for Core, Skins, Padups, Recesses & Holes

A3335 Attach Filler Plies in Transition Areas

### A41 Review ACSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

### A411 Review TCA Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A4111 Review TCA Cap Analysis

A4112 Review TCA Angle Analysis

A4113 Review TCA Filler Analysis

A412 Review CSL Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A4121 Review CSL Skin Analysis

A4122 Review CSL Edge & Fastener Analysis

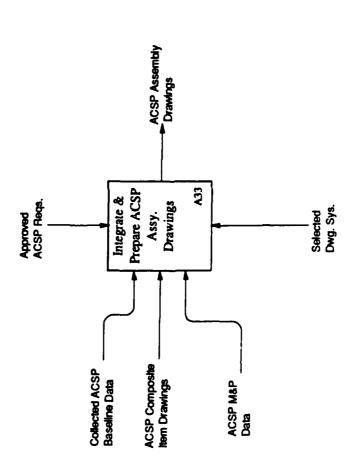
A413 Review CSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

A4131 Review CSP Skin Analysis

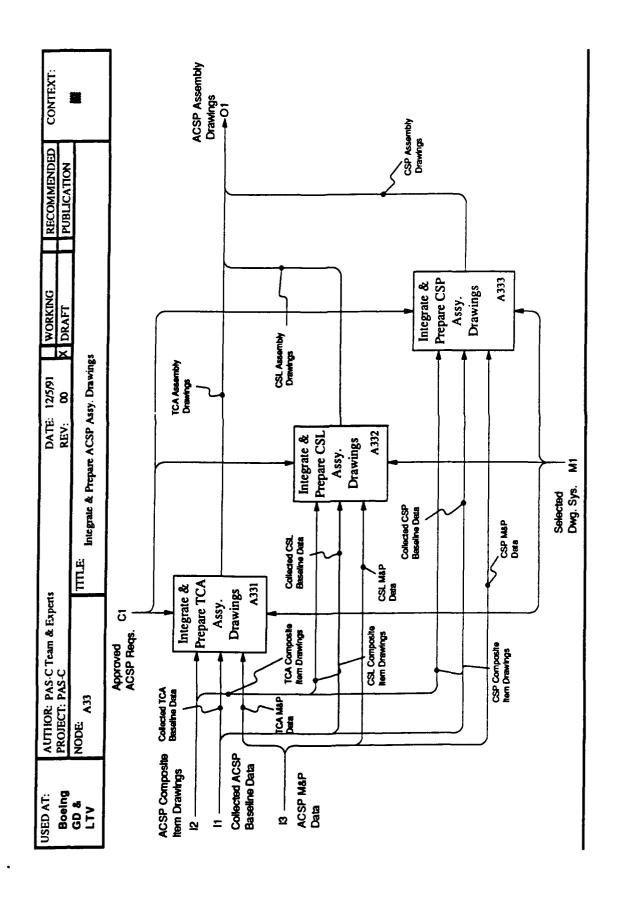
A4132 Review CSP Core Analysis

A4133 Review CSP Edge & Fastener Analysis

CONTEXT: RECOMMENDED PUBLICATION WORKING X DRAFT DATE: 12/5/91 REV: 00 TITLE AUTHOR: PAS-C Team & Experts PROJECT: PAS-C NODE: A3 Boeing GD & LTV USED AT:



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# A33: Integrate & Prepare ACSP Assy. Drawings

### Activities:

A331 Integrate & Prepare TCA Assy. Drawings
Collet the TCA composite item details and integrate them into a TCA assembly drawing.

A332 Integrate & Prepare CSL Assy. Drawings
Collect the CSL composite details and integrate them into a CSL assembly drawing.

Integrate & Prepare CSP Assy. Drawings
Collect the CSP composite item details and integrate them into a CSP assembly drawing.

### Inputs:

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A333

Collected ACSP Baseline Data
This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

raintainability studies.

Collected TCA Baseline Data
This collected haseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected to preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability enails.

the selected TCA preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

Collected CSI. Baseline Data
This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected CSI. preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected CSL preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

Collected CSP Baseline Data

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected CSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

ACSP Composite Item Drawings

The ACSP composite item drawings are all the design details of the subcomponents and assembly of the ACSP.

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1CA Composite Item Drawings
The TCA composite item drawings are all the design details of the subcomponents and assembly of the TCA.

CSL Composite Item Drawings

The CSL composite item drawings are all the design details of the subcomponents and assembly of the CSL.

CSP Composite Item Drawings
 The CSP composite item drawings are all the design details of the subcomponents and assembly of the CSP.

ACSP M&P Data

13

This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the ACSP.

TCA M&P Data

This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the TCA.

CSL M&P Data

This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the CSL.

CSP M&P Data
This is all the necessary materials and processes data for the composite materials that make up the CSP.

IJ

Controls:

Approved ACSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to an ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

### Outputs:

Ol ACSP Assembly Drawings

ACSP Assembly drawings show how the composite component items are positioned in an assembly.

TCA Assembly Drawings
 TCA Assembly drawings show how the composite component items are positioned in an assembly.

- CSL Assembly Drawings
  CSL Assembly drawings show how the composite component items are positioned in an assembly.
- CSP Assembly Drawings CSP Assembly drawings show how the composite component items are positioned in an assembly.

#### Mechanisms:

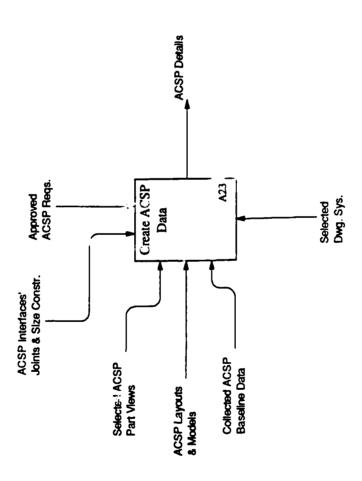
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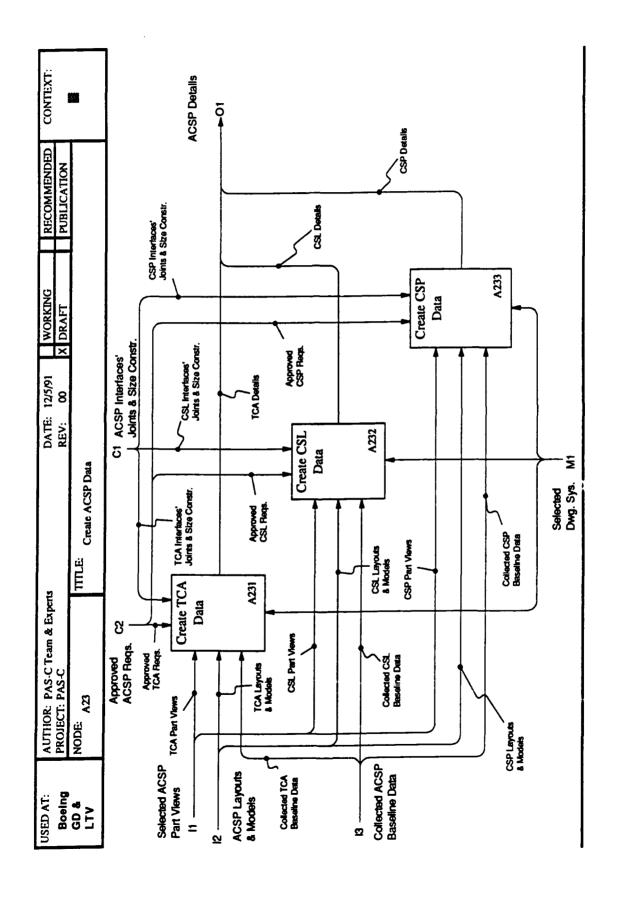
Selected Dwg. Sys.
This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

(None)

USED AT:	AUTHOR: PAS-C Team & Expert	Ņ	DATE: 12/5/91	12/5/91	WORKING	RECOMMENDED	CONTEXT:
Boeing	PROJECT: PAS-C		REV: 00	8	X DRAFT	PUBLICATION	
SD &	NODE	TTT.E.					
LTV	77						





## A23: Create ACSP Data

#### Activities:

## A231 Create TCA Data

This activity consists of the creation of all the TCA design data which includes the cap, angles, and filler geometry, mating interface parameters and manufacturing process constraints.

### A232 Create CSL Data

This activity consists of the creation of all the CSL design data which includes the cap. angles, and filler geometry, mating interface parameters and manufacturing process constraints.

## A233 Create CSP Data

This activity consists of the creation of all the CSP design data which includes the cap. angles, and filler geometry, mating interface parameters and manufacturing process constraints.

#### Inputs:

## 11 Selected ACSP Part Views

The selected ACSP part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.

- The selected TCA part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.
- The selected CSL part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.
- The selected CSP part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.

## ACSP Layouts & Models

2

The ACSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry required of the design.

· TCA Layouts & Models

The TCA layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the TCA.

· CSL Layouts & Models

The CSL layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the CSL.

### CSP Layouts & Models

The CSP layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the CSP.

## Collected ACSP Baseline Data

13

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected ACSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

Collected TCA Baseline Data

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected TCA preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

Collected CSL Baseline Data

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected CSL preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

Collected CSP Baseline Data

This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the selected CSP preliminary design, test data and producibility and maintainability studies.

#### Controls:

# ACSP Interfaces, Joints, and Size Constraints

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The ACSP interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints.

- The TCA interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints.
- The CSL interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints.
- The CSP interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints.

### Approved ACSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to a ACSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

Approved TCA Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to a TCA. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

Approved CSL Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to a CSL. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

Approved CSP Reqs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to a CSP. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

#### Outputs:

ACSP Details

ō

ACSP details consists of all the design data required of the ACSP as a result of mating interfaces and joints, and internal design, and manufacturing considerations. This all takes the form of drawings and parts lists that are distributed to other user functions.

TCA Details

TCA details consists of all the design data required of the TCA as a result of mating interfaces and joints, and internal design, and manufacturing considerations. This all takes the form of drawings and parts lists that are distributed to other user functions.

CSL Details

CSL details consists of all the design data required of the CSL as a result of mating interfaces and joints, and internal design, and manufacturing considerations. This all takes the form of drawings and parts lists that are distributed to other user functions.

CSP Details

CSP details consists of all the design data required of the CSP as a result of mating interfaces and joints, and internal design, and manufacturing considerations. This all takes the form of drawings and parts lists that are distributed to other user functions.

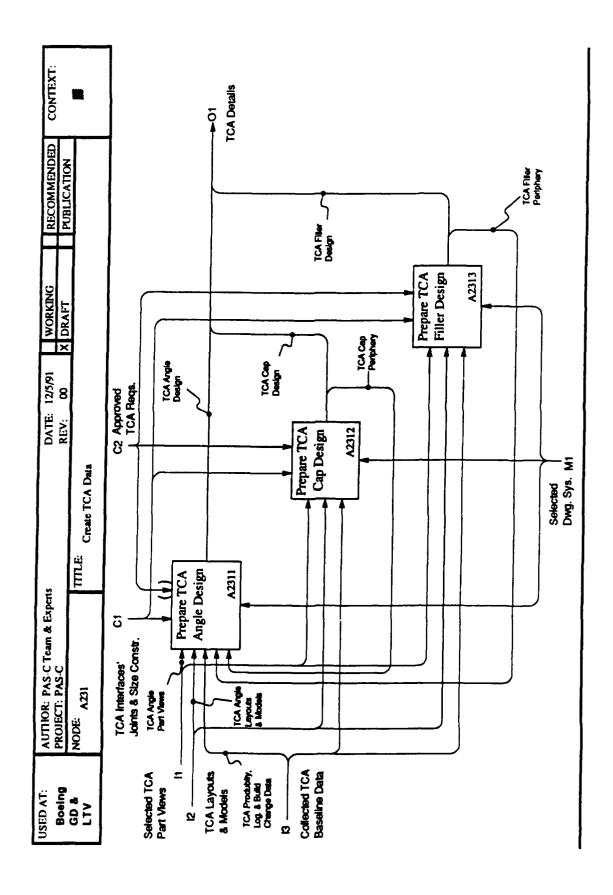
#### Mechanisms:

M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

(None)



## A231: Create TCA Data

#### Activities:

### Prepare TCA Angle Design A2311

Prepare all of the design data necessary for the angles of the TCA. This involves tailoring the laminate design process to meet the geometric constraints and interfaces, internal and external to the TCA.

### Prepare TCA Cap Design A2312

Prepare all of the design data necessary for the cap of the TCA. This involves tailoring the laminate design process to meet the geometric constraints and interfaces, internal and external to the TCA.

### Prepare TCA Filler Design A2313

Prepare all of the design data necessary for the filler of the TCA. This is primarily based on the envelope, material features and the producibility and inspectability of the filler when assembled.

#### Inputs:

## Selected TCA Part Views

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The selected TCA part views are the top, front, side and cross-section views necessary to show the geometric features.

### TCA Angle Part Views

The TCA angle part views are the various selected views necessary to show the desired features. These include the typical front, top and side

## TCA Layouts & Models

2

The TCA layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry required of the design.

### TCA Angle Layouts & Models

The TCA angle layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the TCA.

## Collected TCA Baseline Data

~

selected TCA preliminary design, test data and producibility and This collected baseline drawing data consists of all the drawing data from the maintainability studies necessary for the filler design.

1CA Producibility Log. & Build Change Data

This is the TCA's producibility data as developed, based on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

#### Controls:

# TCA Interfaces, Joints, and Size Constraints

 $\Box$ 

The TCA interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints.

### Approved TCA Reqs.

 $C_2$ 

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to a TCA. The include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

#### Outputs:

### TCA Details

ō

TCA details consists of the design data required for the angle, cap and filler.

### TCA Angle Design

laminate information necessary to produce the angles and install them in The TCA angle design consists of all the geometry and associated

### TCA Cap Design

The TCA cap design consists of all the geometry and associated laminate information necessary to produce the caps and install them in a TCA.

### TCA Filler Design

The TCA filler design is based on the envelope and material features that are necessary for the filler within the TCA.

#### Mechanisms:

### Selected Dwg. Sys. Ξ

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

TCA Cap Design
The TCA cap design consists of all the geometry and associated laminate information necessary to produce the caps and install them in a TCA.

TCA Filler Design

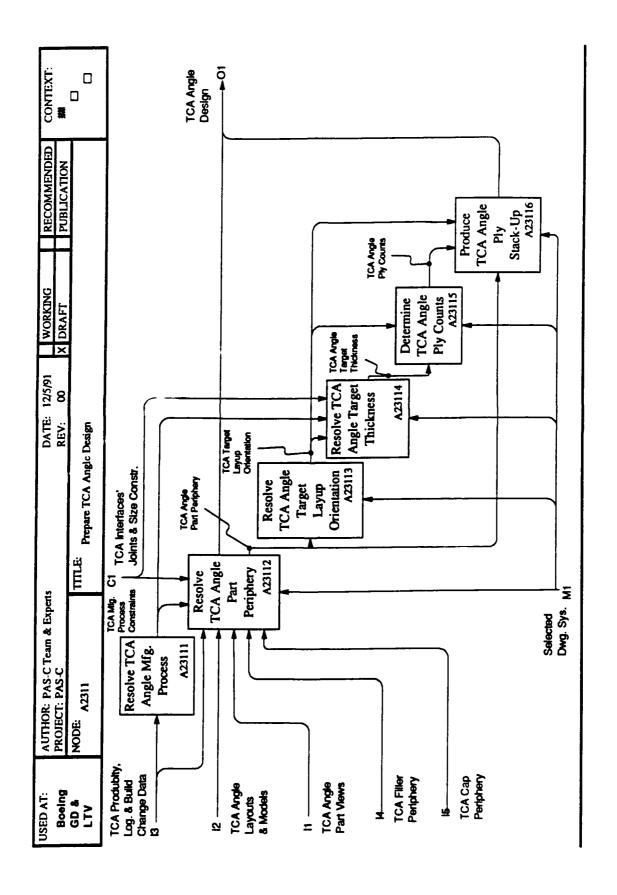
The TCA filler design is based on the envelope and material features that are necessary for the filler within the TCA.

TCA Cap Periphery

The TCA cap periphery is the geometry envelope of the cap due to tooling, mating part interfaces and edge parameters.

TCA Filler Periphery

The TCA filler periphery is the geometry envelope of the filler as needed to meet the tooling, inspectability and strength features, if desired.



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# A2311: Prepare TCA Angle Design

#### Activities

A23111 Resolve TCA Angle Mfg. Process
Resolve the TCA angle manufacturing issues which involve the layout, tooling
and inspection issues.

A23112 Resolve TCA Angle Part Periphery
Resolve the TCA angle part periphery due to tailoring, part interfaces and skin
edge parameters.

A23113 Resolve TCA Angle Target Layup Orientation
Resolve the TCA target layup orientation of the plies based on the design rules established for %, 45°, 90° plies in the subject area.

rules established for %, 43°, 90° plies in the subject area.

A23114 Resolve TCA Angle Target Thickness

Resolve the TCA target thickness based on interfaces to other parts, tooling

constraints and strength considerations.

A23115 Determine TCA Angle Ply Counts
Determine the TCA angle ply counts based on the guidelines established due

to the target lay-up orientations and target thickness.

A23116 Produce TCA Angle Ply Stack-Up

Produce the TCA ply stack-up which shows the ply sequence, ply tables and

### Inputs:

the specific ply periphery details.

II TCA Angle Part Views
The TCA angle part views are the various selected views necessary to show the desired features. These include the typical front, top and side views.

TCA Angle Layouts & Models

The TCA angle layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry required of the TCA.

TCA Producibility Log. & Build Change Data
This is the TCA's producibility data as developed, based on manefacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

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I4 TCA Core Periphery

The TCA core periphery is the edge and internal envelope as constrained by the structural or nonstructural interfaces.

### Controls:

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TCA Interfaces, Joints, and Size Constraints

The TCA interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration. The overall panel size is dictated by the

area it supports in the next higher assembly.

#### Outputs:

O1 TCA Angle Part Details

These are the angle part details of the TCA as designed to meet the design requirements. This includes the angle part periphery, thickness lay-up orientation and ply stack-up.

### Mechanisms:

M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

TCA Mfg. Process Constraints

These are the specific TCA design constraint as a result of manufacturing issues which involve the lay-up, tooling and inspection issues.

TCA Target Lay-Up Orientation

The TCA target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %, 45, 90° orientation in the subject area.

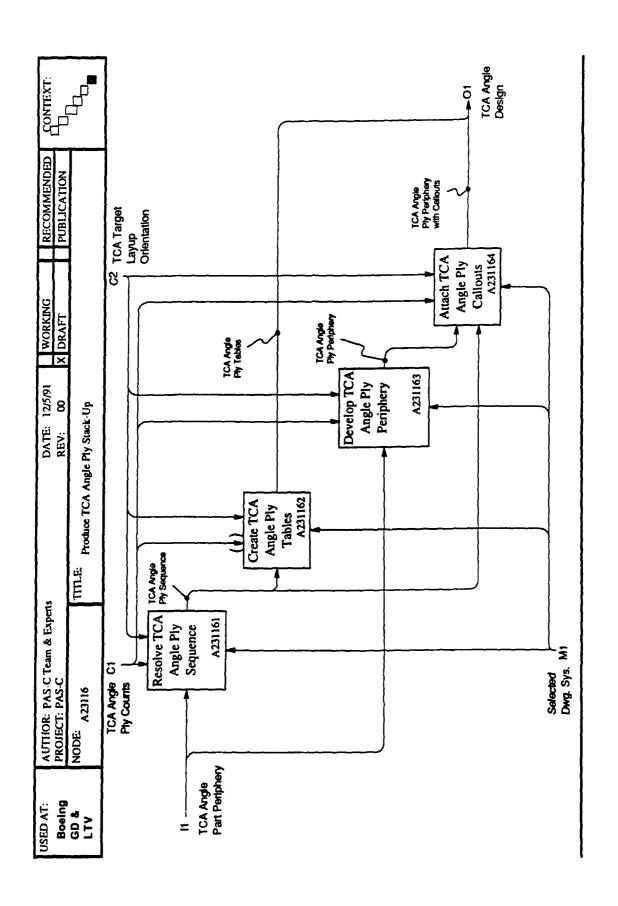
TCA Target Thickness

The TCA target thickness is based on interfaces to other parts, tooling constraints and strength considerations.

TCA Ply Counts

The TCA ply counts are based on the target lay-up orientations and target thickness.

TCA Angle Part Periphery
This is the TCA angle part periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints.



# A23116: Produce TCA Angle Ply Stack-Up

#### Activities:

## A231161 Resolve TCA Angle Ply Sequence

Resolve the TCA angle ply sequence by showing the laminate layer in the order of build-up from an IML or OML tool.

## A231162 Create TCA Angle Ply Tables

Create the TCA angle ply tables based on the sequence input and other pertinent design information.

## A231163 Develop TCA Angle Ply Periphery

Develop the TCA angle ply periphery based on tooling constraints in the basic areas, and at the edges, and the geometrical interfaced to other mating parts.

## A231164 Attach TCA Angle Ply Callouts

Attach the TCA angle ply callouts to each ply in the TCA laminate by assigning a part number to each of the plies.

#### Inputs:

## TCA Angle Part Periphery

Ξ

This is the TCA angle part periphery based on tooling constraints in the basic areas, and at the edges, and the geometrical interfaces to other mating parts.

#### Controls:

### TCA Angle Ply Counts ت

The TCA ply counts are the desired ply counts based on the target lay-up orientations and the target thickness.

### TCA Target Lay-Up Orientation $C_{2}$

The TCA target lay up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %, 45°, 90° orientation in the subject area.

#### Outputs:

### TCA Angle Part Details <del>-</del>0

The TCA angle part details consist of part periphery with callouts and ply table.

## ICA Angle Part Periphery with Callouts

This is the TCA angle part periphery as dictated by teoling and mating part constraints with unique identifying ply numbers.

TCA Angle Ply Table This TCA angle ply table is the combination of the laminates part and ply numbers, material, fiber orientations, splices and changes.

### Mechanisms:

### Selected Dwg. Sys. Ξ

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

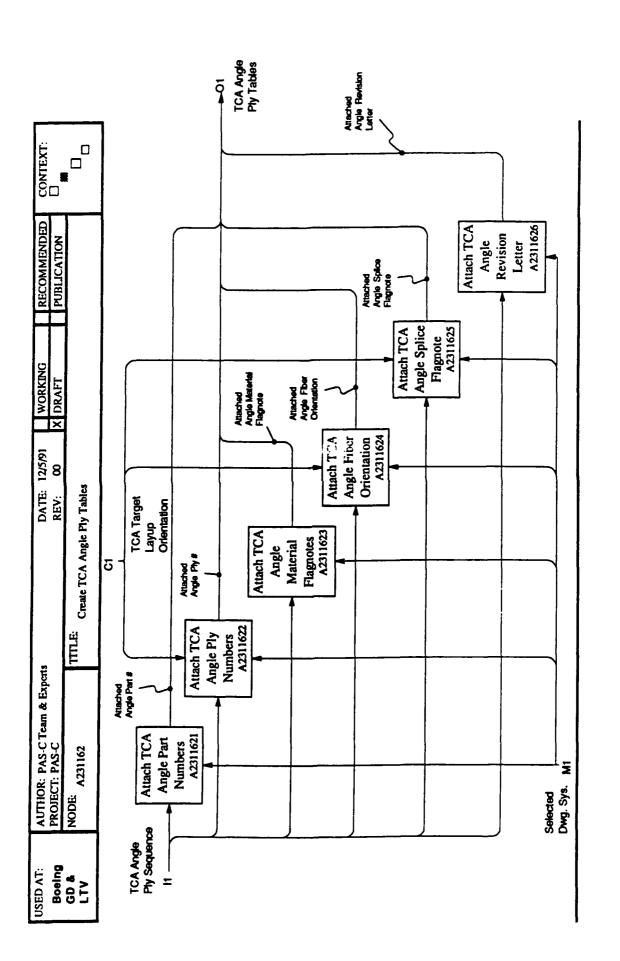
### Process Interactions:

### TCA Angle Ply Sequence

This is the designed angle ply sequence of the TCA which shows the ply sequence in the laminate layer in the order of build-up from an IMI, or

### TCA Angle Ply Periphery

This is the TCA angle ply periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints.



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# A231162: Create TCA Angle Tables

#### Activities:

## A2311621 Attach TCA Angle Part Numbers

Attach the assigned TCA angle part number to the TCA angle ply table.

## A2311622 Attach TCA Angle Ply Numbers

Attach the assigned TCA angle ply number to the TCA angle ply table.

# A2311623 Attach TCA Angle Material Flagnotes

Attach the various TCA angle material flagnotes to the TCA angle ply table.

# A2311624 Attach TCA Angle Fiber Orientation

Attach the angle fiber orientation to the TCA angle ply table.

## A2311625 Attach TCA Angle Splice Flagnote

Attach the angle splice stagnotes to the TCA angle ply table.

## A2311626 Attach TCA Angle Revision Letter

Attach the appropriate revision letter, of the change status, to the TCA angle ply

#### Inputs:

### TCA Angle Ply Sequence =

This is the designed angle ply sequence of the TCA which shows the ply sequence in the laminate layer in the order of build-up from an IML or OML <u>tool</u>.

#### Controls:

### TCA Target Lay-Up Orientation C

The TCA target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %", 45°, 90° orientation in the subject area.

#### Outputs:

### TCA Angle Ply Table ō

This TCA angle ply table is the combination of the lanunates part and ply numbers, material, fiber orientations, splices and changes.

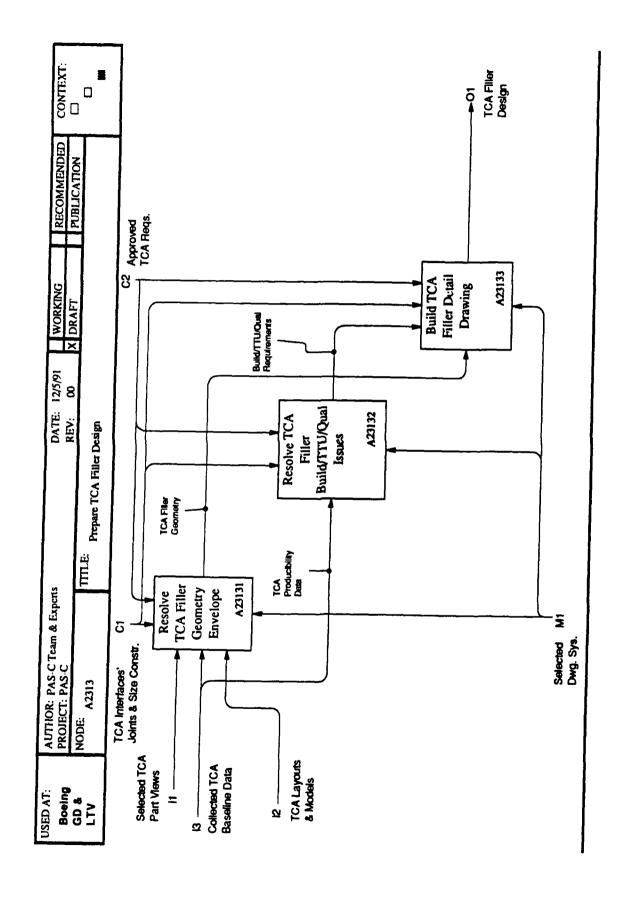
### Mechanisms:

### Selected Dwg. Sys. Ξ

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

- Attached Angle Part & Ply Number
- Attached Angle Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes
- Attached Angle Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes & Fiber Orientation
- Attached Angle Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes & Fiber Orientation & Splice Flagnote



# A2313: Prepare TCA Filler Design

#### Activities:

Resolve the TCA filler geometry envelope to meet the envelope constraints of the Resolve TCA Filler Geometry Envelope A23131

angles and cap in the transverse and longitudinal directions.

Resolve all of the TCA filler producibility and its rough transmission inspectability Resolve TCA Filler Build/TTU/Quality Issues within the assembly. A23132

**Build TCA Filler Detail Drawing** A23133

Build the detail drawings for the TCA filler.

#### Inputs:

This collected TCA baseline data consists of the selected preliminary TCA design, Collect TCA Baseline Data =

test data and producibility and maintainability studies necessary for the filler Selected TCA Part Views

2

The selected TCA part views are the top, front and side views necessary to show TCA Layouts & Models the TCA details of the filler. 13

The TCA layouts and models are all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the TCA.

This is all the producibility data generated for the TCA based on existing manufacturing resources and tolerances. TCA Producibility Data

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#### Controls:

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 $C_2$ 

The TCA interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints. TCA Interfaces, Joints & Size Constraints

These are the functional and cross functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the TCA. These include the technical performance constraints of Approved TCA Regs.

## Outputs:

5

the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The

pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

The TCA filler design is based on the envelope and material features that are necessary for the filler within the TCA. TCA Filler Design

### Mechanisms:

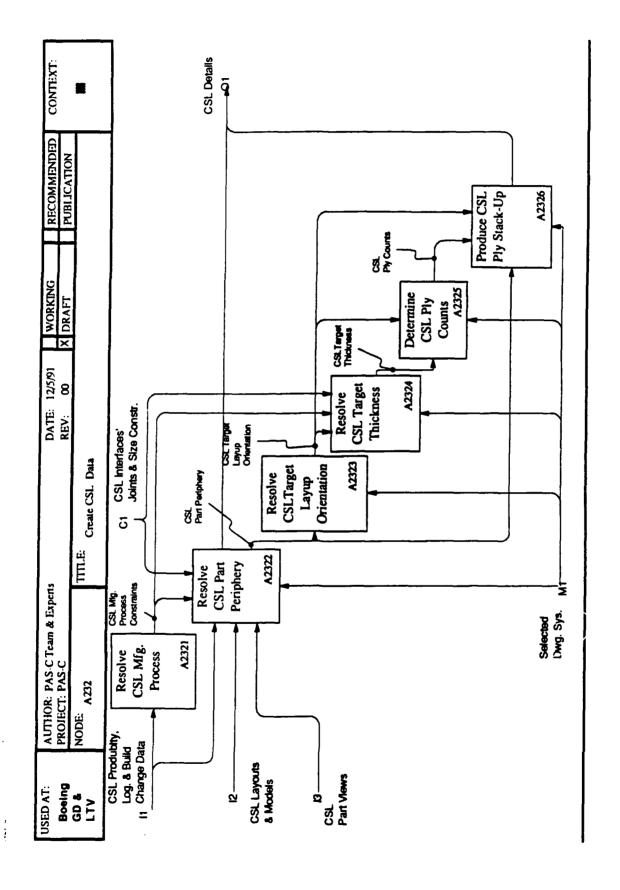
Ξ

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design Selected Dwg. Sys. development.

### Process Interactions:

The TCA filler geometry is the envelope necessary to meet the overall TCA Filler Geometry TCA design requirements.

The build/TIU/quality requirements are the producibility and inspectability parameters necessary for the filler design. Build/TTU/Quality Requirements



## A232: Create CSL Details

#### Activities:

## A2321 Resolve CSL Mfg. Process

Resolve the CSL angle manufacturing issues which involve the layout, tooling and inspection issues.

## A2322 Resolve CSL Part Periphery

Resolve the CSL part periphery due to tailoring, part interfaces and skin edge parameters.

# A2323 Resolve CSL Target Lay-up Orientation

Resolve the CSL target lay-up orientation of the plies based on the design rules established for %, 45°, 90° plies in the subject area.

## A2324 Resolve CSL Target Thickness

Resolve the CSL target thickness based on interfaces to other parts, tooling constraints and strength considerations.

## A2325 Determine CSL Ply Counts

Determine the CSL ply counts hased on the guidelines established due to the target lay up orientations and target thickness.

## A2326 Produce CSL Ply Stack-Up

Produce the CSL ply stack-up which shows the ply sequence, ply tables and the specific ply periphery details.

#### Inputs:

### 11 CSL Part Views

The CSL part views are the various selected views necessary to show the desired features. These include the typical front, top and side views.

## 12 CSL Layouts & Models

The USL layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry required of the USL.

# 13 CSL Producibility Log. & Build Change Data

Thus is the CSL's producibility data as developed, hased on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

### CSL Core Periphery

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The CSL core periphery is the edge and internal envelope as constrain 4 by the structural or nonstructural interfaces.

#### Controls:

# Cl CSL Interfaces, Joints, and Size Constraints

The CSI interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration. The overall panel size is dictated by the area it supports in the next higher assembly.

#### Outputs:

### Ol CSL Part Details

These are the part details of the CSL as designed to meet the design requirements. This includes the part periphery, thickness lay-up orientation and ply stack-up.

#### Mechanisms:

### M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

## CSL Mfg. Process Constraints

These are the specific CSL design constraint as a result of manufacturing issues which involve the lay-up, tooling and inspection issues.

## CSL Target Lay-Up Orientation

The CSL target lay up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for % . 45°, 90° orientation in the subject area.

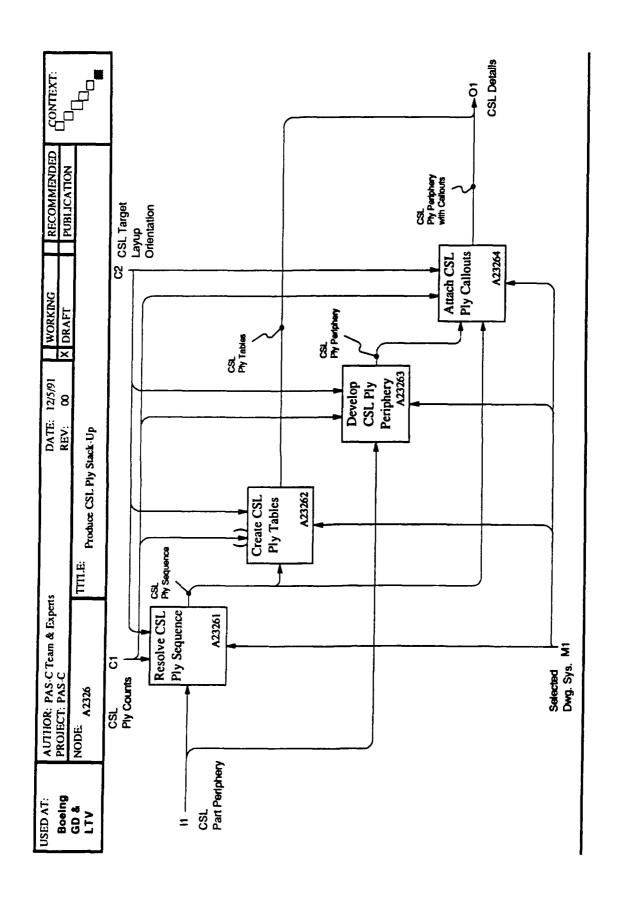
### CSL Target Thickness

The CSL target thickness is based on interfaces to other parts, tooling constraints and strength considerations.

### CSL Ply Counts

The CSL ply counts are based on the target lay-up orientations and target thickness.

CSL Part Periphery
This is the CSL part periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints.



# A2326: Produce CSL PLY Stack-Up

#### Activities:

A23261 Resolve CSL Ply Sequence

Resolve the CSL ply sequence by showing the laminate layer in the order of buildup from an IML or OML tool.

A23262 Create CSL Ply Tables

Create the CSI, ply tables based on the sequence input and other pertinent design information.

A23263 Develop CSL Ply Periphery

Develop the CSL ply periphery based on tooling constraints in the basic areas, and at the edges, and the geometrical interfaced to other mating parts.

A23264 Attach CSL Ply Callouts

Attach the CSL ply callouts to each ply in the CSL laminate by assigning a part number to each of the plies.

#### Inputs:

11 CSL Part Periphery

This is the CSL angle part periphery based on tooling constraints in the basic areas, and at the edges, and the geometrical interfaces to other mating parts.

#### Controls:

C1 CSL Ply Counts

The CSL ply counts are the desired ply counts based on the target lay-up orientations and the target thickness.

C2 CSL Target Lay-Up Orientation

The CSL target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %, 45°, 90° orientation in the subject area.

#### Outputs:

O1 CSL Part Details

The CSL part details consist of part periphery with callouts and ply table.

CSL Part Periphery with Callouts
This is the CSL part periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part

constraints with unique identifying ply numbers.

CSI. Ply Table
This CSI. ply table is the combination of the laminates part and ply number, material, fiber orientations, splices and changes.

### Mechanisms:

M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

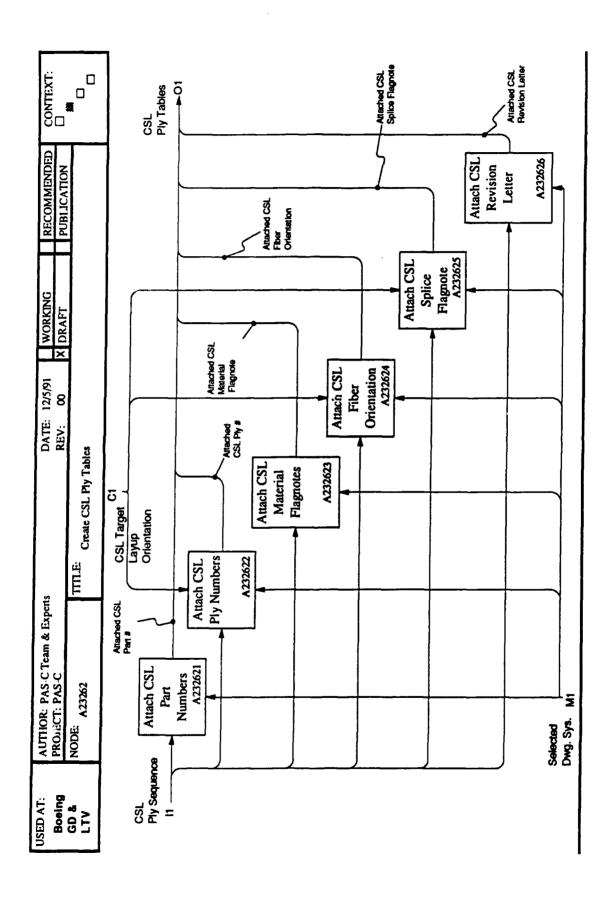
### Process Interactions:

CSL Ply Sequence

This is the designed ply sequence of the CSL which shows the ply sequence in the laminate layer in the order of build up from an IML or OML tool.

CSL Ply Periphery

This is the CSL ply periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints.



## A23262: Create CSL Tables

sms:	M1 Selected Dwg. Sys. This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.  Process Interactions:		Attached CSL Part & Ply Number	Attached CSL Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes     Autoched CSL Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes	& Fiber Orientation	Attached CSL Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes & Fiber Orientation & Splice Flagnote
Mechanisms:	M	Process I				
S:	1 Attach CSL Part Numbers Attach the assigned CSL part number to the CSL ply table.	A232622 Attach CSL Ply Numbers Attach the assigned CSL ply number to the CSL ply table.	A232623 Attach CSL Material Flugnotes Attach the various CSL material flagnotes to the CSL ply table.	A232624 Attach CSL Fiber Orientation Attach the angle fiber orientation to the CSL ply table.	Solution CSL Splice Flagnote Attach the angle splice flagnotes to the CSL ply table.	A232626 Attach CSL Revision Letter Attach the appropriate revision letter, of the change status, to the CSL ply table.
Activities:	A232621	A232622	A232623	A232624	A232625	A232626

#### Controls:

This is the designed ply sequence of the CSL which shows the ply sequence in the laminate layer in the order of build-up from an IML or OML tool.

CSL Ply Sequence

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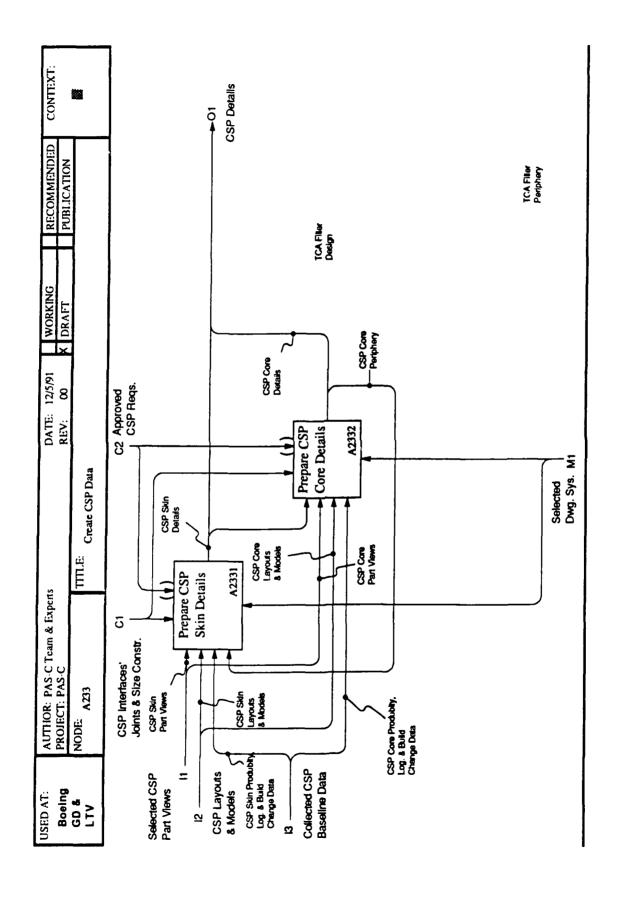
Inputs:

C1 CSL Target Lay-Up Orientation
The CSL target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %, 45°, 90° orientation in the subject area.

#### Outputs:

ō

TCA Angle Ply Table
This TCA angle ply table is the combination of the laminates part and ply numbers, material, fiber orientations, splices and changes.



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## A233: Create CSP Data

#### Activities:

## A2331 Prepare CSP Skin Details

This is the preparation of all the CSP skin details to resolve the skin periphery, thickness, layup orientation and ply stack-up.

## A2332 Prepare CSP Core Details

This is the preparation of all the CSP core details to resolve the core periphery, thickness, density, material, transition and ribbon features.

#### Inputs:

## 11 Selected CSP Part Views

The selected CSP part views consist of the respective top, front, and side views of the skin and core areas of the CSP.

### CSP Skin Part Views

The CSP skin part views are the various selected views necessary to show the desired features. These include the typical front, top and side views

## CSP Layouts & Models

12

The CSP Layouts and models are all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the CSP skin and core.

### CSP Skin Layouts & Models

The CSP skin layouts and models are all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the skin.

### CSP Core Layouts & Models

The CSP core layouts and models are all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the core.

## 13 Collected CSP Baseline Data

This collected CSP baseline data consists of the selected preliminary CSP design, test data and producibility and maintainability.

## CSP Producibility Log. & Build Change Data

This is the CSP's producibility data as developed, based on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

#### Controls:

# C1 CSP Interfaces, Joints & Size Constraints

The CSP interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration along with the overall panel size constraints.

## C2 Approved CSP Regs.

These are the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the CSP. These include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. The pertinent functions are from the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities.

#### Outputs:

### Ol CSP Details

CSP details consist of all the design data for the CSP skin and core.

### CSP Skin Details

These are the details of the CSP skin as designed to meet the design requirements. This includes the skin periphery, thickness, lay-up orientation and ply stack-up.

### CSP Core Details

The CSP core details consist of the core periphery, thickness, density, internal, transition and ribbon features.

### Mechanisms:

### MI Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

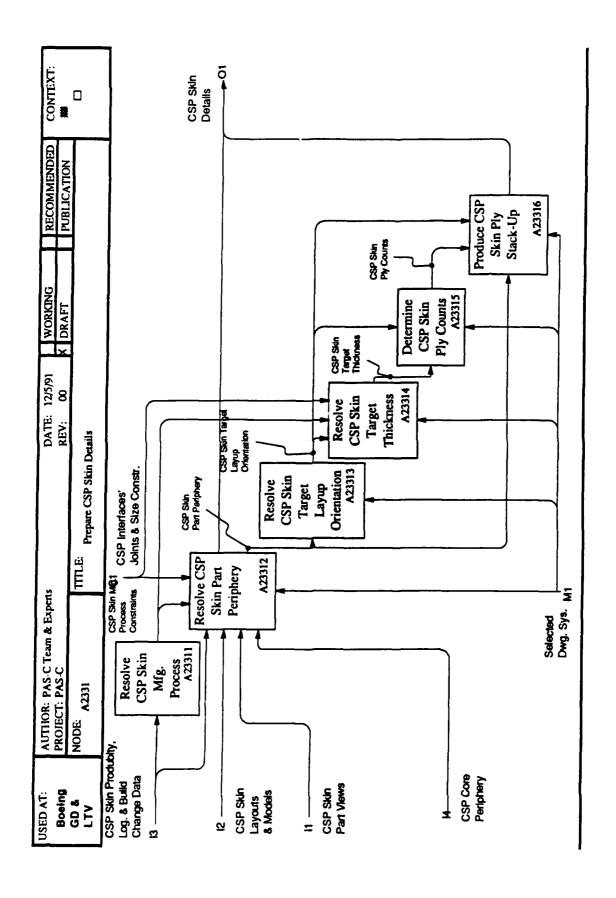
### Process Interactions:

### CSP Skin Details

These are the details of the CSP skin as designed to meet the design requirements. This includes the skin periphery, thickness, lay-up orientation and ply stack-up.

### CSP Core Details

The CSP core details consist of the core periphery, thickness, density, internal, transltion and ribbon features.



# A2331: Prepare CSP Skin Details

#### Activities:

## A23311 Resolve CSP Skin Mfg. Process

Resolve the CSP skin manufacturing issues which involve the layout, tooling and inspection issues.

## A23312 Resolve CSP Skin Part Periphery

Resolve the CSP skin part periphery due to tailoring, part interfaces and skin edge parameters.

# A23313 Resolve CSP Skin Target Layup Orientation

Resolve the CSP target layup orientation of the plies based on the design rules established for %, 45, 90° plies in the subject area.

## A23314 Resolve CSP Skin Target Thickness

Resolve the CSP target thickness based on interfaces to other parts, tooling constraints and strength considerations.

## A23315 Determine CSP Skin Ply Counts

Determine the Skin ply counts based on the guidelines established due to the target lay-up orientations and target thickness.

## A23316 Produce CSP Skin Ply Stack-Up

Produce the CSP skin ply stack-up which shows the ply sequence, ply tables and the specific ply periphery details.

#### Inputs:

## 11 CSP Skin Part Views

The CSP skin part views are the various selected views necessary to show the desired features. These include the typical front, top and side views.

## 12 CSP Skin Layouts & Models

The CSP skin layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry required of the CSP.

# 13 CSP Producibility Log. & Build Change Data

This is the CSP's producibility data as developed, based on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

### CSP Core Periphery

4

The CSP core periphery is the edge and internal envelope as constrained by the structural or nonstructural interfaces.

#### Controls:

# C1 CSP Interfaces, Joints, and Size Constraints

The CSP interfaces, joints and size constraints are from the various mating parts envelope and joint configuration. The overall panel size is dictated by the area it supports in the next higher assembly.

#### Outputs:

### Ol CSP Skin Details

These are the skin details of the CSP as designed to meet the design requirements. This includes the angle part periphery, thickness lay-up orientation and ply stack-up.

#### Mechanisms:

## M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

## CSP Mfg. Process Constraints

These are the specific CSP design constraint as a result of manufacturing issues which involve the lay-up, tooling and inspection issues.

## CSP Target Lay-Up Orientation

The CSP target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %, 45, 90° orientation in the subject area.

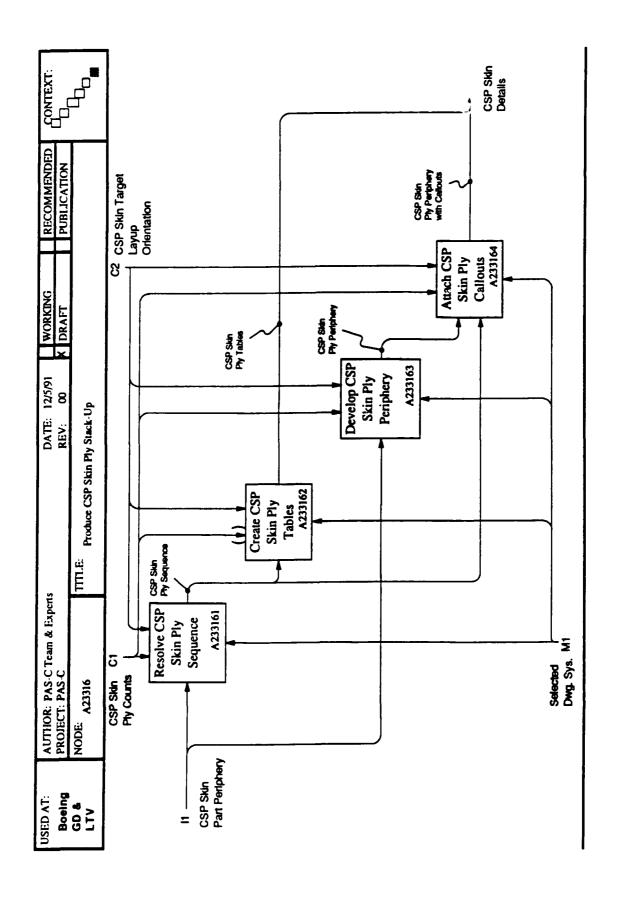
### CSP Target Thickness

The CSP target thickness is based on interfaces to other parts, tooling constraints and strength considerations.

### CSP Ply Counts

The CSP ply counts are based on the target lay-up orientations and target thickness.

CSP Part Periphery
This is the CSP part periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints.



# A23316: Produce CSP Skin Ply Stack-Up

#### Activities:

## A233161 Resolve CSP Skin Ply Sequence

Resolve the CSP skin ply sequence by showing the laminate layer in the order of build up from an IMI, or OMI, tool.

## A233162 Create CSP Skin Ply Tables

Create the CSP skin ply tables based on the sequence input and other pertinent design information.

## A233163 Develop CSP Skin Ply Periphery

Develop the CNP skin ply periphery based on tooling constraints in the basic areas, and at the edges, and the geometrical interfaced to other mating parts.

## A233164 Attach CSP Skin Ply Callouts

Attach the CSP skin ply callouts to each ply in the CSP skin laminate by assigning a part number to each of the plies.

#### Inputs:

## CSP Skin Part Periphery

This is the CSP skin part periphery based on tooling constraints in the basic areas, and at the edges, and the geometrical interfaces to other mating parts.

#### Controls:

## C1 CSP Skin Ply Counts

The USP skin ply counts are the desired ply counts based on the target lay-up orientations and the target thickness.

## C2 CSP Skin Target Lay-Up Orientation

The CSP skin target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for  $q_n^2$ , 45°,  $00^{\circ}$  orientation in the subject area.

#### Outputs:

## O1 CSP Skin Details

The USP skin details consist of part periphery with callouts and ply table.

## CSP Ply Periphery with Callouis

This is the CSP ply periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints with unique identifying ply numbers.

#### CSP Skin Ply Table

This CSP skin ply table is the combination of the laminates part and ply numbers, material, fiber orientations, splices and changes.

#### Mechanisms:

## M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

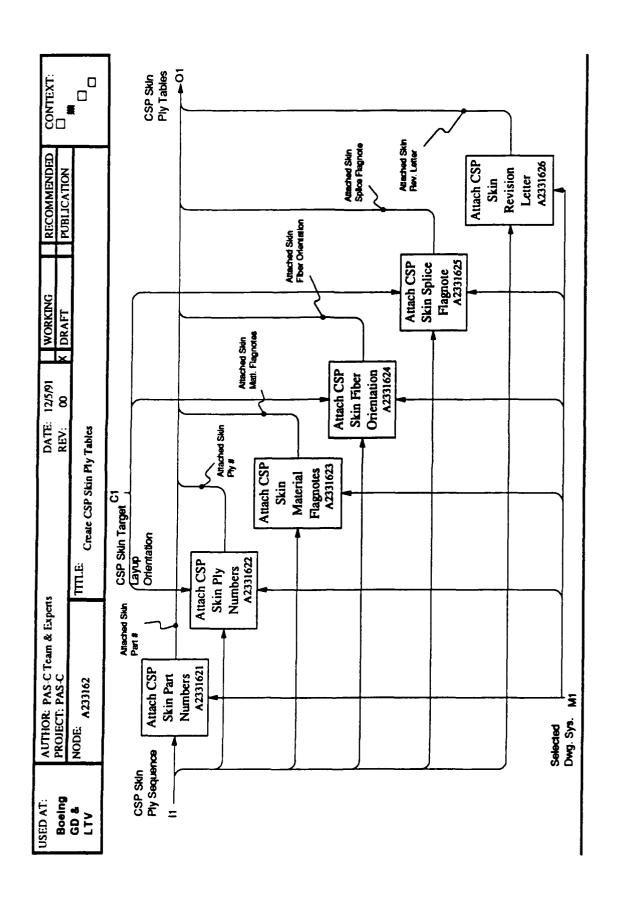
### Process Interactions:

## CSP Skin Ply Sequence

This is the designed angle ply sequence of the CSP which shows the ply sequence in the laminate layer in the order of build-up from an IMI, or OMI, tool.

## CSP Skin Ply Periphery

This is the CSP skin ply periphery as dictated by tooling and mating part constraints.



# A233162: Create CSP Skin Ply Tables

#### This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design Selected Dwg. Sys. development. Mechanisms: Ξ Attach the assigned CSP Skin part number to the CSP skin ply table. A2331621 Attach CSP Skin Part Numbers Activities:

# A2331623 Attach CSP Skin Material Flagnotes Attach the various CSP skin material flagnotes to the CSP skin ply table.

Attach the assigned CSP skin ply number to the CSP skin ply table.

A2331622 Attach CSP Skin Ply Numbers

A2331624 Attach CSP Skin Fiber Orientation
Attach the angle fiber orientation to the USP skin ply table.

## A2331625 Attach CSP Skin Splice Flagnote Attach the skin splice flagnotes to the CSP skin pty table.

A2331626 Attach CSP Skin Revision Letter
Attach the appropriate revision letter, of the change status, to the CSP skin ply

#### Inputs:

Ξ

CSP Skin Ply Sequence
This is the designed angle ply sequence of the CSP which shows the ply sequence in the laminate layer in the order of build-up from an IML or OML

#### Controls:

C

CSP Target Lay-Up Orientation
The CSP target lay-up orientation is based on the laminate design rules for %, 45°, 90° orientation in the subject area.

#### Outputs:

This CSP skin ply table is the combination of the laminates part and ply numbers, material, fiber orientations, splices and changes.

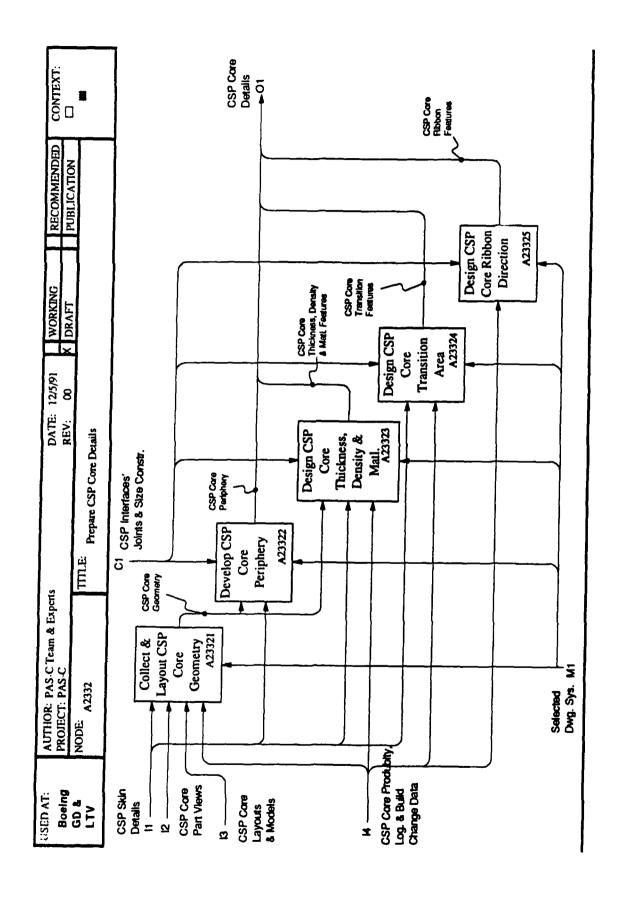
CSP Skin Ply Table

<u></u>

## Attached Skin Part & Ply Number

Process Interactions:

- Attached Skin Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes
- Attached Skin Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes & Fiber Orientation
- Attached Skin Part & Ply Number & Material Flagnotes & Fiber Orientation & Splice Flagnote



## A2332: Prepare CSP Core Details

Controls:	C1 CSP Interfaces, Joints & Size Constraints  These are the various mating part's envelope constraints and joint configuration.  The overall panel size is dictated by the area it supports in the next higher	Outputs:	OI CSP Core Details The CSP core details consist of the core periphery with callouts and ply table.	<ul> <li>CSP Core Periphery         The CSP core periphery is the edge and internal envelope as constrained by the structural or nonstructural interfaces.     </li> </ul>	• CSP Core Thickness, Density & Matl. Features The CSP core thickness, density & material features of the CSP core.	•	CSP Core Ribbon Features     This is the designed core ribbon direction as necessary to take the	bending or axial load of the CSP.	Mechanisms:	
35:	Collect & Layout CSP Core Geometry Collect all the necessary geometry inputs necessary to layout the core in a core stiffened panel.	Develop CSP Core Periphery Develop the USP core periphery based on its edge band and interface to structural or nonstructural parts.	Design CSP Core Thickness, Density & Matl. Design the CSP core thickness, density & material to meet the weight, stress loads	and minimum manufacturing constraints.  A23324 Design CSP Core Transition Area  Design the CSP core transition area to receive the core tonged bostom removed in	along with the ramp angle.	Design CSP Core Ribbon Direction Design the CSP's core ribbon direction to take advantage of the load paths due to bending or axial loads.		CSP Skin Details The CSP skin details consist of part periphery with callouts and ply table.	CSP Core Part Views	435
Activities:	A23321	A23322	A23323	A23324		A23325	Inputs:	=	12	

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

#### Process Interactions:

This is the geometry characteristics of the core as configured within the CSP envelope. CSP Core Geometry

> This is the CSP's core producibility data as developed, hased on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production

problems.

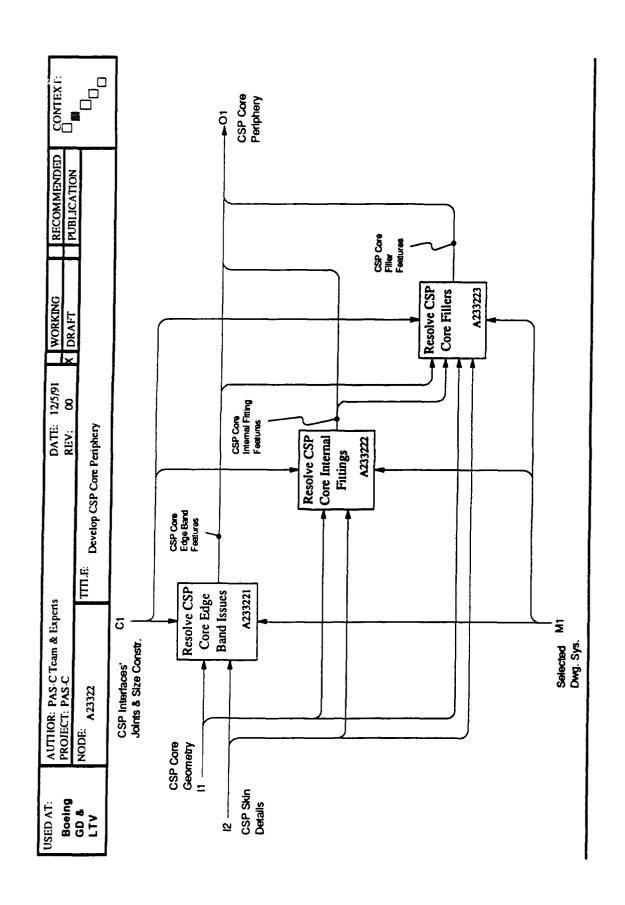
CSP Core Producibility Log. & Build Change Data

The CSP core layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three

CSP Core Layouts & Models

13

dimensional geometry of the core.



7.07

# A23322: Develop CSP Core Periphery

#### Activities:

## A233221 Resolve CSP Core Edge Band Issues

Resolve the CSP core edge hand to meet the edge margin of fasteners, clearance for the core layup/placement process and the necessary dimensional tolerances of the core like surface flatness.

## A233222 Resolve CSP Core Internal Fittings

Resolve the interface details at the cored based on fittings and mating subassemblies.

## A233223 Resolve CSP Core Fillers

Resolve the various stabilizing core filler based on the design requirements. Filler material types include foams, syntactic, putting compound and resins.

#### Inputs:

## 11 CSP Skin Details

The CSP skin details consist of part periphery with callouts and ply table.

## 12 CSP Core Part Views

The CSP core part views necessary to show the desired features. These include the typical front, top and side views.

## 13 CSP Core Layouts & Models

The CSP core layouts and models consist of all the two dimensional and three dimensional geometry of the core.

# 14 CSP Core Producibility Log. & Build Change Data

This is the CSP's core producibility data as developed, based on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

#### Controls:

## C1 CSP Interfaces, Joints & Size Constraints

These are the various mating part's envelope constraints and joint configuration. The overall panel size is dictated by the area it supports in the next higher assembly.

#### Outputs:

## O1 CSP Core Periphery

The CSP core periphery is the edge and internal envelope as constrained by the structural or nonstructural interfaces.

## CSP Core Edge Band Features

The CSP core edge band features are the core's edge geometry requirements based on fasteners, tolerances and the layup/placement manufacturing process.

## CSP Core Internal Fitting Features

The CSP core internal fitting features are those joining and mating requirements of other parts to the internal space of the core panel.

## CSP Core Filler Features

These CSP core filler features are the selected stabilizing materials as selected from either a foam, syntactic, putting compound or resin.

#### Mechanisms:

## M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

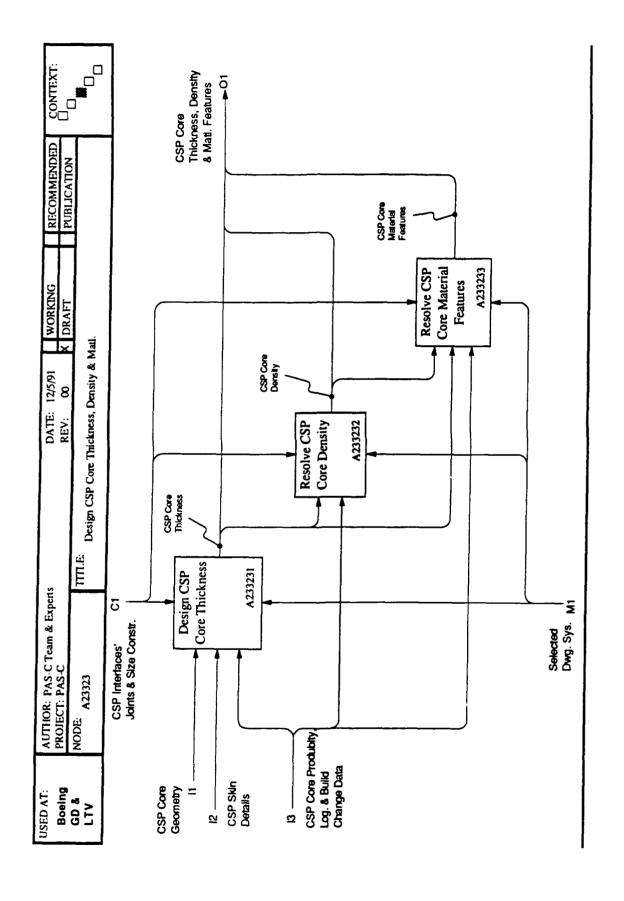
### Process Interactions:

## CSP Core Edge Band Features

The CSP core edge band features are the core's edge geometry requirements based on fasteners, tolerances and the layup/placement manufacturing process.

## CSP Core Internal Fitting Features

The CSP core internal fitting features are those joining and mating requirements of other parts to the internal space of the core panel.



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# A23323: Design CSP Core Thickness, Density, & Matl.

Outputs:

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# Activities;

# A233231 Resolve CSP Core Thickness Design the USP core thickness based on the performance loads, manufacturing constraints and the other structural or nonstructural interfaces.

## A233232 Resolve CSP Core Density

Resolve the core density to meet the weight and stress loads along with meeting the nunimum manufacturing constraints.

## A233233 Resolve CSP Core Material Features

Resolve the core material features as far as the structural allowables, material compatibility and manufacturing process constraints are concerned.

#### Inputs:

# 11 CSP Core Geometry The USP core geometry characteristics of the core as configured within the CSP envelope.

# 12 CSP Skin Details These are the details of the CSP skin as designed to meet the design requirements. This includes the skin periphery, thickness, layup orientation and ply stack-up.

# CSP Core Producibility Log. & Build Change Data This is the CSP's core producibility data as developed, based on manufacturing requirements. This is the logistics data that includes reliability and maintainability studies. Build change data are changes necessary to support the production problems.

#### Controls:

## C1 CSP Interfaces, Joints & Size Constraints

These are the various mating part's envelope constraints and joint configuration. The overall panel size is dictated by the area it supports in the next higher assembly.

## CSP Core Thickness, Density and Material Features

This consists of the CSP's core thickness, density and material features.

- CSP Core Thickness

  This is the CSP's core thickness as designed to meet the various requirements.
- CSP Core Density
  This is the CSP's core density as expressed in mass per unit volume.
- CSP Core Material Features

  These are the selected CSP core material features such as the material name and its associated processing specifications.

#### Mechanisms:

## M1 Selected Dwg. Sys.

This is the selected drawing system needed to support the detail design development.

### Process Interactions:

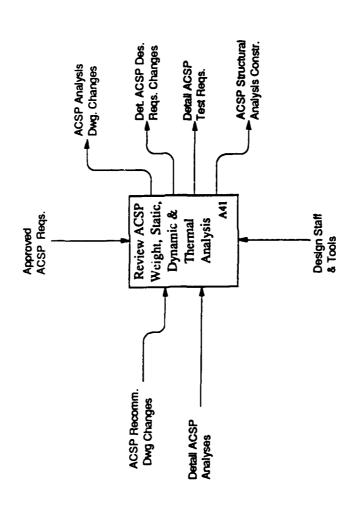
## CSP Core Thickness

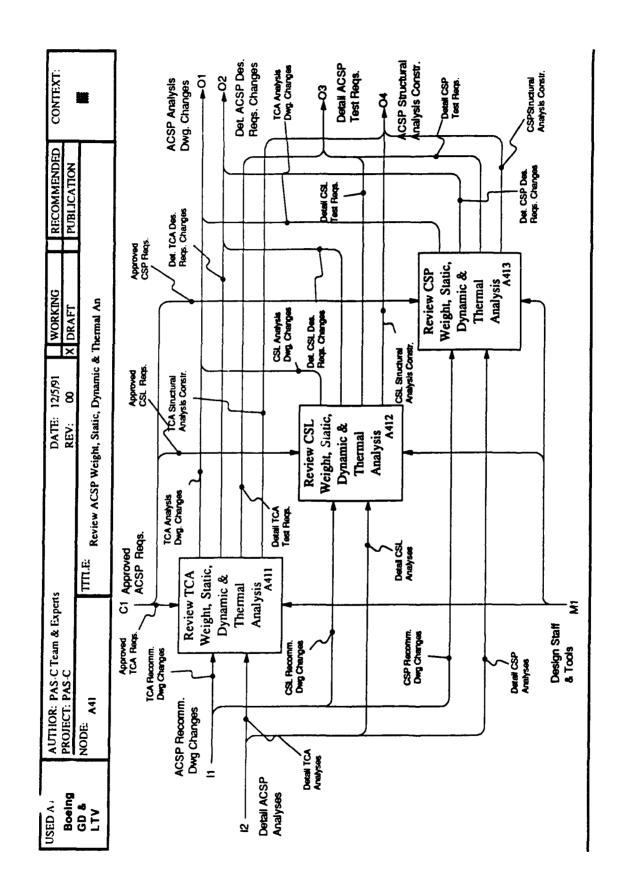
This is the CSP's core thickness as designed to meet the various requirements.

### CSP Core Density

This is the CSP's core density as expressed in mass per unit volume.

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Boeing	PROJECT: PAS-C		REV:	8	X DRAFT	PUBLICATION		
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# A41: Review ACSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

#### Activities:

A411 Review TCA Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis
Review the structural analysis specific to the TCA based on the loads due to
weight, static, dynamic and thermal environments.

A412 Review CSL Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis
Review the structural analysis specific to the CSL based on the loads due to
weight, static, dynamic and thermal environments.

A413 Review CSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis
Review the structural analysis specific to the CSP based on the loads due to
weight, static, dynamic and thermal environments.

#### Inputs:

II ACSP Recommended Dwg, Changes
This consists of the TCA, CSL and CSP recommended drawing changes.

TCA Recommended Dwg. Changes

These are the recommended TCA drawing changes that are based on the detail structural analysis conducted. This can take the form of redline mark-ups on a paper copy of the drawing.

CSI. Recommended Dwg. Changes
These are the recommended CSI. drawing changes that are based on the detail structural analysis conducted. This can take the form of redline mark-ups on a paper copy of the drawing.

CSP Recommended Dwg. Changes
These are the recommended CSP drawing changes that are based on the detail structural analysis conducted. This can take the form of redline mark-ups on a paper copy of the drawing.

## 12 Detail ACSP Analysis

This consists of the TCA, CSL and CSP detail analysis.

Detail 1CA Analysis.
These are the detail TCA structural analysis results that were performed on the detail design based on the prescribed loads. This includes the specific strength data along in the allowable margins of safety.

#### Detail CSL Analysis

These are the detail CSL structural analysis results that were performed on the detail design based on the prescribed loads. This includes the specific strength data along in the allowable margins of safety.

#### Detail CSP Analysis

These are the detail CSP structural analysis results that were performed on the detail design based on the prescribed loads. This includes the specific strength data along in the allowable margins of safety.

#### Controls:

## C1 Approved ACSP Requirements

This consists of the TCA, CSL and CSP approved requirements.

## Approved TCA Requirements

These are all the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the TCA. These include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. All of the pertinent functions within each of the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities are included.

## Approved CSL Requirements

These are all the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the CSI. These include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. All of the pertinent functions within each of the Manage. Design, Build and Support activities are included.

## Approved CSP Requirements

These are all the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the CSP. These include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. All of the pertinent functions within each of the Manage, Design, Build and Support activities are included.

#### Outputs:

## O1 TCA Analysis Dwg. Changes

## CSI. Analysis Dwg. Changes

USL analysis drawing changes are the reviewed recommended analysis drawing changes as done by the detail structural analysis task.

## Det. TCA Des. Reqs. Changes

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These are the detail design requirements changes to the TCA based on the structural analysis. For to the very mixit masks prime TCA. This the enclosure of the cap, angles, filler, fasteners and interface structural analyses.

Det. CSL Des. Reqs. Changes

These are the detail design requirements changes to the CSL based on the structural analysis done to the components that make up the CSL. This is inclusive of the skin, fasteners and interface structural analyses.

Det. CSP Des. Regs. Changes

These are the detail design requirements changes to the CSP based on the structural analysis done to the components that make up the CSP. This is inclusive of the skin, core, edge, fasteners and joint/interface structural analyses.

O3 Det. TCA Test Reqs.

These are the detail TCA test requirements changes for conducting structural tests to meet some prescribed design load conditions.

Det. CSI, Test Reqs.

These are the detail CSL test requirements changes for conducting structural tests to meet some prescribed design load conditions.

Det. CSP Test Regs.

These are the detail CSL test requirements changes for conducting structural tests to meet certain design load conditions.

TCA Structural Analysis Constr.

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These are the reviewed TCA analysis constraints that involve maximum allowable stress and strain margins of the structure along with other pertinent structural performance analysis.

CSI, Structural Analysis Constr.

These are the reviewed CSL structural analysis constraints that involve maximum allowable stress and strain margins of the structure along with other pertinent structural performance analysis.

CSP Structural Analysis Constr.

These are the reviewed CSP analysis constraints that involve maximum allowable stress and strain margins of the structure along with other pertinent structural performance analysis.

#### Mechanisms:

## M1 Design & Analysis Staff & Tools

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

Design Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design

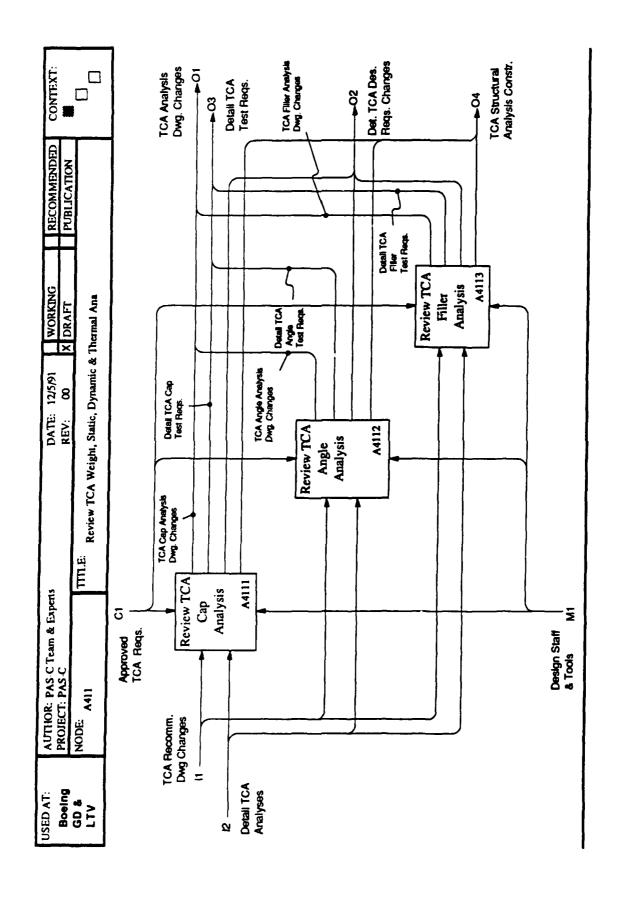
tasks.

Analysis Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis

(45.P.)

Process Interactions:

(None)



# A411: Review TCA Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

# Activities: Outputs:

## A4111 Review TCA Cap Analysis

Review the TCA cap analysis results based on its load bearing capability within the TCA geometry due to the loads transmitted by mating parts. These analyses lawk at weight, static, dynamic stress and thermal stress.

## A4112 Review TCA Angle Analysis

Review the TCA angle analysis results based on the two angles load bearing capability within the TCA geometry due to the loads transmitted by mating parts. These analyses look at weight, static, dynamic stress and thermal stress.

## A4113 Review TCA Filler Analysis

Review the TCA filler analysis based on its longitudinal and transverse load carrying capability within the TCA geometry. These analyses look at weight, static, dynamic stress and thermal stress.

#### Inputs:

## 11 TCA Recommended Dwg. Changes

These are the recommended TCA drawing changes that are based on the detail structural analysis conducted. This can take the form of redline mark-ups on a paper copy of the drawing.

## 12 Detail TCA Analysis

These are the detail TCA structural analysis results that were performed on the detail design based on the prescribed loads. This includes the specific strength data along in the allowable margins of safety.

#### Controls:

## C1 Approved TCA Requirements

These are all the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the TCA. These include the technical performance constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. All of the pertinent functions within each of the Manage. Design, Build and Support activities are included.

## O1 TCA Analysis Dwg. Changes

- TCA Cap Analysis Dwg. Changes
- TCA cap analysis drawing changes are the reviewed recommended analysis drawing changes as done by the detail structural analysis task.
- TCA Angle Analysis Dwg. Changes
- TCA angle analysis drawing changes are the reviewed recommended analysis drawing changes as done by the detail structural analysis task.
- TCA Filler Analysis Dwg. Changes

TCA cap analysis drawing changes are the reviewed recommended analysis drawing changes as done by the detail structural analysis task.

## Det. TCA Des. Reqs. Changes

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These are the detail design requirements changes to the TCA based on the structural analysis done to the components that make up the TCA. This is the enclosure of the cap, angles, filler, fasteners and interface structural analyses.

## 03 Det. TCA Test Regs.

Det. TCA Cap Test Regs.

These are the detail TCA cap test requirements for conducting structural tests to meet some prescribed design load conditions.

Det. TCA Angle Test Reqs.

These are the detail TCA angle test requirements for conducting structural tests to meet some prescribed design load conditions.

Det. TCA Filler Test Regs.

These are the detail TCA filler test requirements for conducting structural tests to meet some prescribed design load conditions.

## O4 TCA Structural Analysis Constr.

These are the reviewed TCA analysis constraints that involve maximum allowable stress and strain margins of the structure along with other pertinent structural performance analysis.

#### Mechanisms:

## $\Xi$

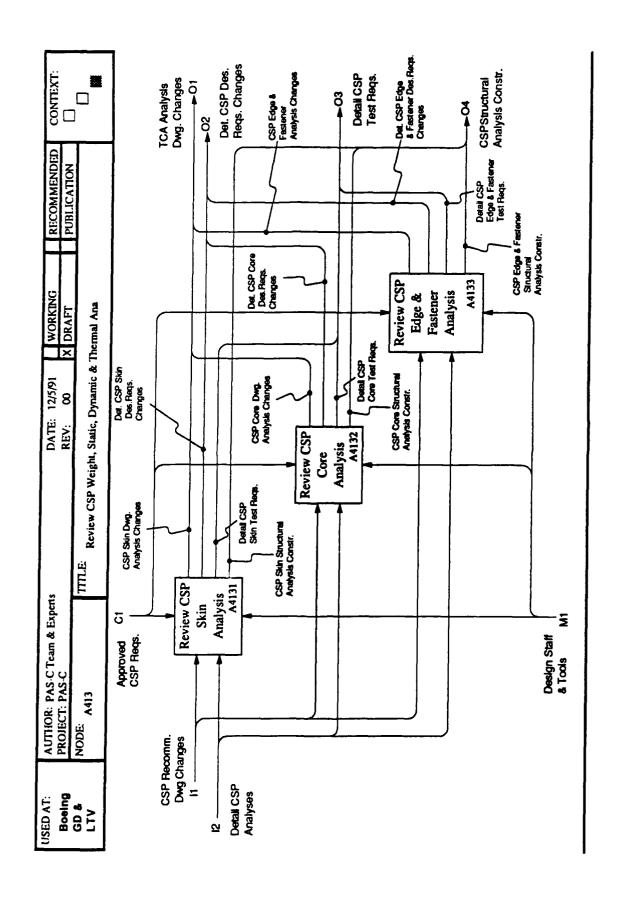
Design & Analysis Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.

Design Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design tasks.

Analysis Staff & Tools
These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.

### Process Interactions:

(None)



# A413: Review CSP Weight, Static, Dynamic & Thermal Analysis

Outputs:	OI CSP Analysis Dwg. Changes ('SP analysis drawing changes are the reviewed recommended analysis drawing changes based on the analysis done and the effects are shown in the form of redline changes on the drawings and associated notes.	1)2 Def. CSP Des. Reqs. Changes  These are the detail design requirements changes to the CSP based on the structural analysis done to the components that make up the CSP. This is inclusive of the skin, core, edge, fasteners, and joint/interface structural analyses.	()3 Def. CSP Test Regs. These are the detail CSP test requirements for conducting structural tests to meet certain design load conditions.	O4 CSP Structural Analysis Constr.  These are the reviewed CSP analysis constraints that involve maximum allowable	stress and strain margins of the structure along with other pertinent structural performance analysis.	Mechanisms:  M1 Design & Analysis Staff & Tools These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design and analysis tasks.	• Design Staff & Tools
Activities:	A4131 Review CSP Skin Analysis Review the CSP skin analysis for the CSP skin based in the loads transmitted by mating parts and the reaction by the core. These analyses look at weight, static, dynamic stress and thermal sucess.	A4132 Review CSP Core Analysis Review the specific structural analyses for the core area as a result of loads transmitted by the skin and other mating parts. These analyses look at weight, static, dynamic stress and thermal stress.	A4133 Review CSP Edge & Fastener Analysis Review the specific structural analysis for the edge and fastener patterns that result from loads transmitted from mating parts. These analyses look at weight, static, dynamic stress and thermal stress.	Inputs:	CSP Recommended Dwg. Changes These are the recommended CSP drawing changes that are on the detail analyses.	Detail CSP Analysis These are the detail CSP structural analysis results that were performed on the detail design based on the prescribed loads. This includes the specific strength data along with the allowable margins of safety.	Controls:

#### Process Interactions:

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the design

These are the specific people and tools necessary to perform the analysis tasks.

Analysis Staff & Tools

These are all the functional and cross-functional requirements that have been reviewed to be specific to the CSP. These include the technical performance

Approved CSP Requirements

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constraints of the various functions along with the envelope features that are desired. All of the pertinent functions within each of the Manage, Design, Build

and Support activities are included.

(None)

#### PART SPECIFIC - ANALYSIS

#### Part Specific Analysis Activity Listing

#### A31 Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes

#### **A311 Generate TCA Geometric Attributes**

- A3111 Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area
- A3112 Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Properties
- A3113 Generate TCA Equivalent Thicknesses

#### **A312 Generate CSL Geometric Attributes**

- A3121 Generate CSL Shell Offsets
- A3122 Generate CSL Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents
- A3123 Generate CSL Equivalent Thicknesses

#### A313 Generate CSP Geometric Attributes

- A3131 Generate CSP Shell Offsets
- A3132 Generate CSP Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents
- A3133 Generate CSP Solid Element Core Equivalent Properties
- A3134 Generate CSP Equivalent Thicknesses

#### A34 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

#### A341 Input TCA Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

- A3411 Input TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area Modulus of Elasticity
- A3412 Input TCA Cross Sectional Anisotropic Material Property Matrices
- A3413 Input TCA Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

#### A342 Input CSL Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

- A3421 Input CSL Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices
- A3422 Input CSL Solid Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

#### A343 Input CSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

- A3431 Input CSP Face Sheet Anisotropic Material Property Matrices
- A3432 Input CSP Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices
- A3433 Input CSP Face Sheet and Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

#### A31 Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analysis

#### A311 Conduct TCA Static Strength Analysis

- A3111 Conduct TCA Composite Joint Analysis
- A3112 Conduct TCA Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analysis
- A3113 Conduct TCA Composite Cutout Analyses
- A3114 Conduct TCA Composite Point Stress Analysis
- A3115 Conduct TCA Beam Buckling and Crippling Analyses
- A3116 Conduct TCA Beam Stiffener Pull-off Analyses

#### A312 Conduct CSL Static Strength Analyses

- A3121 Conduct CSL Composite Joint Analyses
- A3122 Conduct CSL Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses
- A3123 Conduct CSL Composite Cutout Analyses
- A3124 Conduct CSL Composite Point Stress Analysis
- A3125 Conduct CSL Panel Analyses

#### A313 Conduct CSP Static Strength Analyses

A3131 Conduct CSP Composite Joint Analyses

A3132 Conduct CSP Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses

A3133 Conduct CSP Composite Cutout Analyses

A3134 Conduct CSP Composite Point Stress Analysis

A3135 Conduct CSP Panel Analyses

A32 Define ACSP Structural Configuration

A321 Define TCA Structural Configuration

A3211 Define TCA Initial Ply Orientations

A3212 Define TCA Initial Ply Distributions

A3213 Define TCA Initial Stiffener Geometry

A322 Define CSL Structural Configuration

A3221 Define CSL Initial Ply Orientation

A3222 Define CSL Initial Ply Distribution

A323 Define CSP Structural Configuration

A3231 Define CSP Initial Ply Orientations

A3232 Define CSP Initial Ply Distribution

A3233 Define CSP Initial Core Geometry

A3234 Define CSP Initial Core Orientation

A3235 Define CSP Initial Core Distribution

A42 Optimize ACSP Structural Configuration

A421 Optimize TCA Structural Configuration

A4211 Optimize TCA Initial Ply Orientations

A4212 Optimize TCA Initial Ply Distributions

A4213 Optimize TCA Initial Stiffener Geometry

A422 Optimize CSL Structural Configuration

A4221 Optimize CSL Initial Ply Orientation

A4222 Optimize CSL Initial Ply Distribution

A423 Optimize CSP Structural Configuration

A4231 Optimize CSP Initial Ply Orientations

A4232 Optimize CSP Initial Ply Distribution

A4233 Optimize CSP Initial Core Geometry

A4234 Optimize CSP Initial Core Orientation

A4235 Optimize CSP Initial Core Distribution

CONTEXT:		
RECOMMENDED PUBLICATION		Analysis Decision Data Offsets Cross Section Data Solid Element Properties
WORKING I DRAFT		
DATE: 12/16/91 REV: 00		Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes A3
AUTHOR: PAS-C Team & Experts PROJECT: PAS-C	E: A3	netry netry activity
وه ن	Boeing NODE: A3	Detail Design Data Node Geometry Connectivity M & P Data

#### A-3:

Activities:	ies:		The thickness of a surface element perpendicular to the surface of the element. A surface element idealizes a volume continuum as a surface with a thickness distribution.
A31	Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements, and aceas and cross-section dimensions for curve elements.	3	Cross-section Data Data describing the extensional and beam bending behavior of a TCA.
Inputs:		05	Solid Element Properties

=	Detail Design Data	The properties necessary to describe the structural response of a volume element.
	the design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Mechanisms:
21	Node Geometry	(None)
	The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.	Process Interactions:

# 13 Element Connectivity The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself. 14 M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.

(None)

#### Controls:

#### (None)

#### Outputs:

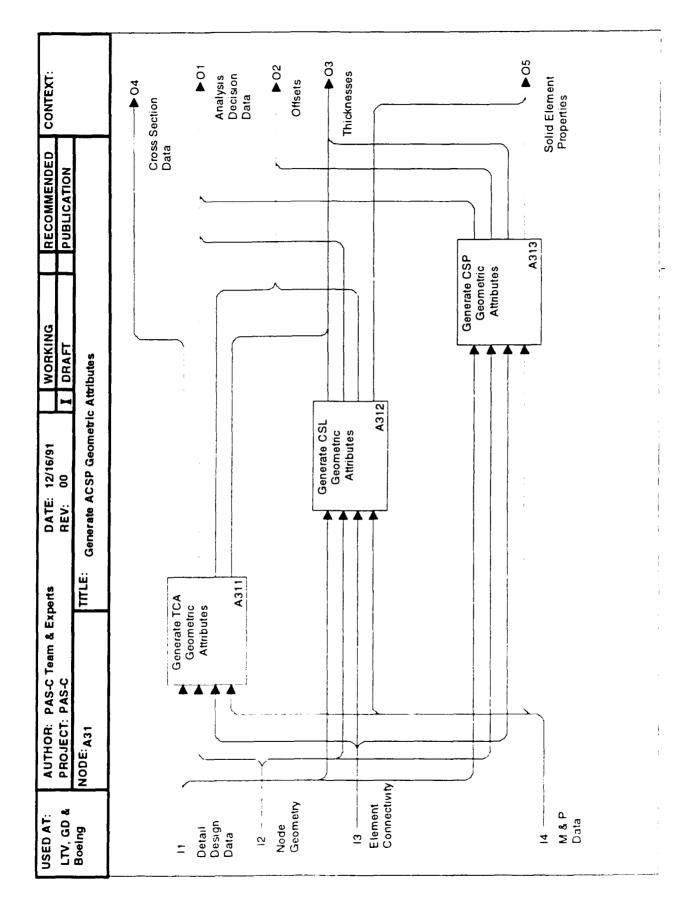
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	ring the stress	)
	made du	
	idealizations	
	and	
n Data	s the decisions	
Analysis Decision Data	The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress	inalysis of the ACSP
An	]¥.	anal

## O2 Offsets

Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is not on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.

### O3 Thicknesses



# A-31: Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes

Activities:	ies:		Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is not
A311	Generate TCA Geometric Attributes		on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.
	Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements, and areas and cross-section dimensions for curve elements.	03	Thicknesses The thickness of a surface element memorabicular to the surface of the element. A
A312	Generate CSL Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements.		surface element idealizes a volume continuum as a surface with a thickness distribution.
A313	Generate CSP Geometric Attributes the cheminal elements of surface elements.	04	Cross-section Data Data describing the extensional and beam bending behavior of a TCA.
Inputs:		05	Solid Element Properties The properties necessary to describe the structural response of a volume element.
=	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Mechanisms:	isms:
21	Node Geometry The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.	6	
13	Element Connectivity The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself.	rocess	Process Interactions: (None)
⇉	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		
Controls:	:S:		

#### Controls:

(None)

#### Outputs:

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Analysis Decision Data.

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

O2 Offsets

# A-311: Generate TCA Geometric Attributes

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The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

## Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area A3111

# Generate equivalent cross sectional area of the stiffener for curve elements.

### Generate equivalent cross sectional beam properties of the stiffener for curve Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Properties A3112

## Generate TCA Equivalent Thicknesses A3113

The thickness of a surface element perpendicular to the surface of the element. A

Thicknesses

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surface element idealizes a volume continuum as a surface with a thickness

distribution.

Mechanisms:

Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is not on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane

Offsets

03

of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.

## Generate equivalent thicknesses for surface elements used to explicitly model the stiffener.

## Inputs:

=

The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP. Detail Design Data

#### Node Geometry ᅼ

The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.

Data describing the cross sectional area of a TCA.

Cross Section Area

Process Interactions:

(None)

#### Element Connectivity 13

The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself.

#### M & P Data

All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.

#### Controls:

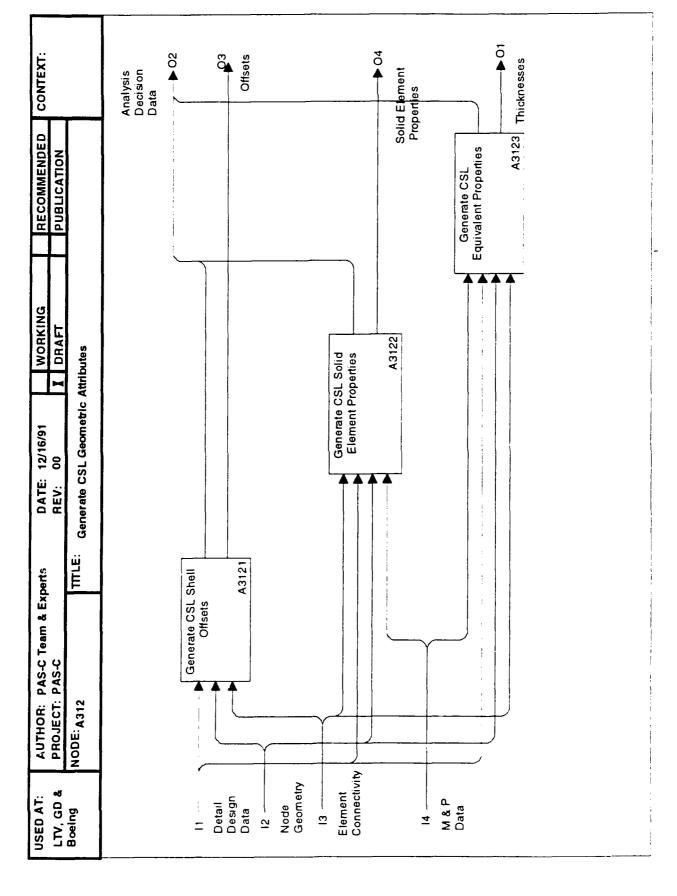
(None)

#### Outputs:

Cross-section Data  $\overline{\Xi}$ 

Data describing the extensional and beam bending behavior of a TCA.

Analysis Decision Data  $\tilde{c}$ 



Thicknesses

The thickness of a surface element perpendicular to the surface of the element. A surface element idealizes a volume continuum as a surface with a thickness distribution.

Output:

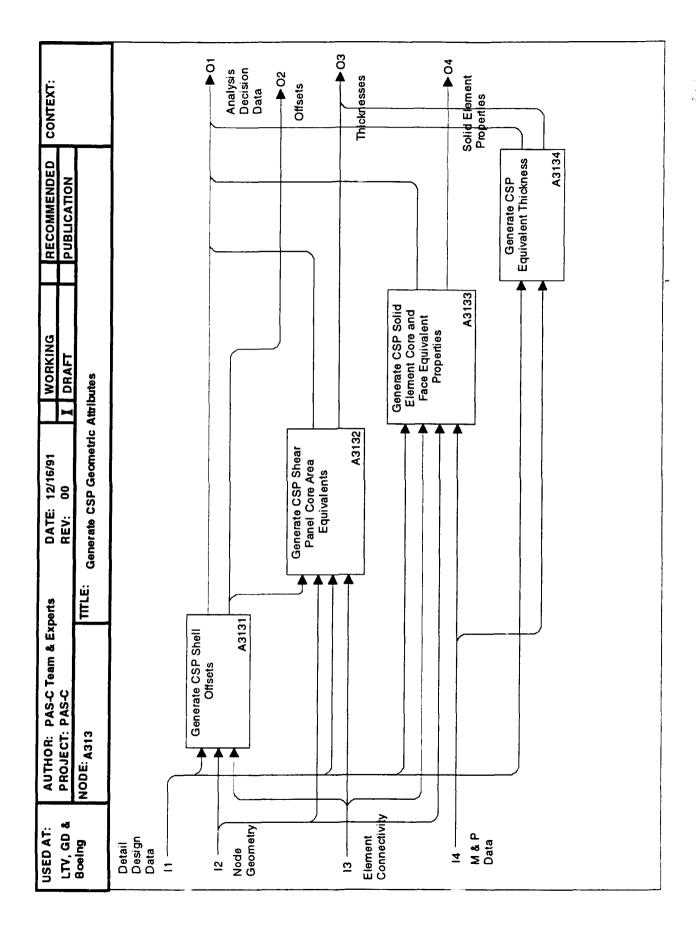
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Analysis Decision Data

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# A-312: Generate CSL Geometric Attributes

Activities:	ies:		The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress
A3121	Generate CSL Shell Offsets	ć	allabata of the At SF.
	Generate shell offsets for surface elements to model off thickness centriod aftachment.	õ	Offsets  Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is not
A3122	Generate CSL Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents Generate shear panel core area equivalents for surface elements.		on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.
A3123	Generate CSL Equivalent Thicknesses Generate equivalent thicknesses for surface elements.	ō	Solid Element Properties The properties necessary to describe the structural response of a volume element.
Inputs:		Mechanisms:	nsms:
Ξ	Detail Design Data		(None)
	The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	Process	Process Interactions:
2	Node Geometry The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.		(None)
13	Element Connectivity The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself.		
<u> </u>	$M \ \& \ P \ Data$ All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		
Controls:	ž.		
	(None)		



Analysis Decision Data

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(None)

Outputs:

# A-313: Generate CSP Geometric Attributes

Activities:	les:	The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.	d idealizations made during the stress
A3131	Generate CSP Shell Offsets Generate shell offsets for surface elements to model off thickness centroid attachment.	O2 Offsets Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node that is not	ment of an element to a node that is not
A3132	Generate CSP Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents Generate shear panel core area equivalents for surface elements.	of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.	cm (10r curve elements) or on the plane face elements) of the element.
A3133	Generate CSP Solid Element Core Equivalent Properties Generate the equivalent core properties for solid elements.		idicular to the surface of the element. A
A3134	Generate CSP Equivalent Thicknesses Generate equivalent thicknesses (smearing core and face sheets) for surface elements.	O4 Solid Element Properties  The properties necessary to describe the structural response of a volume element.	inctural response of a volume element.
Inputs:		Mechanisms:	
Ξ	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	(None) Process Interactions:	
12	Node Geometry The geometric position data for the node, and any necessary identifiers.	Offsets    Any offsets needed to describe to	Offsets Any offsets needed to describe the attachment of an element to a node
13	Element Connectivity  The references to the nodes that the element is connected to, and any necessary identifiers for the element itself.	that is not on the axis of the elements) or on the plane of the element.	that is not on the axis of the element coordinate system (for curve elements) or on the plane of the element coordinate system (for surface elements) of the element.
<b>±</b>	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plice.		
Controls:	is:		

CONTEXT:	
RECOMMENDED PUBLICATION	Anslysis Data Data FEA Model Properties
WORKING X DRAFT	ACSP Material Matrices A34
DATE: 12/16/91 REV: 00	Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A3
AUTHOR: PAS-C Team & Experts PROJECT: PAS-C IODE: A3	
AUTHOR: PAS PROJECT: PAS NODE: A3	Anisotropic Material Properties Data
USED AT: LTV, GD & Boeing	

## Activities:

Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data. A34

#### Inputs:

=

Anisotropic Material Properties
The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion matrices that describe the response of a composite material.

2

Thermal/Moisture Data
The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

## Controls:

(None)

### Outputs:

ō

Analysis Decision Data

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

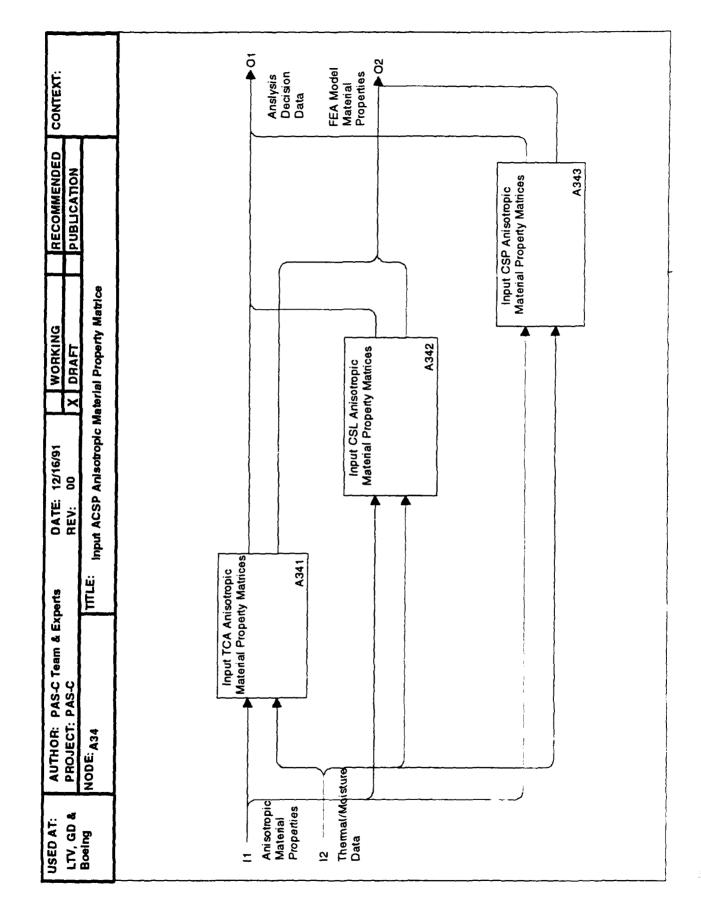
FEA Model Material Properties ō

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.

Mechanisms:

(None)

## Process Interactions:



# A-34: Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

(None)

## Activities:

Input TCA Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A341

Input material property matrices data.

Input CSL Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A342

Input material property matrices data.

Input CSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data. A343

#### Inputs:

Anisotropic Material Properties =

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion matrices that describe the response of a composite material.

2

Thermal/Moisture Data
The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

## Controls:

(None)

### Outputs:

Analysis Decision Data ō

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

FEA Model Material Properties

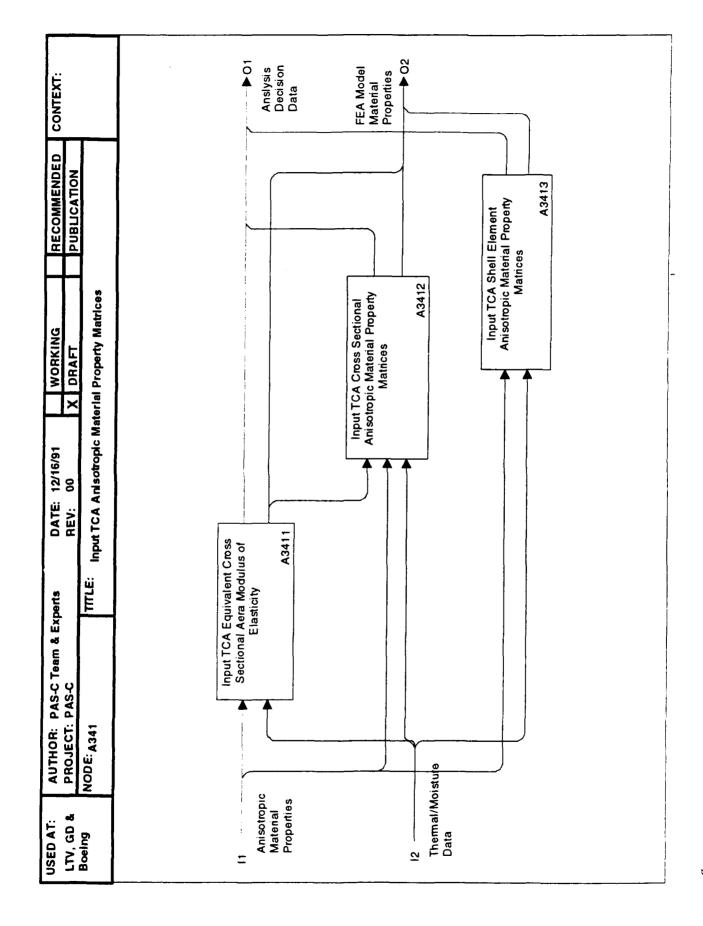
ō

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.

## **Mechanisms**:

(None)

## Process Interactions:



# A-341: Input TCA Anisotropic Material Property Matrices

## Activities:

A3411 Input TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area Modulus of Elasticity Input the equivalent modulus of elasticity appropriate for idealizing the stiffener as only a curve element with extensional stiffness.

A3412 Input TCA Cross Sectional Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input the anisotropic cross sectional beam properties marries data.

A3413 Input TCA Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input shell element (for when the stiffener walls are explicitly modelled with surface elements) material property matrices data.

#### Inputs:

II Anisotropic Material Properties

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion matrices that describe the response of a composite material.

12 Thermal/Moisture Data

The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

### Controls:

(None)

### Outputs:

Ol Analysis Decision Data

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

O1 FEA Model Material Properties

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.

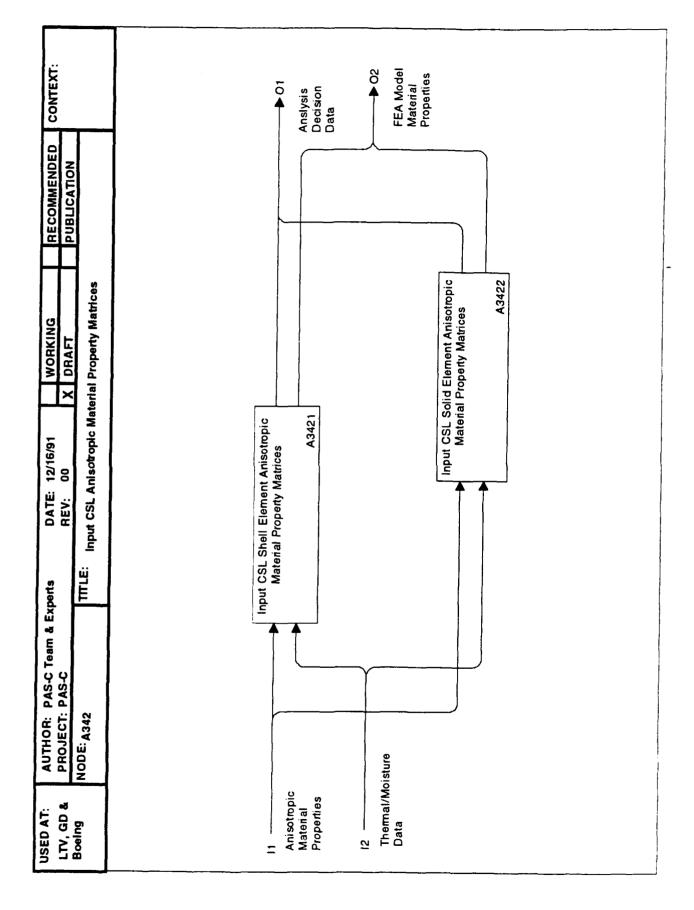
## Mechanisms:

(None)

## Process Interactions:

FEA Model Material Properties

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.



# A-342: Input CSL Anisotropic Material Matrices

### **Activities:**

Input CSL Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A3421

Input material property matrices data appropriate for surface elements.

Input CSL Solid Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A3422

Input material property matrices data appropriate for volume elements.

#### Inputs:

Anisotropic Material Properties

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion matrices that describe the response of a composite material.

12

Thermal/Moisture Data
The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

## Controls:

(None)

Outputs:

## Analysis Decision Data ō

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

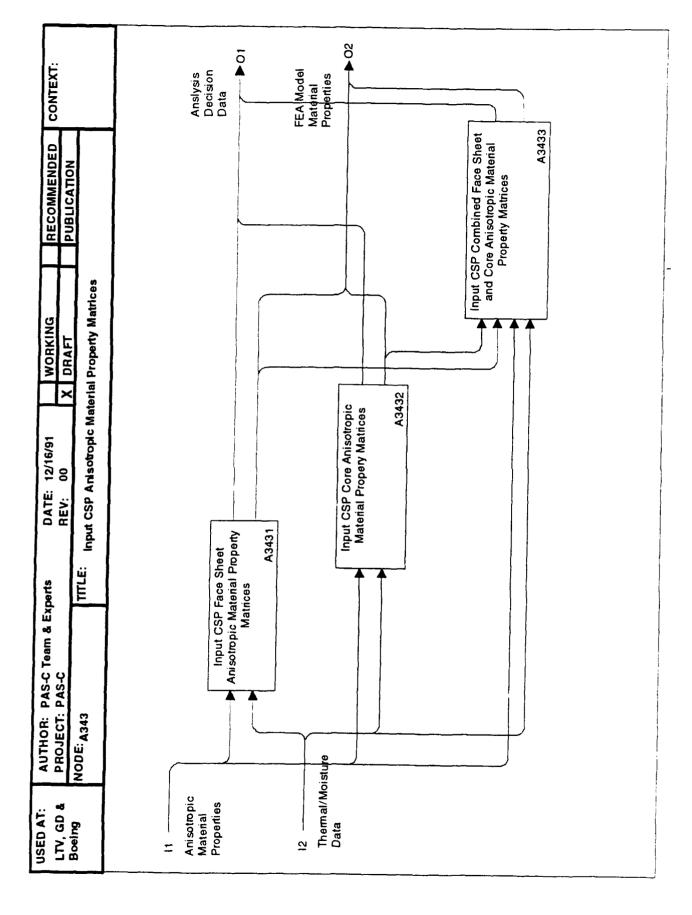
FEA Model Material Properties ō

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.

## Mechanisms:

(None)

## Process Interactions:



# A-343: Input CSP Anisotropic Material Matrices

### Activities:

Input CSP Face Sheet Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A3431

Input face sheet material property matrices data.

Input CSP Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices A3432

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.

FEA Model Material Properties

Process Interactions:

Input core material property matrices data.

Input CSP Face Sheet and Core Anisotropic Material Property A3433

Matrices

Input face sheet and core (smeared together) material property matrices data.

#### Inputs:

Anisotropic Material Properties =

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thermal expansion matrices

that describe the response of a composite material.

Thermal/Moisture Data

2

The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

## Controls:

(None)

### Outputs:

Analysis Decision Data 0

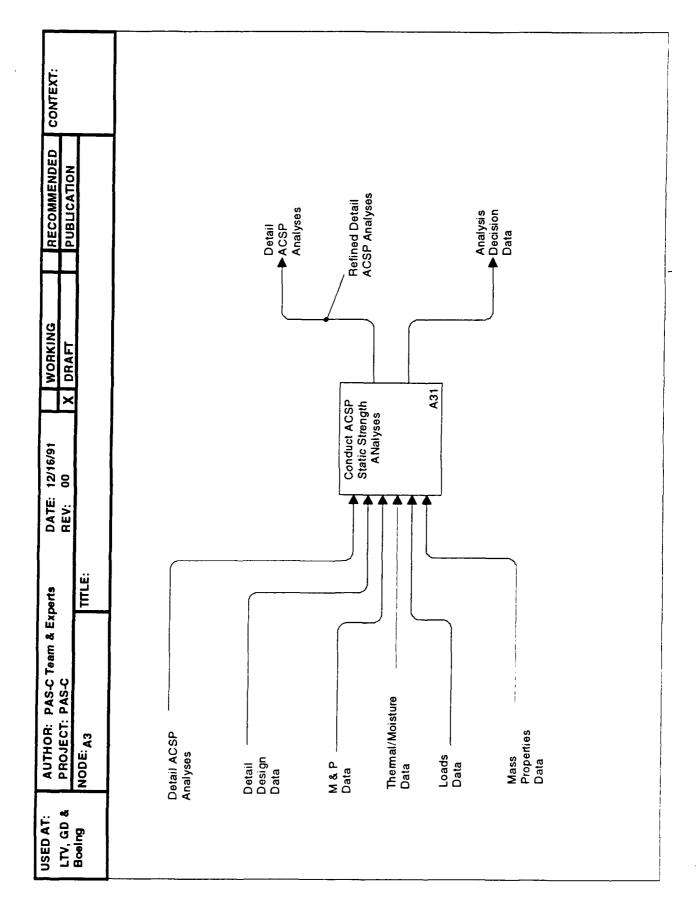
The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress

analysis of the ACSP.

FEA Model Material Properties ō

The two or three dimensionally anisotropic elastic and thernal expansion properties that describe the response of a composite material.

## Mechanisms:



## Activities:

# A31 Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analyses

Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.

#### **Inputs:**

# 11 Detail ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.

## 12 Detail Design Data

The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.

## I3 M & P Data

All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.

# 14 Thermal/Moisture Data

The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

## 15 Loads Data

The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.

## 16 Mass Properties Data

The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.

### Controls:

(None)

#### Outputs:

# 01 Detail ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.

## Refined ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from Detail Analysis including:

## Deflections

The displacements of the nodes of the finite element model that result from a finite element analysis.

## Failure Location/Mode

The location and mode of failure around a fastener hole in a joint analysis.

## Margins of Safety

A ratio of actual to allowable stress or strain. A ratio greater than one means that the value of stress or strain will meet the design criteria.

# Ply Percentages/Orientations

The orientations of the plies in an ACSP, and the associated percentages of the total thickness.

# Required Thickness/Minimum Gage

Either the required thickness or the minimum gage to meet the margin of safety criteria.

## Secondary Loads

The loads applied to a panel resulting to response to out of plane structural response.

## Stiffener Runout

The twisting of a TCA due to deflection under load.

## Stress/Strain Data

The stress and strain data from stiffener pull-off analyses and tests.

## Analysis Decision Data

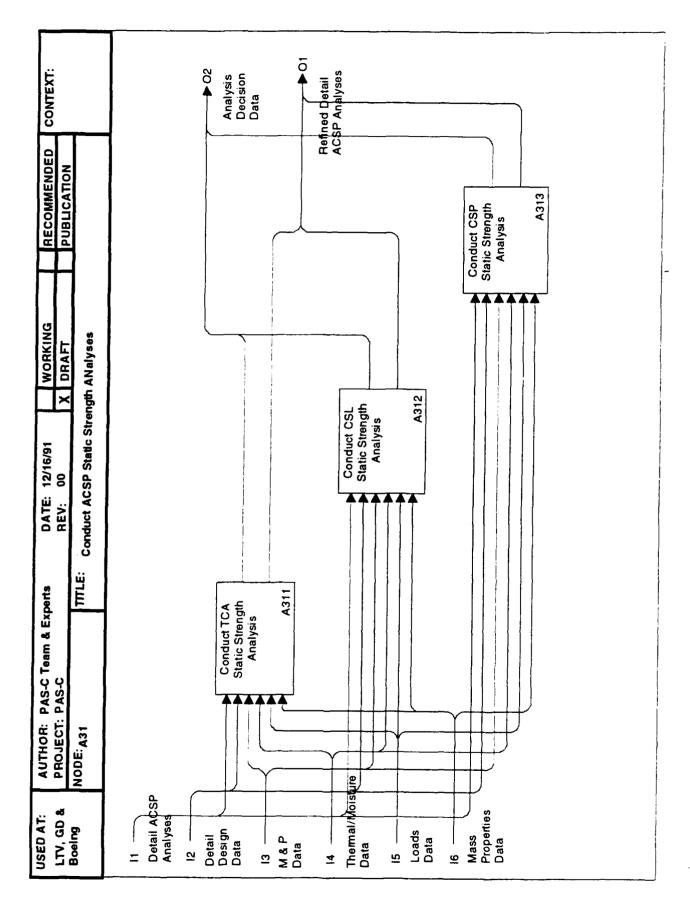
02

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

## Mechanisms:

(None)

## Process Interactions:



# A-31: Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analyses

### Activities:

A311 Conduct TCA Static Strength Analyses

Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.

A312 Conduct CSL Static Strength Analyses

Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.

A313 Conduct CSP Static Strength Analyses

Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.

#### Inputs:

11 Detail ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.

12 Detail Design Data

The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.

M & P Data

13

All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.

-

The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.

Thermal/Moisture Data

4

15 Loads Data

The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.

16 Mass Properties Data

The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.

Controls:

(None)

## Outputs:

01 Detail ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.

Refined ACSP Analyses

All analysis output data from Detail Analysis including:

Deflections

The displacements of the nodes of the finite element model that result from a finite element analysis.

Failure Location/Mode

The location and mode of failure around a fastener hole in a joint analysis.

Margins of Safety

A ratio of actual to allowable stress or strain. A ratio greater than one means that the value of stress or strain will meet the design criteria.

Ply Percentages/Orientations

The orientations of the plies in an ACSP, and the associated percentages of the total thickness.

Required Thickness/Minimum Gage

Either the required thickness or the minimum gage to meet the margin of safety criteria.

Secondary Loads

The loads applied to a panel resulting to response to out of plane structural response.

Stiffener Runout

The twisting of a TCA due to deflection under load

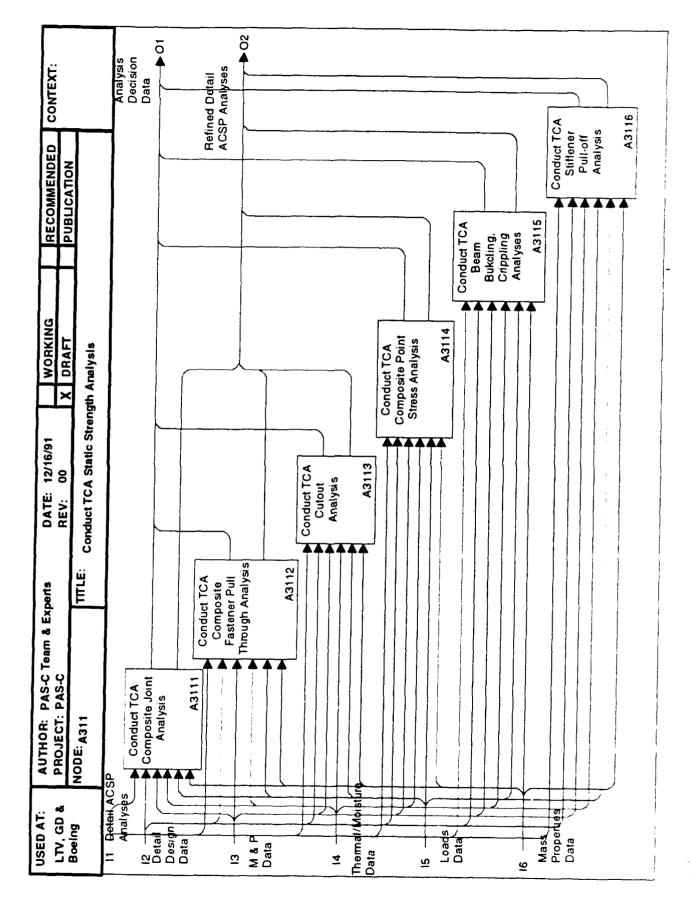
Stress/Strain Data
The stress and strain data from suffener pull-off analyses and tests.

# 07

Analysis Decision Data
The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

## Mechanisms: (None)

## Process Interactions: (None)



# A-311: Conduct TCA Static Strength Analyses

Activities	Š	<u> </u>	
	Ġ	2	LOADS DAIA The applied forces moments dealersmands and existing that are smalled to a
A3111	Conduct TCA Composite Joint Analyses Conduct joint analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural		ine appired iorces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.
	part.	9	Mass Properties Data
A3112	Conduct TCA Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses Conduct fastener pull through analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	2	The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes $\sigma$ the finite element model.
A3113	Conduct TCA Composite Cutout Analyses Conduct cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	Controls:	s: (None)
A3114	Conduct TCA Composite Point Stress Analysis Conduct point stress analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	Outputs:	-
A3115	Conduct TCA Beam Buckling and Crippling Analyses Conduct suffener buckling and crippling analyses to augment the finite element	<b>i</b>	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.
	analyses of the structural part.		Refined ACSP Analyses
A3116	Conduct TCA Beam Stiffener Pull-off Analyses Conduct stiffener pull-off analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.		All analysis output data from Detail Analysis including:  Deflections
Inputs:			the displacements of the nodes of the finite element model that result from a finite element analysis.
=	Detail ACSP Analyses All analyses output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.		• Failure Location/Mode  The location and mode of failure around a fastener hole in a joint analysis.
13	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.		<ul> <li>Margins of Safety         A ratio of actual to allowable stress or strain. A ratio preater than one means that the value of stress or strain will meet the design criteria.     </li> </ul>
13	M. & P. Data. All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		<ul> <li>Ply Percentages/Orientations         The orientations of the plies in an ACSP, and the associated percentages of the total thickness.     </li> </ul>
<u> </u>	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.		Required Thickness/Minimum Gage

Either the required thickness or the minimum gage to meet the margin of safety criteria.

Secondary Loads

The loads applied to a panel resulting to response to out of plane structural response.

Stiffener Runout

The twisting of a TCA due to deflection under load.

Stress/Strain Data
The stress and strain data from stiffener pull-off analyses and

6

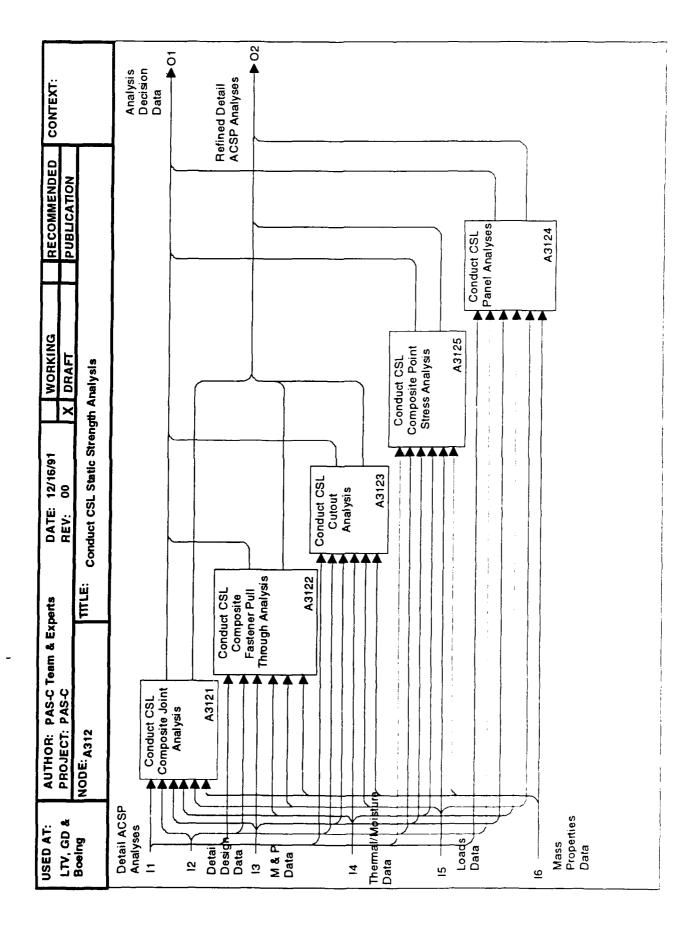
Analysis Decision Data

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

Mechanisms:

(None)

Process Interactions:



# A-312: Conduct CSL Static Strength Analyses

Activities:	es:	The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form
A3121	Conduct CSL Composite Joint Analyses	input to a finite element analysis.
	Conduct joint analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural I6 part.	Mass Properties Data The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data
A3122	Conduct CSL Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses Conduct fastener pull through analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.
A3123	Conduct CSL Composite Cutout Analyses  Conduct cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	ons: (None)
A3124	Conduct CSL Composite Point Stress Analysis Conduct point stress analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the	its: Detail ACSP Analyses
A3125	Conduct CSI, Panel Analyses	All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.
	Conduct panel analyses such as buckling, crippling, transverse loadings, and panel flutter to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	<ul> <li>Refined ACSP Analyses</li> <li>All analysis output data from Detail Analysis including:</li> </ul>
Inputs:		Deflections
Ξ	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the	The displacements of the node of the finite element model that result from a finite element analysis.
12	documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.  Detail Design Data	Tailure 1.0xaroni/s.txde  The location and mode of failure around a fastener hole in a joint analysis.
	The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.	<ul> <li>Margins of Safety</li> <li>A ratio of actual to allowable stress or strain. A ratio greater</li> </ul>
13	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material	than one means that the value of stress or strain will meet the design criteria.
<b>=</b>	Thermal/Moisture Data	<ul> <li>Ply Percentages/Orientations</li> <li>The orientations of the plie: in an ACSP, and the associated percentages of the total thickness.</li> </ul>
	The thermal and moisture environment of the AUS!	
<u>~</u>	Loads Data	<ul> <li>Required Thickness/Minimum Gage Either the required thickness or the minimum gage to meet the margin of safety cateria.</li> </ul>

Secondary Loads
The loads applied to a panel resulting to response to out of plane structural response.

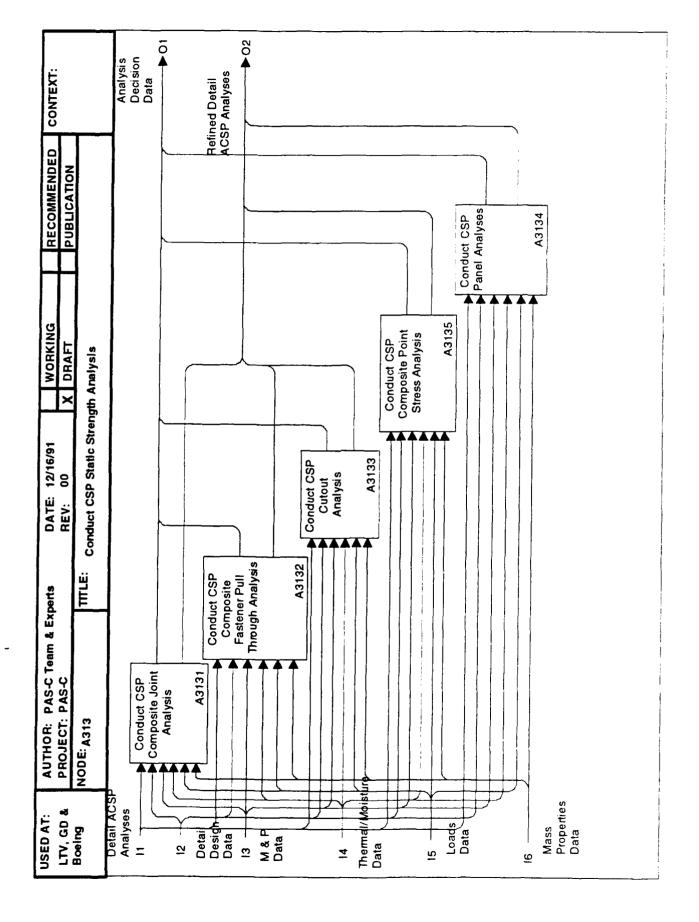
02

Analysis Decision Data
The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

Mechanisms:

(None)

Process Interactions:



Required Thickness/Minmum Gage Either the required thickness or the manmann gage to meet the margin of safety criteria.

# A-313: Conduct CSP Static Strength Analyses

		1	
Activities:	es:	2	Loads Data The applied forces, moments, displacements and rotations that are applied to a
A3131	Conduct CSP Composite Joint Analyses Conduct joint analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	16	finite element model in combination with boundary constraints and releases to form input to a finite element analysis.  Mass Properties Data
A3132	Conduct CSP Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses Conduct fastener pull through analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.		The mass data of the ACSP. This data contains both overall structural mass data and lumped mass data to represent non-structural mass, discretized at the nodes of the finite element model.
A3133	Conduct CSP Composite Cutout Analyses Conduct cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	Controls:	: (None)
A3134	Conduct CSP Composite Point Stress Analysis Conduct point stress analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.	Outputs: 01	
A3135	Conduct CSP Panel Analyses Conduct panel analyses such as buckling, crippling, transverse loadings, and panel flutter to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.		All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.  Refined ACSP Analyses
Inputs:			All analysis output data from Detail Analysis including:
=	Detail ACSP Analyses All analysis output data from finite element, detail, and DADTA analyses, and the documentation of the decisions taken during those analyses.		<ul> <li>Deflections         The displacements of the nodes of the finite element model that result from a finite element analysis.     </li> </ul>
13	Detail Design Data The design geometry and associated ply boundaries, orientations, properties and stacking sequences of the ACSP.		<ul> <li>Failure Location/Mode</li> <li>The location and mode of failure around a fastener hole in a joint analysis.</li> </ul>
13	M & P Data All of the data needed to describe the physical responses of a composite material or its plies.		<ul> <li>Margins of Safety</li> <li>A ratio of actual to allowable stress or strain. A ratio greater than one means that the value of stress or strain will meet the design criteria.</li> </ul>
ユ	Thermal/Moisture Data The thermal and moisture environment of the ACSP.		<ul> <li>Ply Percentages/Orientations         The orientations of the plies in an ACSP, and the associated percentages of the total thickness.     </li> </ul>

Secondary Loads
The loads applied to a panel resulting to response to out of plane structural response.

# 07

Analysis Decision Data

The data that records the decisions and idealizations made during the stress analysis of the ACSP.

## Mechanisms:

(None)

## Process Interactions:

#### 2.4 Building-Block Specific Information Needs

This section contains the tables used to capture the information needs for each Building-Block. The information needs in Table 2 presented in section 2.4.1, documents the characteristics for each functional view, their definitions, and their associated informational aspects (function, material, shape, process). Table 3 presented in section 2.4.2, documents a cross reference between Characteristics and Functional Views. Section 2.4.3 presents a summary of the PAS-C information needs and an assessment of need priorities.

The Characteristic Definition table is a record of what characteristics there are for each Composite Item considered by a particular View. The definition particular to that view is documented. Finally the type of information aspects that apply to each Characteristic is recorded. The definitions and aspects of the characteristics are then referred to by table 3.

The Characteristic versus View cross reference matrix presented in the table in section 2.4.2 records which views share common characteristics. The definition and aspects of shared characteristics are different for each view. The documentation of these differences provide the foundation for integration of characteristics and their aspects.

The characteristics identified were the result of a brainstorming session with composite experts. The resulting terminology and definitions of the characteristics are directly from the experts. Because of this inconsistences between some of the identified characteristics and the established FW/BB terminology exist. These inconsistences will be resolved in the next step of Phase I of the PAS-C Program.

The information needs summaries are presented by view, and then the views assessed as to the payback from utilizing PAS-C technology. The characteristics are prioritized by assessing the number of referencing composite items.

The next step will be the creation of two more tables to record the Internal and External interrelationships between the Characteristics and the constraints between them. The four Characteristic tables will provide a solid basis for information and relationship integration. The integrated information and relationships based upon the four tables will provide a sound foundation for the information models that will comprise the majority of the Application Protocols to be created in Phase II of the PAS-C Program.

#### 2.4.1 Characteristics Descriptions

This section considers the information for each View needed to describe Composite Items. The Characteristics that a particular View requires to describe a Composite Item are listed, along with associated definitions and an assessment of the Characteristic's Aspects (function, material, shape or process).

Table 2 Characteristic Definitions and Aspects

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM			
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>	
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - FILAMENT ASSEMBLY (FABRIC)			
Material Name/Description	A woven material that primarily includes graphite, fiberglass, aramid fibers with or without different pre-preg matrices (epoxies).	M	
Material Thickness	The cured fabric thickness per ply.	S	
Fiber Orientation	The greater amount of either the 0° or 90° fiber direction in a weave.	S	
Fiber/Resin Ratio	The volume percentage of fiber to resin in a fabric.	M,F	
Mechanical Material Properties	The basic ply's load carrying properties in a cured state, which is fiber material dependent in both 0° or 90° vector.	F	
Warp/Fill Directions	See fiber orientation.	S	
Warp/Fill Percentages	The ratio of 0° or 90° in the weave.	S.M	
Weave	The different types of braiding in the fabric.	P,M	
Material Stock Size	The width and length of the raw fabric stock.	M.S	
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - FILAMENT ASSEMBLY (UNIDIRECTIONAL TAPE)			
Material Name/Description	A unidirectional material that primarily includes graphite, fiberglass, aramid fiber with or without different pre-preg matrices (epoxies).	М	
Material Thickness	The cured unidirectional thickness.	S	
Fiber/Resin Ratio	The volume percentage of fiber to resin in tape.	M,S	

Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>	
Mechanical Material Properties	The unidirectional ply's load carrying properties in a cured stated, which is fiber material dependent.	F	
Material Stock Size	The width of the tape as supplied by the vendor.	S,M	
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - FILAME	NT ASSEMBLY (FILLER)		
Material Name/Description	The graphite or fiberglass unidirectional fiber with or without different pre-preg matrices.	M	
Mechanical Material Properties	See Unidirectional.	F	
Fiber/Resin Ratio	The volume percentage of fiber to resin.	S	
Material Stock Size	The random size of the fiber arrangement as supplied by the vendor.	S	
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - PLY Piece			
Filament Assembly Characteristics	The tape & fabric characteristics as described in more detail in the Filament Assembly section.	ALL	
Boundary	The end of ply detail plan view of either a flat or lofted surface.	S	
Flat Pattern	This the end of ply of an unfolded boundary.	S	
Fiber Orientation	Direction of the primary load carrying filaments.	S	
Ply Detail Identification	When ply detail equals one (1) then the ply detail identification is the ply number.	S	
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - PLY			
Ply Detail Characteristics	The ply detail characteristics as described in the prior section.	ALL	
Boundary	The end of ply plan view of either a flat or lofted surface.	S	
Ply Identification	The assigned ply number.	S	
Ply Detail Interface	Where the ply details (EOP) meet in either a butt. overlap or gap orientation.	S	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM			
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1	
Ply Detail Location	The relative location of the ply details in relationship to each other in the plan view.	S	
Number of Ply Details	The number of ply details in a ply and when the ply detail equals one (1) it is a ply.	S	
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - PLY LAMINATE - GENERAL FLAT			
Envelope	The envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S	
Laminate Thickness	The dimension of the ply set-up.	S	
Mold/Bag Line Surface	The laminate surface in contact with mold or bag.	S	
Fastener Holes & Cut Outs	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S	
Ply Characteristics	The ply characteristics as described in the prior section.	ALL	
Ply Stack	A subset of ply table consisting of sequence and location.	ALL	
Ply Table	A matrix of the laminate characteristics.	ALL	
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F	
Ply Transition	The drop off of plies in the laminate.	F	
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F	
Strength	The capacity to carry loads.	F	
Weight	The density characteristic times the volume of the part.	F	
Percentage (%) Ply Angle/Thickness	The percentage of ply orientations in a given thickness per material type per material type.	S	
Laminate Properties	The combined mechanical properties of the laminate.	F	
Laminate Symmetry	The balancing of the ply orientations with respect to the neutral axis.	S	
Laminate Assembly Process	The sequence of assembling the laminate in the shop.	Р	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM				
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>		
Filler Plies	Plies added to meet the design tolerances.	s		
Next Assembly Information	The necessary characteristics of adjoining parts. Reference information only.	F		
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - PLY LAMINATE - CONTOURED SKIN LAMINATE (CSL) GENERAL CONTOURED WRAPPABLE				
Envelope	The envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S		
Laminate Thickness	The dimension of the ply set-up.	S		
Contoured Mold/Bag Line Surface	The laminate surface in contact with mold or bag.	F		
Fastener Holes & Cut Outs	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S		
Ply Characteristics	The ply characteristics as described in the prior section.	ALL		
Ply Stack	A subset of ply table consisting of sequence and location.	S		
Ply Table	A matrix of the laminate characteristics.	ALL		
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F		
Ply Transition	The drop off of plies in the laminate.	F		
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F		
Strength	The capacity to carry loads.	F		
Weight	The density characteristic times the volume of the past.	F		
Percentage (%) Ply Angle/Thickness	The percentage of ply orientations in a given thickness per material type per material type.	S		
Laminate Properties	The combined mechanical properties of the laminate.	F		
Laminate Symmetry	The balancing of the ply orientations with respect to the neutral axis.	F		

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Laminate Assembly Process	The sequence of assembling the laminate in the shop.	Р
Filler Plies	Plies added to meet the design tolerances.	S
Next Assembly Information	The necessary characteristics of adjoining parts. Reference information only.	F
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - PLY LAN	IINATE - ANGLE	
Envelope	The envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S
Laminate Thickness	The dimension of the ply set-up.	S
Mold/Bag Line Surface	The laminate surface in contact with mold or bag.	F
Fastener Holes & Cut Outs	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S
Ply Characteristics	The ply characteristics as described in the prior section.	ALL
Ply Stack	Ply stack is a subset of ply table consisting of sequence and location.	S
Ply Table	A matrix of the laminate characteristics.	ALL
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F
Ply Transition	The drop off of plies in the laminate.	F
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Strength	The capacity to carry loads.	F
Weight	The density characteristic times the volume of the past.	W
Percentage (%) Ply Angle/Thickness	The percentage of ply orientations in a given thickness per material type per material type.	S
Laminate Properties	The combined mechanical properties of the laminate.	F
Cross-Section Properties	The mechanical properties of the cross-sectional area.	F

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Angle Location	The Angle location relative to the position in the assembly.	S
Laminate Symmetry	The balancing of the ply orientations with respect to the neutral axis.	S
Laminate Assembly Process	The sequence of assembling the laminate in the shop.	Р
Filler Plies	Plies added to meet the design tolerances.	S
Next Assembly Information	The necessary characteristics of adjoining parts. Reference information only.	F
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - PLY LAM	INATE - CAP	
Boundary	The outline of a ply laminate plan view of either a flat or lofted surface.	S
Laminate Thickness	The dimension of the ply set-up.	S
OML/IML Surface	The outer mold line and either mold line surface of the cap.	F
Joints/Interfaces	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S
Ply Stack	Ply stack is a subset of ply table consisting of sequence and location.	S
Ply Table	A matrix of the laminate characteristics.	ALL
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F
Ply Drop Off	The drop off of plies in the laminate.	F
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Strength	The capacity to carry loads.	F
Weight	The density characteristic times the volume of the past.	F
Percentage (%) Ply Angle/Thickness	The percentage of ply orientations in a given thickness per material type per material type.	S

Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Laminate Properties	The combined mechanical properties of the laminate.	F
Cross-Section Properties	The mechanical properties of the cross-sectional area.	F
Cap Location	The Cap location relative to the position in the assembly.	S
Next Assembly Information	The necessary characteristics of adjoining parts. Reference information only.	F
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - CORE -	STOCK MATERIAL	
Material Name	A ribbon or foam oriented material that primarily includes fiberglass, phenolic and metals.	М
Material Thickness	This is thickness parallel to the cell direction as supplied by the vendor.	S
Ribbon Direction	The direction of continuous ribbon.	F
Core Density	The weight per unit volume.	F
Mechanical Material Properties	The load carrying properties.	F
Material Stock Size	The thickness, width and length of the core as supplied by the vendor.	S
Core Stock Characteristics	The characteristics of the core as described in more detail in the previous section.	ALL
Envelope	The envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S
Flat Pattem	The edge of core of an unfolded envelope.	S
Core Detail Identification	When core detail equals one (1) then the ply detail identification is the ply number.	S
Ramp Angle	The chamfered angle of the core edge.	S
Core Detail Thickness	The height of the core at any given location.	S
Core Detail Characteristics	The characteristics as described in more detail in the previous section.	ALL

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - CORE -	MACHINED	
Core Detail Characteristics	The characteristics as described in more detail in the previous section.	ALL
Envelope	The envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S
Ramp Angle	The chamfered angle of the core edge.	S
Core Splice	The core detail interface.	S
Core Thickness	The height of the core at any given location.	S
Core Holes & Cut Outs	The removed portions of the core.	S
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Combined Mechanical Material Properties	The combined load carrying properties.	F
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - CORE -	FORMED	
Boundary/Envelope	The boundary/envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S
Ramp Angle	The chamfered angle of the core edge.	S
Core Splice	The core detail interface.	S
Core Density	The weight per unit volume.	F
Core Thickness	The height of the core at any given location.	S
Joints/Interfaces	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S
Ribbon Direction	The direction of continuous ribbon.	F
Material Name	A ribbon or foam oriented material that primarily includes gloss phenolic and metals.	М
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	ļ.
Panel Size	The length and width of the panel within the next assembly.	S

Characteristic	Description	Aspect
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Mechanical Material Properties	The combined load carrying properties.	F
OML/IML Surface	The laminate surface in contact with mold or bag.	F
DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - CORE -	STABILIZED	
Boundary/Envelope	The boundary/envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S
Ramp Angle	The chamfered angle of the core edge.	S
Core Splice	The core detail interface.	S
Core Density	The weight per unit volume.	F
Core Thickness	The height of the core at any given location.	S
Joints/Interfaces	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S
Ribbon Direction	The direction of continuous ribbon.	F
Material Name	A ribbon or foam oriented material that primarily includes fiberglass, phenolic and metals.	M
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F
Panel Size	The length and width of panel within the next assembly.	S
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Mechanical Material Properties	The combined load carrying properties.	F
Stabilizer	An injected material to and in support of the core ribbon.	F

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Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Core Characteristics	The characteristics as described in more detail in the core section.	ALL
Ply Laminate Characteristics	These are characteristics as described in more detail in the laminate section.	ALL
Adhesive (type)	A bonding agent between the core and the laminate. Note: This includes an X-ply for smoothing.	Р
Fastener Holes & Cut Outs	The removed portions of the core.	S
Ply Table	A matrix of the Assembly characteristics	ALL
Envelope	The envelope of the part in the XYZ planes.	S
Thickness	The combined sandwich thickness.	S
Mold/Bag Line Surface	The laminate surface in contact with mold or bag.	F
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F
Panel Size	The length and width of panel within the next assembly.	S
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Strength	The capacity to carry loads.	F
Weight	The density characteristic times the volume of the past.	F
Core Stiffened Panel Assembly Process	The sequence of assembling the laminate and the core in the core assembly.	Р
Filler Characteristics	These are characteristics as described in more detail in the Filler section.	ALL
Assembly Symmetry	The balancing of the ply orientations with respect to the neutral axis.	S
Next Assembly Information	These are necessary characteristics of adjoining parts. Reference information only.	F

DETAIL DESIGN (DD) - "T" COMPOSITE ASSEMBLY (TCA) - LD (ANGLE)/LD (ANGLE)/FILAMENT LAMINATE (FILLER)/LD (CAP)

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Ply Laminate (Angle) Characteristics	These are characteristics as described in more detail in the Angle section.	ALL
Laminate Detail (Filler) Characteristics	These are characteristics as described in more detail in the Filler section.	ALL
Ply Laminate (Cap) Characteristics	These are characteristics as described in more detail in the Cap section.	ALL
Joints/Interfaces	The removed portions of the laminate part.	S
Panel Size	The length and width of panel within the next assembly.	S
Tolerances	The dimensional tolerances of the part due to conventional design/build constraints.	F
Damage Tolerance	The ability to resist damage in the normal operating environment in its life cycle.	F
Strength	The capacity to carry loads.	F
Weight	The density characteristic times the volume of the past.	F
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	- FILAMENT ASSEMBLY (FABRIC)	
Material Name/Description	The name of the material system and a description including the following: warp and fill fibers, resin, manufacturer(s), tow size, toughened/untoughened, thermoset/thermoplastic, applicable specifications.	М
Material Thickness	Nominal theoretical thickness of the Filament Assembly (Fabric) when cured in a laminate that corresponds to fiber volume and resin content.	M, S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the fabric relative to an established coordinate system.	M, S
Warp/Fill Directions	The warp and fill directions with respect to the reference orientation. The warp direction is established by the fibers that are oriented longitudinally in the fabric, fill are the fibers that cross the warp fibers.	M. S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Warp/Fill Percentages	The percentage of fiber in the warp and fill directions. The percentages are assumed to add to 100%.	M, S
Fiber Volume	Percentage of the total laminate volume composed of fibers.	М
Resin Content	Percentage of the total material weight composed of resin.	М

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Mechanical Material Properties	The mechanical properties of the Filament Assembly (Fabric) including: Density Warp Youngs Modulus - Compression Fill Youngs Modulus - Compression Warp Youngs Modulus - Tension Fill Youngs Modulus - Tension Fill Youngs Modulus - Tension Through the Thickness Youngs Modulus (33) Poisson's Ratio (12, 23, 13) Shear Modulus (12, 23, 13) Warp Thermal Coefficient Fill Thermal Coefficient Through the Thickness Thermal Coefficient Fill Moisture Absorption Coefficient Fill Moisture Absorption Coefficient Through the Thickness Moisture Absorption Coefficient (33) Strain Allowables Warp Compressive Fill Compressive Fill Compressive Fill Tensile Through the Thickness Compressive (33) Warp Tensile Fill Tensile Through the Thickness Tensile (33) Positive Shear (12, 23, 13) Stress Allowables Warp Compressive Fill Compressive Fill Compressive Fill Compressive Through the Thickness Compressive (33) Warp Tensile Fill Tensile Through the Thickness Compressive (33) Warp Tensile Fill Tensile Through the Thickness Tensile (33) Shear (12, 23, 13) Characteristic Dimension for Tension (Fastener Analysis) Characteristic Dimension for Compression (Fastener Analysis) Miscellaneous Properties	M, S
Weave	Style of weaving used to form the fabric. Some examples include: five harness stain, crows foot, twill.	M, S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Finish	The sizing put on the tows prior to weaving and resin impregnation.	M
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - FILAMENT ASSEMBLY (TAPE)		
Material Name/Description	The name of the material system and a description including the following: fibers, resin, manufacturer(s), tow size, toughened/untoughened, thermoset/thermoplastic applicable specifications.	М
Material Thickness	Nominal theoretical thickness of the Filament Assembly (Tape) when cured in a laminate that corresponds to fiber volume and resin content.	M. S
Fiber Volume	Percentage of the total laminate volume composed of fibers.	М
Resin Content	Percentage of the total material weight composed of resin.	М

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		<del></del>
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Mechanical Material Properties	The mechanical properties of the Filament Assembly including: Density Youngs Modulus - Compression (11, 22, 33) Youngs Modulus - Tension (11, 22, 33) Poisson's Ratio (12, 23, 13) Shear Modulus (12, 23, 13) Thermal Coefficient (11, 22) Through the Thickness Thermal Coefficient (33) Shear Thermal Coefficient (12, 23, 13) Moisture Absorption Coefficient (11, 22) Strain Allowables Compressive (11, 22, 33) Tensile (11, 22, 33) Positive Shear (12, 23, 13) Negative Shear (12, 23, 13) Stress Allowables Compressive (11, 22, 33) Tensile (11, 22, 33) Shear (12, 23, 13) Characteristic Dimension for Tension (Fastener Analysis) Characteristic Dimension for Compression (Fastener Analysis) Miscellaneous Properties	M, S
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS -	FILAMENT ASSEMBLY (FILLER)	
Material Name/Description	The name of the material system and a description including the following: fibers, resin manufacturer(s), tow size, toughened/untoughened, thermoset/thermoplastic, grade and type callouts for adhesive (if present), applicable specifications.  Material Thickness	М
Fiber Volume	Percentage of the total laminate volume composed of fibers.	М
Resin Content	Percentage of the total material weight composed of resin.	М

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Mechanical Material Properties	The mechanical properties of the Filament Assembly (Filler) including: Density Youngs Modulus - Compression (11, 22, 33) Youngs Modulus - Tension (11, 22, 33) Poisson's Ratio (12, 23, 13) Shear Modulus (12, 23, 13) Thermal Coefficient (11, 22) Through the Thickness Thermal Coefficient (33) Shear Thermal Coefficient (12, 23, 13) Moisture Absorption Coefficient (11, 22) Strain Allowables Compressive (11, 22, 33) Tensile (11, 22, 33) Positive Shear (12, 23, 13) Negative Shear (12, 23, 13) Stress Allowables Compressive (11, 22, 33) Tensile (11, 22, 33) Stress Allowables Compressive (11, 22, 33) Characteristic Dimension for Tension (Fastener Analysis) Characteristic Dimension for Compression (Fastener Analysis) Miscellaneous Properties	M, S
Shape	The cross-sectional geometry of the filler if it is preformed.	M, S
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS -	DI V DIECE	
Boundary	The location of the outer contiguous perimeter of	S
	a Ply Detail.	
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Ply Detail relative to an established coordinate system.	S
Ply it is a part of	Reference to the ply that the Ply Detail is a part of.	S
Filament Assembly Characteristics	A reference to a Filament Assembly, including all the characteristics of that Filament Assembly.	M, S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
OML/IML Surface	The surfaces that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the Ply Detail.	S
Ply Detail Normal	A normal to the OML or IML surface of the Ply Detail positive in the direction of ascending Ply Sequence Number.	S
Warp Surface	The side of the woven fabric where the material is composed of yarms running lengthwise to the fabric.	S
Fill Surface	The side of the woven fabric where the majority of the visible weave is composed of yarns running in the width of the fabric.	S
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSI	s - PLY	
Boundary	The location of the outer contiguous perimeter of a Ply.	S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Ply relative to an established coordinate system.	S
Ply Detail Characteristics	A reference to a list of Ply Details including all the characteristics of the member Ply Detail(s).	M, S
Ply Sequence Number	The Ply Sequence Number is the order in which the Plies are laid down on the tool. The first Ply laid down is ply number 1, and the remaining Plies are assigned sequence numbers in ascending order.	M, S
OML/IML Surface	The surfaces that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the Ply.	S
Ply Normal	A normal to the OML or IML surface of the Ply Detail positive in the direction of ascending Ply Sequence Number.	S
		*
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	- PLY LAMINATE (GENERAL FLAT)	
Boundary	The location of the outer contiguous flat perimeter of a General Flat Ply Laminate.	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM			
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>	
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured laminate thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M. S	
OML/IML Surface	The surface that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	S	
Ply Table	A list of references of the constituent Plies and all their characteristics and associated Ply Sequence Numbers.	M, S	
Detail Structural Analysis	The static stress analysis and durability/damage tolerance analysis of a General Flat Ply Laminate.	7	
Weight	The weight of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	S	
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S	
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S	
Laminate Properties	The mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	M, S	
Stack Normal	A normal to the OML or IML surface of the General Flat Ply Laminate, positive on the direction of ascending Ply Sequence Number.	S	
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the General Flat Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S	
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS -	DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - PLY LAMINATE (GENERAL CONTOUR/WRAPPABLE)		
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three- dimensional perimeter of a General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	S	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured Laminate Thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	S
Ply Table	A list of references of the constituent Plies and all their characteristics and associated Ply Sequence Numbers.	M, S
Detail Structural Analysis	The static stress analysis and durability/damage tolerance analysis of a General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	?
Weight	The weight of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	М
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Laminate Properties	The mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	M, S
Stack Normal	A normal to the OML or IML surface of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate, positive on the direction of ascending Ply Sequence Number.	S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	- PLY LAMINATE (ANGLE AND CAP)	
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter of an Angle/Cap Ply Laminate.	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM			
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>	
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured Laminate Thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S	
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of an Angle/Cap Ply Laminate.	S	
Ply Table	A list of references of the constituent Plies and all their characteristics and associated Ply Sequence Numbers.	M, S	
Detail Structural Analysis	The static stress analysis and durability/damage tolerance analysis of an Angle Ply Laminate.	?	
Weight	The weight of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	М	
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S	
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S	
Cross Section Properties	The beam bending properties of the Angle cross section (moments of inertia, etc.)	S	
Laminate Properties	The mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of an Angle/Cap Ply Laminate.	M, S	
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Angle/Cap Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S	
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS -	DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - CORE DETAIL		
Material Name/Description	The name of the material system and a description including the following: fibers, resin, manufacturer(s), toughened/untoughened, thermoset/thermoplastic/metal, applicable specifications.	М	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three- dimensional perimeter surface of a Core Detail.	S
Ramp Angle	The angle of the boundary envelope surface where it intersects the Core Detail Top or Bottom Surface.	S
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Ribbon Direction	The continuous Ribbon Direction of the Core Detail.	M, S
Cell Size	The size of the honeycomb cells of the Core Detail.	M, S
Weight	The weight of the Core Detail.	М
Material Properties	The mechanical Material Properties of the Core Detail.	M, S
Core Normal	A direction normal to the Top Surface of the Core Detail positive from the Bottom Surface to the Top Surface.	S
Top Surface	The surface that the Core Normal is defined with respect to.	S
Bottom Surface.	The surface located on the negative core normal direction from the top surface.	S
DETAIL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	- CORE ASSEMBLY	
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter surface of a Core Assembly.	S
Core Detail Characteristics	A reference to a list of Core Details including all the characteristics of the member Core Details.	M, S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Core Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S
Assembly List	A list specifying the assembly of the constituent Core Details. Core Detail coordinate systems are assembled with respect to the Core Assembly Reference Orientation.	S
(FLAT)/PLY LAMINATE)	A reference to a Core Assembly including all the	
Core Assembly Characteristics	A reference to a Core Assembly including all the characteristics of the Core Assembly.	M, S
Ply Laminates Characteristics	A reference to two Ply Laminates (also known as face sheets) including all the characteristics of the Ply Laminates.	M. S
Adhesive (type)	The adhesive used to bond the face sheets to the Core Assembly.	М
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter of a Composite Assembly.	S
OML/IML Surfaces	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of a bond tool surface of a Composite Assembly.	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Detail Structural Analysis	The static stress analysis and durability/damage tolerance analysis of a Composite Assembly.	?
Weight	The weight of the Composite Assembly.	М
Combined Material Properties	The smeared (equivalent) mechanical Material Properties of the Composite Assembly.	M, S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Composite Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S
Reference Normal	A direction normal to the top surface of the Core Assembly bond mold surface positive in the part direction from the surface.	S
Assembly List	A list specifying the assembly of the face sheets and Core Assembly. Core Detail and face sheet coordinate systems are assembled with respect to the Core Assembly Reference Orientation.	S
	COMPOSITE LAYUP ASSEMBLY (PLY LAMINATE (ANGLE DETAIL (FILLER)/ PLY LAMINATE (CAP))  A reference to two Ply Laminates (Angle)	E) / PLY  M. S
Characteristics	including all the characteristics of the Ply Laminates.	101, 3
Filament Assembly (Filler) Characteristics	A reference to a Filament Detail (Filler) including all the characteristics of the Filament Detail.	M, S
Ply Laminate (Cap) Characteristics	A reference to a Ply Laminate (Cap) including all the characteristics of the Ply Laminate.	M, S
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Cross Section Properties	The beam bending properties of the Composite Assembly cross section (moments of inertia, etc.)	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Detail Structural Analysis	The static stress analysis and durability/damage tolerance analysis of a Composite Assembly.	?
Weight	The weight of the Composite Assembly.	М
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter of a Composite Assembly.	S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Composite Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S
Assembly List	A list specifying the assembly of the two angles, filler and cap into a Composite assemble Assembly. Angle, filler and cap coordinate systems are assembled with respect to the Core Assembly Reference Orientation.	S
	ALYSIS - PLY LAMINATE (GENERAL FLAT)	<del></del>
Boundary	The location of the outer contiguous flat perimeter of a General Flat Ply Laminate.	S
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured laminate thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S
OML/IML Surface	The surface that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	S
Ply Orientations	A list of ply orientations defined with respect to the reference orientation. Note that this information is combined with the Ply Percentages to provide a complete laminate description.	M, S
Ply Percentages	The percentage of total theoretical laminate thickness in each ply orientation.	M, S
Preliminary Structural Analysis	Analytical trade studies to define and optimize structural configurations producing preliminary thicknesses, ply orientations and stiffener/core cross section/geometry/spacing.	?
Weight	The weight of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	S

Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Laminate Properties	The mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	M, S
Stack Normal	A normal to the OML or IML surface of the General Flat Ply Laminate, positive on the direction of ascending Ply Sequence Number.	S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the General Flat Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S
PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL AND	ALYSIS - PLY LAMINATE (GENERAL CONTOUR/WRAPPABLE	 :)
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three- dimensional perimeter of a General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	S
Laminata Thiskness(sa)	The theoretical cured Laminate Thicknesses that	
Laminate Thickness(es)	are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the	M, S 
Contoured OML/IML	are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.  The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General	
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.  The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.  A list of ply orientations defined with respect to the reference orientation. Note that this information is combined with the Ply Percentages	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Weight	The weight of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	M
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Laminate Properties	The mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	M, S
Stack Normal	A normal to the OML or IML surface of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate, positive on the direction of ascending Ply Sequence Number.	S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S
PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL ANA	LYSIS - PLY LAMINATE (ANGLE AND CAP)	
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter of an Angle/Cap Ply Laminate.	S
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured Laminate Thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of an Angle/Cap Ply Laminate.	S
Ply Orientations	A list of ply orientations defined with respect to the reference orientation. Note that this information is combined with the Ply Percentages to provide a complete laminate description.	M, S
Ply Percentages	The percentage of total theoretical laminate thickness in each ply orientation.	

Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Preliminary Structural Analysis	Analytical trade studies to define and optimize structural configurations producing preliminary thicknesses, ply orientations and stiffener/core cross section/geometry/spacing.	?
Weight	The weight of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	М
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Cross Section Properties	The beam bending properties of the Angle cross section (moments of inertia, etc.)	S
Laminate Properties	The mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of an Angle/Cap Ply Laminate.	M, S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Angle/Cap Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S
PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL ANA	ALYSIS - CORE DETAIL	
Material Name/Description	The name of the material system and a description including the following: fibers, resin, manufacturer(s), toughened/untoughened, thermoset/thermoplastic/metal, applicable specifications.	M
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter surface of a Core Detail.	S
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load. May or may not require Next Assembly information.	S
Ribbon Direction	The continuous Ribbon Direction of the Core Detail.	M, S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Weight	The weight of the Core Detail.	М
Material Properties	The mechanical Material Properties of the Core Detail.	M, S
Core Normal	A direction normal to the Top Surface of the Core Detail positive from the Bottom Surface to the Top Surface.	S
Top Surface	The surface that the Core Normal is defined with respect to.	S
Bottom Surface.	The surface located on the negative core normal direction from the top surface.	S
LAMINATE (FLAT)/PLY LAMINATE Core Assembly		M. S
	LYSIS - COMPOSITE LAYUP ASSEMBLY (CORE ASSEMBL )	Y/PLY
Characteristics Ply Laminates Characteristics	characteristics of the Core Assembly.  A reference to two Ply Laminates (also known as	M. S
Try Lammates Onaracteristics	face sheets) including all the characteristics of the Ply Laminates.	IVI, 3
Adhesive (type)	The adhesive used to bond the face sheets to the Core Assembly.	М
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three- dimensional perimeter of a Composite Assembly.	S
OML/IML Surfaces	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of a bond tool surface of a Composite Assembly.	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Preliminary Structural Analysis	Analytical trade studies to define and optimize structural configurations producing preliminary thicknesses, ply orientations and stiffener/core cross section/geometry/spacing.	?
Weight	The weight of the Composite Assembly.	М
Combined Material Properties	The smeared (equivalent) mechanical Material Properties of the Composite Assembly.	M. S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Composite Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S
Reference Normal	A direction normal to the top surface of the Core Assembly bond mold surface positive in the part direction from the surface.	S
Assembly List	A list specifying the assembly of the face sheets and Core Assembly. Core Detail and face sheet coordinate systems are assembled with respect to the Core Assembly Reference Orientation.	S
	LYSIS - COMPOSITE LAYUP ASSEMBLY (PLY LAMINATE (ENT DETAIL (FILLER)/ PLY LAMINATE (CAP))  A reference to two Ply Laminates (Angle) including all the characteristics of the Ply	Angle) /
Filament Assembly (Filler) Characteristics	A reference to a Filament Detail (Filler) including all the characteristics of the Filament Detail.	M, S
Ply Laminate (Cap) Characteristics	A reference to a Ply Laminate (Cap) including all the characteristics of the Ply Laminate.	M, S
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Cross Section Properties	The beam bending properties of the Composite Assembly cross section (moments of inertia, etc.)	S

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM	VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>	
Preliminary Structural Analysis	Analytical trade studies to define and optimize structural configurations producing preliminary thicknesses, ply orientations and stiffener/core cross section/geometry/spacing.	?	
Weight	The weight of the Composite Assembly.	M	
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three-dimensional perimeter of a Composite Assembly.	S	
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Composite Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S	
Assembly List	A list specifying the assembly of the two angles, filler and cap into a Composite assemble Assembly. Angle, filler and cap coordinate systems are assembled with respect to the Core Assembly Reference Orientation.	S	
STRUCTURAL TEST - PLY LAMINA	ATE (GENERAL FLAT)		
Boundary	The location of the outer contiguous flat perimeter of a General Flat Ply Laminate.	S	
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured laminate thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S	
OML/IML Surface	The surface that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	S	
Test Results	The results of structural tests preformed on a General Flat Ply Laminate.	?	
Weight	The weight of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	S	
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S	
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Laminate Properties	The as tested mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of the General Flat Ply Laminate.	M, S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the General Flat Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S
STRUCTURAL TEST - PLY LAMINA	ATE (GENERAL CONTOUR/WRAPPABLE)	
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three- dimensional perimeter of a General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	S
Laminate Thickness(es)	The theoretical cured Laminate Thicknesses that are a sum of the Ply thicknesses specified in the Ply Table.	M, S
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	S
Test Results	The results of structural tests preformed on a General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	?
Weight	The weight of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	М
Joints	Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and structural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
Laminate Properties	The as tested mechanical Laminate Properties of the various Laminate Thicknesses of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate.	M, S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the General Contour/Wrappable Ply Laminate relative to an established coordinate system.	S

Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Characteristic	Description	Aspect
STRUCTURAL TEST - COMPOSITE	E LAYUP ASSEMBLY (CORE ASSEMBLY/PLY LAMINATE (F	FLAT)/PLY
Boundary/Envelope	The location of the outer contiguous three- dimensional perimeter of a Composite Assembly.	S
OML/IML Surfaces	The surface(s) that define the Outer Mold Line (OML) or Inner Mold Line (IML) of a bond tool surface of a Composite Assembly.	S
Test Results	The results of structural tests preformed on a Composite Assembly.	?
Weight	The weight of the Composite Assembly.	М
Combined Material Properties	The as tested smeared (equivalent) mechanical Material Properties of the Composite Assembly.	M, S
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Composite Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S
STRUCTURAL TEST - COMPOSITE (ANGLE) / FILAMENT DETAIL (FIL Joints	E LAYUP ASSEMBLY (PLY LAMINATE (ANGLE) / PLY LAMINATE (CAP))  Description of the attachment mechanisms (e.g. bolts, adhesives, etc.) and str. ctural configuration//members joined together to transfer load.	S
Next Assembly Information	References to the attachment of the part to adjoining parts.	S
0	The as tested beam bending properties of the	S
Cross Section Properties	Composite Assembly cross section (moments of inertia, etc.)	
Test Results		?
	inertia, etc.)  The results of structural tests preformed on a	? M

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Reference Orientation	The basic orientation direction of the Composite Assembly relative to an established coordinate system.	S
MANUFACTURING PLANNING - FI	LAMENT ASSEMBLY (FABRIC/TAPE)	
Material Type/Description	Define the type of material such as graphite, fiberglass, etc. Determine the manufacturing method required.	Р
Material Thickness	The nominal thickness of one layer of the material.	Р
Weave	The manner in which the a fabric is formed by interlacing yams in a specific pattern.	Р
Drape	The ability of a material to form to a contour	Р
Material Name	The manufacturer of the material and any brand name and/or product identifier.	Р
Fiber/resin ratio	The ratio between the fiber content and the amount of resin present in a composite material. Determine requirements for bleeding.	Р
Warp/Fill Directions	The direction of the longitudinally oriented yam in a woven fabric./ The yam in a fabric that crosses the warp.	Р
Fiber Strength/Stiffness	The ability of the tape fibers to resist bending.	Р
Material Life Data	The storage requirements, shelf life, working life, and out time limits for the materials	Р
MANUFACTURING PLANNING - FIL	AMENT ASSEMBLY (FILLER)	
Material Name/Description	The manufacturer of the material and any brand name and/or product identifier.	Р
Material Quantity	The amount (number of strands of tow) required to produce the required cross section of the filler.	Р
Cross Section Volume	The volume of a cross section of the filler.	Р
Boundary	The cross sectional shape and length of the filler.	Р

Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Material Life Data	The storage requirements, shelf life, working life, and out time limits for the materials	Р
MANUFACTURING PLANNING -	PLY PIECE	
None		
MANUFACTURING PLANNING -	PLY	
Boundary	The edge of the ply detail (EOP).	P
Filament Assembly Char	Inherit characteristics of Filament Assembly	
MANUFACTURING PLANNING -	PLY LAMINATE	
Ply Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of ply	
Number of ply(ies)	How many ply(ies) make up this ply laminate.	Р
Ply Table	Information on the position and orientation of each ply.	Р
Boundary	The edge of the laminate.	Р
Tolerances	The tolerance requirements relative to the ply laminate.	Р
Splice, lap & gap	The requirements for splice location and overlapping/gaps in plies.	Р
Tool Controlled Surfaces	The surfaces of the ply laminate that come in contact with tool surfaces for the purpose of controlling certain aspects of the laminate (dimensions, surface finish, etc.).	Р
Contour	A geometric definition of the surface of the laminate (may or may not be flat). The amount of contour is defined by the deviation of the laminate from a planar surface.	P
MANUFACTURING PLANNING -	COPE (MACHINED)	
Boundary	The edge of the core detail.	— Р

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Core Splice	The location of the splice where the core detail will be attached to another core detail.	Р
Core Thickness	The finished thickness of the core detail.	P
Core Density	The pounds per cubic foot of honeycomb core based upon the foil gauge or thickness and cell size.	Р
Ramp Angle	The angle of segments of the core that are capered.	Р
Joints	The general area of contact.	Р
Tolerances (thickness, location)	The degree of accuracy required when manufacturing the ACSP.	Р
Ribbon Direction	The direction the strips of material that make up the cells of the honeycomb.	Р
Core Type	The type of core being used (e.g., nomex, HFT, HRP, etc.)	Р
Core Configuration	The configuration of the cells (i.e., hex, flex, or over extended)	Р
Mating Surface Contour	The contour (see above) of the mating surface to the core.	Р
MANUFACTURING PLANNING - CO	PRE ASSEMBLY	
Core (Machined) Characteristics	Inherit the characteristics of the machined core	
Adhesives	Identity of the adhesives that will be used to assembly the details.	Р
Potting Compounds	Identity of the potting compounds that will be used.	Р
Stabilizers	Identity of the stabilizers that will be used.	P
Boundary	The outside edge of the core assembly.	Р
Core Detail Position	The position of the details that make up the assembly. Includes location and orientation.	Р

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Core Assembly Tolerances	The orientation and positional tolerances for the assembly.	Р
Core Assembly Surface Contour	The relative contour of the surface of the core assembly.	Р
Hard Detail Locations	The location of any hard details (fasteners, etc.) within the core assembly.	Р
MANUFACTURING PLANNING - C	OMPOSITE LAYUP ASSEMBLY (CORE STIFFENED PANEL)	<u></u>
Core Assembly Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the core assembly.	N/A
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the ply laminates.	Р
Reference Orientation	The orientation of the core and skins relative to the tool (rosette).	Р
Adhesives (type)	The type of adhesive being used and its thickness.	Р
Boundary	The size and shape of the core assembly.	Р
Location Tolerances	The positional accuracy required for the core assembly in the final cured ACSP.	Р
MANUFACTURING PLANNING - C	OMPOSITE LAYUP ASSEMBLY ('T')	
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the ply laminates.	
Reference Orientation	The orientation of the laminates and filler relative to the tool.	Р
Adhesives (type)	The identify of any adhesives required in the layup and the thickness.	Р
Boundary	The dimensions of the completed assembly.	Р
Location Tolerances	The positional accuracy required for the completed assembly.	Р
NC PROGRAMMING - FILAMENT	ASSEMBLY (FABRIC/TAPE)	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Material Type/Description	Define the type of material such as graphite, fiberglass, etc. Determine the manufacturing method required.	Р
Material Thickness	The nominal thickness of one layer of the material.	Р
Material Stock Size	The form in which the material will be purchased. Such as 12" wide tape on a 120' roll. This is an output of the mfg plan.	P
Material Name	The manufacturer of the material and any brand name and/or product identifier.	Р
Warp/Fill Directions	The direction of the longitudinally oriented yarn in a woven fabric./ The yarn in a fabric that crosses the warp.	Р
Fiber Strength/Stiffness	The ability of the tape fibers to resist bending.	Р
NC PROGRAMMING - PLY PIECE	TOOLHIDE! (FILLERY)	
NC PROGRAMMING - PLY PIECE		
Boundary	The geometric data describing the EOP.	P
Warp	The warp direction of the material.	P
Fiber Orientation	The orientation of the fabric within the ply detail.	P
Tolerance	The accuracy of the dimensions required when producing the ply detail.	P
Ply it is Part of	The identity of the parent ply.	P
NC PROGRAMMING - PLY		
Boundary	The edge of the ply detail (EOP).	Р
OML/IML	Identify if the ply is IML or OML.	Р
Ply location in stack	The location of the ply within the stack.	Р
Filament Assembly Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of Filament Assembly	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
NC Programming - Ply Lami	NATE	
Ply Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of ply	
Laminate Thickness	The thickness of the laminate.	Р
Boundary	The edge of the laminate.	Р
Tolerances	The tolerance requirements relative to the ply laminate.	P
Tool Controlled Surfaces	The surfaces of the ply laminate that come in contact with tool surfaces for the purpose of controlling certain aspects of the laminate (dimensions, surface finish, etc.).	Р
NC PROGRAMMING - CORE (M.	ACHINED)	
Boundary	The edge of the core detail.	Р
Core Thickness	The finished thickness of the core detail.	Р
Core Density	The pounds per cubic foot of honeycomb core based upon the foil gauge or thickness and cell size.	Р
Ramp Angle	The angle of segments of the core that are tapered.	Р
Joints	The general area of contact.	Р
Material Stock Size	The length and width of the material as it comes from the vendor.	Р
Tolerances (thickness, location)	The degree of accuracy required when manufacturing the ACSP.	Р
Ribbon Direction	The direction the strips of material that make up the cells of the honeycomb.	Р
Core Type	The type of core being used (e.g., nomex, HFT, HRP, etc.)	Р
Mating Surface Contour	The contour (see above) of the mating surface to the core.	Р

	<del></del>	
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
NC Programming - Core Ass	EARDI V	
	EMBL!	
None		
NC PROGRAMMING - COMPOSIT	E LAYUP ASSEMBLY (CORE STIFFENED PANEL)	<u> </u>
None		
NC PROGRAMMING - COMPOSIT	E LAYUP ASSEMBLY ('T')	<u> </u>
None		
PROCESS PLANNING - FILAMENT	ASSEMBLY (FABRIC/TAPE)	
Material Type/Description	Define the type of material such as graphite, fiberglass, etc. Determine the manufacturing method required.	Р
Warp/Fill Direction	The direction of the longitudinally oriented yarn in a woven fabric./ The yarn in a fabric that crosses the warp.	Р
PROCESS PLANNING - FILAMENT	ASSEMBLY (FILLER)	
Material Quantity	The amount (number of strands of tow) required to produce the required cross section of the filler.	Р
Cross Section Volume	The volume of a cross section of the filler.	Р
PROCESS PLANNING - PLY PIECE	<u>                                     </u>	
Boundary	The geometry of the edge of the ply.	Р
Warp/Fill Direction	The warp direction and whether its position is relevant.	Р
Tolerance	The accuracy required when producing the ply.	P

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Ply it is a Part of	Which ply contains this detail.	Р
Filament Assembly Characteristics	Inherit the Filament Assembly characteristics.	
PROCESS PLANNING - PLY		
Boundary	The edge of the ply (EOP).	Р
Filament Assembly Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of Filament Assembly	
Splice, Laps & Gap	Information about where and what type of splices are allowed and the allowable gaps and overlaps.	Р
Tolerance	The accuracy required when producing the ply.	Р
OML/IML	Any special requirements for the OML/IML plies.	Р
Tooling Requirements.	A listing of the tools required to produce or layup the ply.	Р
PROCESS PLANNING - PLY LAM	INATE	
Ply Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of ply	
Number of ply(ies)	How many ply(ies) make up this ply laminate.	Р
Ply Table	Information on the position and orientation of each ply.	Р
Boundary	The edge of the laminate.	P
Tolerances	The tolerance requirements relative to the ply laminate.	P
Splice, lap & gap	The requirements for splice location and overlapping/gaps in plies.	Р
Tool Controlled Surfaces	The surfaces of the ply laminate that come in contact with too! surfaces for the purpose of controlling certain aspects of the laminate (dimensions, surface finish, etc.).	Р
OML/IML	Geometry of the OML/IML surfaces	Р

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Ply Drop Off	The locations of the ply drop offs within the laminate.	Р
Ply Orientation	The orientation of the plies within the laminate.	P
Warp	The warp direction of the plies and if it is relevant to the layup.	Р
Compaction	Instructions for the compaction requirements for this layup.	Р
PROCESS PLANNING - CORE (MA	CHINED)	
Boundary	The edge of the core detail.	Р
Ramp Angle	The angle of segments of the core that are tapered. Used for illustration purposes only.	Р
Ribbon Direction	The direction the strips of material that make up the cells of the honeycomb. Used for illustration purposes only.	Р
Core Type	The type of core being used (e.g., nomex, HFT, HRP, etc.)	Р
Core Configuration	The configuration of the cells (i.e., hex, flex, or over extended)	Р
PROCESS PLANNING - CORE ASS	EMBLY	
Core (Machined) Characteristics	Inherit the characteristics of the machined core	
Adhesives (type)	Identity of the adhesives that will be used to assembly the details.	P
Potting Compounds	Identity of the potting compounds that will be used.	Р
Stabilizers	Identity of the stabilizers that will be used.	Р
Hard Detail Locations	The location of any hard details (fasteners, etc.) within the core assembly.	Р

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
PROCESS PLANNING - COMPOSE	TE LAYUP ASSEMBLY (CORE STIFFENED PANEL)	
Core Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the core assembly.	
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the ply laminates.	Р
Reference Orientation	The orientation of the core and skins relative to the tool (rosette).	Р
Adhesives (type)	The type of adhesive being used and its thickness.	
Location Tolerances	The positional accuracy required for the core assembly in the final cured ACSP.	
Tooling requirements	A listing of the tools required to layup the CSP.	
Process Planning - Composi	TE LAYUP ASSEMBLY ('T')	
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the ply laminates.	Р
Reference Orientation	The orientation of the laminates and filler relative to the tool.	P
Adhesives (type)	The identify of any adhesives required in the layup and the thickness.	Р
Location Tolerances	The positional accuracy required for the completed assembly.	Р
		Р
Filler Characteristics	Inherit the characteristics of the filler.	Р
Identification of Transferable Process Steps.	A description of the process steps that may be performed at more than one station (transferred).	Р
Tool Design - Filament Assei	MBLY (FABRIC/TAPE)	
Material Type	Define the type of material such as graphite, fiberglass, etc. Determine the manufacturing method required.	Р
Tool Design - Filament Assen	MBLY (FILLER)	

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		_
Characteristic	Description	Aspect1
Boundary	The cross sectional shape and length of the filler.	Р
Manufacturing Process	A description of the manufacturing process that will be used to produce the radius filler.	Р
TOOL DESIGN - PLY PIECE		<u> </u>
None		
TOOL DESIGN - PLY		
Boundary	The edge of the ply detail (EOP).	Р
Filament Assembly Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of Filament Assembly	
Tooling Requirements	A listing of the tools required to layup the ply.	Р
OML/IML	Define whether the ply is OML or IML.	P
Cure Ply Thickness	The thickness of the ply when it is cured in this part configuration.	Р
TOOL DESIGN - PLY LAMINAT	E	
Ply Characteristics	Inherit characteristics of ply	
Ply Thickness	The thickness of the laminate after curing.	Р
Boundary	The edge of the laminate.	P
Tolerances	The tolerance requirements relative to the ply laminate.	Р
Tool Controlled Surfaces	The surfaces of the ply laminate that come in contact with tool surfaces for the purpose of controlling certain aspects of the laminate (dimensions, surface finish, etc.).	Р
OML/IML	Geometry of the IML and OML surfaces.	Р
TOOL DESIGN - CORE (MACHI	NED)	<del>-</del>

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Boundary	The edge of the core detail.	Р
Core Thickness	The finished thickness of the core detail.	Р
Core Density	The pounds per cubic foot of honeycomb core based upon the foil gauge or thickness and cell size.	Р
Joints	The general area of contact.	Р
Material Stock Size	The length and width of the material as it comes from the vendor.	Р
Tolerances (thickness, location)	The degree of accuracy required when manufacturing the ACSP.	P
Ribbon Direction	The direction the strips of material that make up the cells of the honeycomb.	Р
Core Type	The type of core being used (e.g., nomex, HFT, HRP, etc.)	Р
Core Configuration	The configuration of the cells (i.e., hex, flex, or over extended)	Р
Mating Surface Contour	The contour (see above) of the mating surface to the core.	P
Tooling Requirements	A list of the tools required to layup the laminate.	Р
Tool Design - Core Assembl	Y	
Core (Machined) Characteristics	Inherit the characteristics of the machined core	
Boundary	The outside edge of the core assembly.	Р
Core Detail Position	The position of the details that make up the assembly. Includes location and orientation that will be used to mark reference directions on the tool.	Р
Core Assembly Tolerances	The orientation and positional tolerances for the assembly.	P
Core Assembly Surface Contour	The relative contour of the surface of the core assembly.	P

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Hard Detail Locations	The location of any hard details (fasteners, etc.) within the core assembly.	Р
TOOL DESIGN - COMPOSITE LAY	UP ASSEMBLY (CORE STIFFENED PANEL)	<u></u>
Core Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the core assembly.	
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the ply laminates.	Р
Reference Crientation	The orientation of the core and skins relative to the tool (rosette).	Р
Boundary	The size and shape of the core assembly.	Р
Location Tolerances	The positional accuracy required for the core assembly in the final cured ACSP.	Р
Tooling Requirements	A listing of the tools required to assemble the core.	Р
Forecasted Part Quantities	The number of assemblies that will have to be built with this tool.	Р
Next Assembly Information	The attachment points of the finished part to other parts.	Р
TOOL DESIGN - COMPOSITE LAYE	UP ASSEMBLY ('T')	<del></del>
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Inherit characteristics from the ply laminates.	
Reference Orientation	The orientation of the laminates and filler relative to the tool.	Р
Boundary	The dimensions of the completed assembly.	P
Location Tolerances	The positional accuracy required for the completed assembly.	Р
Tooling Requirements	A listing of the tools required to assembly this ACSP.	Р
Next Assembly	The attachment points of the finished part to other parts.	P
Forecasted Part Quantities	The number of assemblies that will have to be built with this tool.	Р

VIEW - COMPOSITE ITEM		
Characteristic	Description	Aspect <sup>1</sup>
Assembly or Layup	Are any of the parts in the assembly process already cured?	Р

# 2.4.2 Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix

This section records the which views share common characteristics. The documentation of these relationships provides a cross-reference that provides the foundation for the integration of the Characteristics and their Aspects.

Table 3 Characteristics and Associated Functional Views

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Adhesive	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis
Angle Characteristics	Detail Design
Angle Location	Detail Design
Assembly List	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Assemble or Layup	Tool Design
Assembly Symmetry	Detail Design
Bottom Surface	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Boundary	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning Process Planning NC Programming Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test Tool Design
Boundary/Envelope	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test
Cap Characteristics	Detail Design
Cap Location	Detail Design
Cell Size	Detail Structural Analysis

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Combined Material Properties	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test
Compaction	Process Planning
Contour	Manufacturing Planning
Contoured Mold/Bag Interface	Detail Design
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test
Core Assembly Characteristics	Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis
Core Assembly Contour	Manufacturing Planning Tool Design
Core Assembly Tolerances	Manufacturing Planning Tool Design
Core Characteristics	Process Planning Tool Design
Core Detail Characteristics	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis
Core (Machined) Characteristics	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Tool Design
Core Configuration	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Tool Design
Core Detail Identification	Detail Design
Core Detail Position	Manufacturing Planning Tool Design
Core Detail Thickness	Detail Design

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Core Density	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Tool Design
Core Holes and Cutouts	Detail Design
Core Normal	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Core Splice	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning
Core Stiffened Panel Assembly Process	Detail Design
Core Stock Characteristics	Detail Design
Core Thicknesses	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Tool Design
Core Type	Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning Tool Design
Cross Section Properties	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Cross Section Volume	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Cure Ply Thickness	Tool Design
Damage Tolerance	Detail Design
Detail Structural Analysis	Detail Structural Analysis
Drape	Manufacturing Planning
Envelope	Detail Design
Fastener Holes and Cutouts	Detail Design
Fiber Orientation	Detail Design NC Programming

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Fiber/Resin Ratio	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning
Fiber Strength/Stiffness	Manufacturing Planning NC Programming
Fiber Volume	Detail Structural Analysis
Filament Assembly (Filler) Characteristics	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis Tool Design
Filler Characteristics	Detail Design Process Planning
Fill Surface	Detail Structural Analysis
Filler Plies	Detail Design
Finish	Detail Structural Analysis
Flat Pattern	Detail Design
Forecasted Part Quantities	Tool Design
Hard Detail Locations	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Tool Design
Identification of Transferrable Process Steps	Process Planning
Joints	Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test Tool Design
Joints/Interfaces	Detail Design
Laminate Assembly Process	Detail Design

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Ply Laminate Characteristics	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis Tool Design
Laminate Thickness(es)	Detail Structural Analysis NC Programming Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test
Laminate Properties	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test
Laminate Symmetry	Detail Design
Location Tolerances	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Tool Design
Manufacturing Process	Tool Design
Material Life Data	Manufacturing Planning
Material Name	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning NC Programming
Material Name/Description	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Material Quantity	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Material Stock Size	Detail Design NC Programming Tool Design
Material Thickness	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning NC Progra: ming

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Material Type	Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning Tool Design
Mating Surface Contour	Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Tool Design
Mechanical Material Properties	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Mold/Bag Interface	Detail Design
Next Assembly Information	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test Tool Design
Number of Ply(ies)	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Number of Ply Details	Detail Design
OML/IML	NC Programming Process Planning Tool Design
OML/IML Surface(s)	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test
Panel Size	Detail Design
Percentage Ply Angle/Thickness	Detail Design
Ply Characteristics	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning Tool Design
Ply Detail Characteristics	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Ply Detail Identification	Detail Design
Ply Detail Normal	Detail Structural Analysis
Ply Dropoff	Detail Design Process Planning
Ply Identification	Detail Design
Ply Location in Stack	NC Programming
Ply Normal	Detail Structural Analysis
Ply Orientation	Process Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis
Ply Percentages	Preliminary Structural Analysis
Ply it is a part of	Detail Structural Analysis NC Programming Process Planning
Ply Sequence Number	Detail Structural Analysis
Ply Stack	Detail Design
Ply Table	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Ply Thicknesses	Tool Design
Ply Transition	Detail Design
Potting Compound	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Preliminary Structural Analysis	Preliminary Structural Analysis
Ramp Angle	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Reference Orientation	Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning Process Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test Tool Design
Reference Normal	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Resin Content	Detail Structural Analysis
Ribbon Direction	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning Preliminary Structural Analysis Tool Design
Shape	Detail Structural Analysis
Splice, Lap and Gap	Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Stabilizer	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning Process Planning
Stack Normal	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Strength	Detail Design
Test Results	Structural Test
Tolerances	Detail Design Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning Tool Design
Tolerances (thicknesses, location)	Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Tool Design

Characteristic Versus Functional Views Matrix	
Characteristic	Functional Views
Tool Controlled Surfaces	Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Tool Design
Tooling Requirements	Process Planning Tool Design
Top Surface	Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis
Warp	NC Programming Process Planning
Warp Surface	Detail Structural Analysis
Warp/Fill Directions	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning NC Programming Process Planning
Warp/Fill Percentages	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis
Weave	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Manufacturing Planning
Weight	Detail Design Detail Structural Analysis Preliminary Structural Analysis Structural Test

# 2.4.3 Information Needs Summary and Assessments

This section presents the information needs summaries by view, and then the views that have been computerized at least to some degree are assessed as to the payback from utilizing PAS-C technology. The characteristics are prioritized by assessing the number of referencing composite items.

# List of Needs

This list was created by identifying activities that have been computerized to some degree or another. These activities have a greater potential for electronic exchange of product data than non-computerized activities. The list consists of three columns. The first column identifies the

functional area(s) which usually performs the activity. The second column identifies the activities. The third column maps the activity to the functional nodes in section 2.3.

Functional View	Activity which Needs Information	Node #
Analysis Analysis Analysis Analysis	Material Properties Extraction FEM creation from Overall part geometry Detail stress analysis part geometry input Updated geometry and ply data output	A223352133 A22335211 A2233531 A223356
Analysis  Analysis	to Design Graphical and Textual documentation of Analyses (Presentation) Input of Finite Element Analysis Output to Detail Structural Analysis	A22335243 A22335244 A2233532
Design	Drawing creation on graphics system (Presentation)	A223233
Design	3D creation of overall part geometry (Surfaces)	A223232
Design/NC	Flat Pattern creation of ply and ply detail geometry	A233163 A233211
Design/NC/Proc. Plan.	Creation of a Ply Book	A2321532
NC	Create NC program for cutting out ply detail on a Rapid Ply Cutting Machine (RPCM)	A23321
NC	Create NC program for laying tape using an Automatic Tape Laying Machine (ATLM)	A23321
NC NC	Create NC program for cutting Core to shape Create NC programs for trimming Edge-of-Part (EOP)	A23321 A23321
NC	Create NC program for machining tool mold surfaces	A23321
Tool Design/NC	Create Ply Templets	A23313
MFG Process Planning	Create Shop Floor Instructions and Illustrations	A232153
MFG Planning	Perform resource planning utilizing a Manufacturing Bill of Materials	A2313

#### **Prioritization of Needs**

Application areas that currently have a high degree of automation are high on the priority list. This is because PDES/STEP APs can impact these applications the quickest and greatest with the least amount of effort. When an activity is computerized/automated the reason is usually that a large volume of data was being processed, either within the activity or to-and-from the activity. To refine this prioritization criteria even more, APs should focus on exchanges of information where both sides of the exchange have automated process currently utilizing the same data, but manual interpretation of the information during the exchange still exist. There is also the case where having the product data standardized and computerized would lead to justifying automating activities that were not cost effective with manual input. An example of this would be generative process planning.

Table 4 contains the functional area interactions that show the greatest potential payback from utilizing PAS-C. Functional experts were asked to identify key ares where a standardized data format and appropriate functional systems would provide a substantial impact to the current way of doing business. The impacts represent the changes that would occur to the activities associated with sending, formatting, processing and receiving the information transferred between the functions. Low (LOW) impact represents a reduction of less than 10%, moderate impact (MOD) a reduction of 10% to 50%, and high (HI) impact an improvement of greater than 50%. An increase (INC) indicates that there may be additional effort required to complete those tasks. The Design to Analysis data exchange was expected to initially create more effort, but to eventually provide a moderate reduction.

**Table 4 Functional Area Interactions** 

Functional View Data Exchanges	PAS-C Impact
Design to Analysis	INC -> MOD
Analysis to Design	MOD
Design to NC Programming	НІ
Design to Manufacturing Process Planning	ні
Design to Tool Design	MOD

Another prioritization criteria is the number of times the same piece of information is utilized by different activities. Section 2.4, Table 2 shows the common information composite experts identified in the different functional areas. The informational characteristics in section 2.4.2 are the basis for the following table containing a prioritized list of information. The number of composite items that have a common characteristic was the primary ranking mechanism. The items in this list begin the task of best fulfilling the functional needs listed above. The table only

contains primary informational exchange elements and prioritizes them from top to bottom, top being the highest. The characteristics are also matched with their appropriate composite items.

Table 5 Characteristics Prioritization

Characteristics	Composite Item
Boundary	Ply Detail, Ply, Ply Laminate, Filament Laminate, Core, Composite Layup/Assembly
Boundary/Envelope	Core, Ply Laminate.Composite Layup/Assembly
Contoured OML/IML Surface(s)	Ply Laminate
Mating Surface Contour	Core
OML/IML Surface(s)	Ply Laminate, Core, Ply Detail, Ply, Composite Layup/Assembly
OML/IML	Ply, Ply Laminate
Combined Material Properties	Core, Composite Layup/Assembly
Laminate Properties	Ply Laminate
Mechanical Material Properties	Filament Assembly, Filament Laminate, Core
Material Properties	Core
Cross-Section Properties	Ply Laminate, Composite Layup/Assembly
Ply Table	Ply Laminate, Composite Layup/Assembly
To.erance	Ply, Ply Detail
Tolerances	Ply Laminate, Core, Composite Layup/Assembly
Tolerances (thicknesses, location)	Composite Layup/Assembly, Core
Location Tolerances	Composite Layup/Assembly
Core Assembly Tolerances	Core
Damage Tolerance	Ply Laminate, Core, Composite Layup/Assembly
Next Assembly Information	Ply Laminate, Composite Layup/Assembly, Core

Characteristics	Composite Item
Weave	Filament Assembly
Warp/Fill Directions	Filament Assembly
Ribbon Direction	Core
Reference Orientation	Filament Assembly, Ply Detail, Ply, Ply Laminate, Core, Composite Layup/Assembly
Ramp Angle	Core
Laminate Thickness(es)	Ply Laminate
Core Thicknesses	Core
Material Thickness	Filament Assembly, Core
Weight	Ply Laminate, Composite Layup/Assembly, Core
Core Density	Core
Material Type	Filament Assembly
Core Type	Core
Adhesive (type)	Composite Layup/Assembly, Core
Material Name	Filament Assembly, Core

### 3 CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS

This section provides the reader with a summary of the Needs Analysis scope, IDEF() model development, and characteristic identification and description. A list of identified information needs, a prioritized ranking of needs and criteria, and a description on how these needs will be used will also be summarized. Finally, some conclusions and recommendations will be presented.

## 3.1 Functional Needs Report Summary

Selecting the proper scope was a critical factor in performing the needs analysis documented in the Functional Needs Report for the PAS-C Program [2]. The three basic composite parts selected in [2] have a common nucleus of informational needs, as described in section 2.2.1 of this document. This common nucleus of these informational needs show up in most composite parts. The functional areas of Analysis, Design, and Manufacturing within the enterprise view of part producer was selected because these are the areas where most of the basic part description is created. Many of the same activities performed in these three functional area can also be performed within other enterprise views. Some functional activities were scoped out because it was believed they fell into other product item suites. Examples of this would be joining/fastening which would fall into an Assembly Product Item Suite and trim/drill which would fall into a Machined Part Product Item Suite.

# 3.2 IDEF0 Model Development

A series of IDEF0 models have been developed and documented for the Design, Analysis and Build views. A comprehensive node tree has been developed that includes all the views, along with general and part specific node trees for each of the three views. The nodes that were not decomposed with IDEF0 graphical models and accompanying glossaries were documented with textual definitions in Appendix C. The information in these diagrams served as a basis for the subsequent characteristic identification and description task performed by the PAS-C team and application experts.

### 3.3 Characteristic Identification and Description

A series of tables have been created that capture the information needs for each building block. The data recorded documents the characteristics for each functional view, their definitions and associated information aspects (function, material, shape, process). Another table documents a cross reference between characteristics and functional views. Finally a summary of the PAS-C information needs was presented and an assessment of information needs priorities was presented.

## 3.4 Satisfying the Identified and Prioritized Information Needs

The PAS-C Program will satisfy the list of prioritized needs, as described in section 2.4.3, by developing a standardized informational exchange schema/structure using STEP. This will be accomplished by comparing each composite part's informational need with current STEP information models to see which needs are fulfilled. Needs that are not fulfilled will be assessed as to how much effort would be required to fill the void in STEP. Based on this assessment, a plan will be created depicting the scope and resources required to develop a suite of Composite Part Application Protocols. This suite of application protocols will be integrated using common constructs such as identified in Table 2, Characteristic versus Functional View Matrix.

## 3.5 Conclusions

The next tasks in Phase I of the PAS-C program will build upon previous work. These tasks will add internal and external characteristic relationship constraint tables to the two tables developed in this document. The four types of tables and the IDEF0 models will then be used in combination with the needs SOTA comparison and assessments to produce a sound foundation for the PAS-C Application Protocol Suite development.

#### 3.6 Recommendations

It is recommended that the Framework/Building-Block structure be used as an aid in establishing an overall framework for aiding development of IPO/ISO projects. What this methodology can provide is not only a way to decompose different product items and functional views into small manageable pieces but establishes a standard communication tool for describing project scopes and integration issues. This methodology is still being refined, but portions of it can still be useful presently at the IPO planning level. To start this process the IPO would have to take figure 2 and refine and standardize on the Product Item Suite axis and Enterprise View axis. More than one basic FW/BB will need to be developed, however having only one set of axes will establish/promote integration activities which have long been a problem in PDES/STEP development.

It is also recommended that PAS-C team members get more involved in related composite - standards activities. This will promote greater acceptance and review of PAS-C deliverables. Two of these organizations are ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials) and ISO TC61/SC13 Plastic/Reinforced Composites. These two organization's composites terminology was reviewed and incorporated where possible. Further clarification of their terminology needs to be pursued so that the PAS-C APs are truly usable standards.

With the basic FW/BB structure initiated, expansion areas and needed refinements have been identified. Obvious expansion areas are in the Material Supplier and Customer (procurement, use and maintenance) views. Sections of the Part Producer views such as Requirements, Testing, Quality Assurance and Support also need to be expanded. It is recommended that future work in expanding views start with an extension of the current FW/BB structure to insure that the

previously developed building block information can be optimally reused in future AP development.

Experience with the current IDEF0 toolset has shown the need for further development to optimize development efficiency. Further enhancement of the IDEF0 graphical tool and particularly the technology in automating the production of the glossary sheets is necessary.

The techniques developed and applied in the PAS-C Program have been successful. The information needs established and documented by the program have clearly established the need to carry forward with producing the Design, Analysis and Build PAS-C Application Protocol Suite.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Program Master Plan for the PAS-C Program, Document No. PMG001.01.00, 30 August, 1991
- 2. Functional Needs Report for the PAS-C Program, Document No. PASC002.01.00, 30 September, 1991
- 3. PAS-C Sample Part Set, Document No. PASC003.01.00, 30 September, 1991
- 4. 1991 Annual Report for the PAS-C Program, Document No. PASC004.01.00, 30 September, 1991
- 5. PDES State-of-the-Art (SOTA) Assessment, Document No. PASC005.01.00, 23 December, 1991
- 6. Functional Needs IDEF0 Activity and Information Models, Document No. PASC006.01.00. 9 January, 1992
- 7. Standard Terminology for Advanced Composite Materials, ASTM D30,01 Ballot, Draft of August 30, 1991.
- 8. Engineered Materials Handbook, Volume 1, Composites, Copyright by ASM International, May 1988
- 9. Specifications & Standards for Plasties & Composites, Frank Traceski, Copyright by ASM International, August 1990

# **APPENDICES**

# APPENDIX A - FW/BB Methodology

The FW/BB Methodology which is being used in developing a PDES Composites Application Protocol Suite accomplishes the following tasks:

- Standardize physical components
- Establish application views
- Determine characteristics and their aspects
- Determine relationships among characteristics and their aspects
- Define Application Protocol requirements
- Recommend Application Protocol Suites

The methodology begins by standardizing a set of fundamental physical components that make up a composite part. These components are called composite items. A composite item can be as basic as a fiber or as complex as a composite assembly. The key is that composite items can be combined to form all the possible combinations of composite parts.

Next, a set of life-cycle functional views are established by determining the product life-cycle functional and dividing them into groups. These views can be as general or specific as necessary in order to communicate with various composite experts. Most experts come from particular disciplines such as analysis, design, manufacturing, engineering, etc. Thus, an initial set of views is established based on traditional company organizations that the experts will recognize. Within each organizational view, smaller detailed views can be created to facilitate the knowledge gathering process. Building activity node trees and IDEF0 models will facilitate the documentation of these views.

Each building-block, shown in figure 18 as the intersection of a composite item and a functional view, is examined to determine if its particular view (set of activities) requires additions or modifications to information about it's particular composite item. This examination is accomplished by an interviewing process that takes place in each individual view environment by subject experts to determine these requirements. This identified information is grouped as characteristics. These characteristics are composed of different combinations of aspects such as shape, function, material, and process. Figure 19 describes this FW/BB terminology. Once the interviews are completed, an industry review of this work must be made to verify its completeness and correctness. This will be done through the IGES/PDES Organization (IPO) Composites Committee, the International Standards Organization (ISO) TC 184/SC4 Working Groups, and/or other Composites/Standards Organizations

The size of the next task, interrelating composite characteristics and their aspects, is based on the success of the interview process and the depth of the knowledge collected. relationships between aspects of the same characteristic should be determined. The line labeled R1 in figure 18 depicts this type of relationship in the FW/BB Methodology. relationships between characteristics of the same composite item should be identified from the same view and different views (along the view axis of figure 18). This should indicate real data The detail integration is done on dependencies and unique characteristic requirements. interrelating composite characteristics and their aspects. This detail integration is accomplished before creation of the actual information models. The detail integration and its positioning in the requirements gathering phase is a unique process of the FW/BB Methodology. Other modeling methods attempt to perform most of this detail integration during the creation of the actual information model. Our methodology takes into account that the majority of the composite experts can not communicate in a detailed information modeling environment such as IDEF1X but they can relate to an activity model (IDEF0). Specialized forms have been created to capture and communicate the necessary information to and from the composite expert for development of the scope, information requirements and the AAM. A snapshot of these forms are shown in Figure 20.

Once the information has been adequately collected, a decision point is reached to determine which Application Protocols (APs), in terms of scoping direction, should be pursued. The three basic choices are to scope APs by:

- Identifying information within a particular view (could be a functional department)
- Selecting two different views and identify the information that is exchanged between them
- Selecting a particular composite item or a characteristic of a composite item and standardize on its informational content throughout its entire life cycle

# **Characteristics and Their Aspects**

Figure 21 shows examples of three AP scope choices. This figure shows how different building-blocks can be combined into different types of APs. This methodology provides an effective way to collect enough views of a particular type of information (characteristic), figure 18, so that a standard characteristic can be created that supports those views. This methodology can be applied to a few composite items, yet achieve great returns towards establishing and integrating PDES application protocols as well as Application Protocol Suites for composites. In this methodology, the simpler composite items should be addressed first because of the interdependencies in more complex composite items. The methodology sets up a framework where expansion points for new APs are easily identified and defined. Industry is provided with a tool to establish standard composite items that become the basic building blocks that tie Application Protocol Suite APs together.

The standard information characteristics that are uncovered by the PAS-C FW/BB Methodology will be represented by groups similar to the ARMs Units-of-Functionality (UoF). The PAS-C

"UoFs" will assist in the ARM-to-AIM mapping and the integration of different APs. This methodology is not intended to replace the IPO/ISO integration techniques for resource models and APs. The PAS-C method will enhance the current IPO/ISO integration techniques by:

- (1) providing a preliminary integration of well defined concepts for ARM and AIM development and integration, and
- (2) sharing a building-block methodology for AS development. The PAS-C method will allow standardization of fundamental information constructs for a composite item through out any number of life-cycle phases.

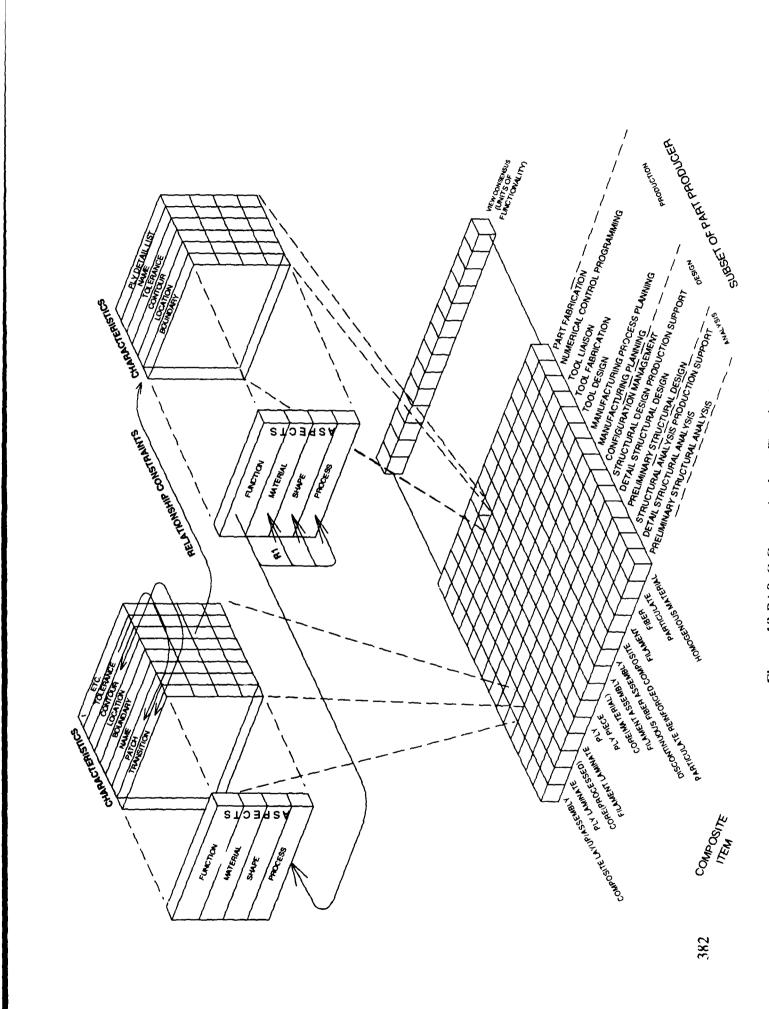


Figure 18 PAS-C Consite Item Terminology

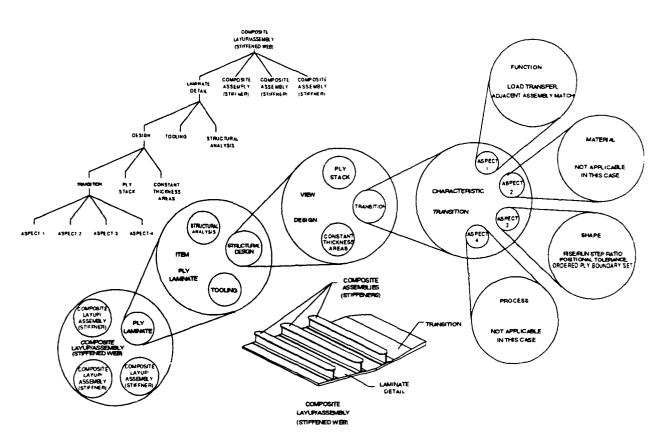


Figure 19 Aspects of a Transition Characteristic of a Ply Laminate from a Detail Structural Design View using FW/BB Terminology

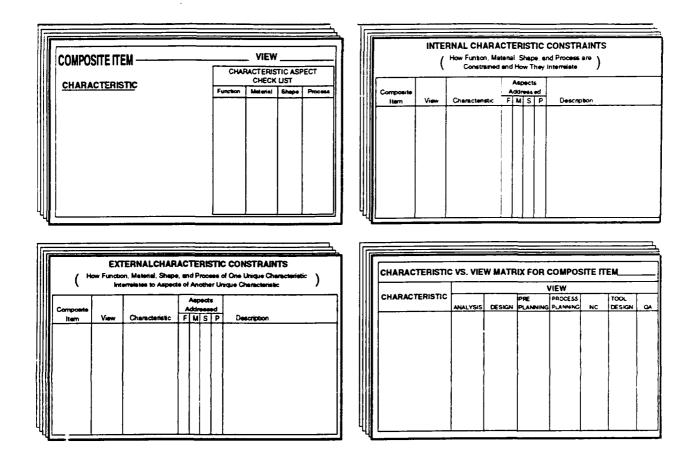
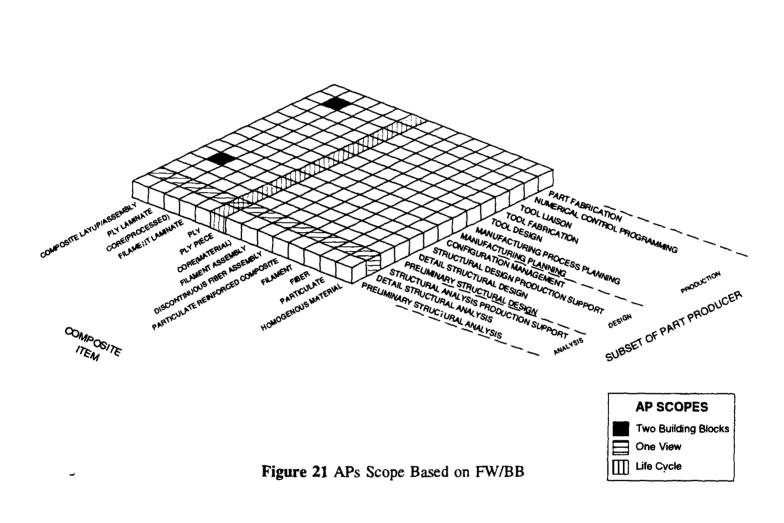


Figure 20 Forms that Capture Relationships Between Composite Characteristics and Their Aspects



APPENDIX B - ISO Draft International Standard Carbon Fibre - Vocabulary



#### DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/DIS 10617

ISO/TC 61/SC 13

Secretariat: AFNOR

Voting begins on

Voting terminates on

1991-07-18

1992-01-18

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LE IF

# Carbon fibre — Vocabulary

Fibres de carbons - Vocabulaire

UDC 677.494.745.32:001.4

Descriptors: plastics, fibres, synthetic fibres, carbon fibres, vocabulary.

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# Carbon fibre — Vocabulary

#### 1 . Scope

This International Standard defines terms\*' in English and French relating to carbon fibres. Unless indicated otherwise all are nouns...

#### 2. Normative references

The following standard contains provisions, which through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed below, members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

```
ISO 1139 - 1973 Textiles - Designation of yarns.
ISO 2076 - 1977 Man made fibres - generic names.
ISO 2078 - 1985 Textile glass yarns - designation.
ISO 472 - 1988 Plastics - vocabulary.
```

\*) - In the text following terms and definitions taken from ISO 472 Plastics - Vocabulary are prefixed by asterisks.

#### 3. Terms and definitions

#### 3.1 General

- 3.1.1 \* fibre: A unit of matter of relatively short length, characterized by a high ratio of length to thickness or diameter.
- 3.1.2 carbon fibre precursors: organic fibres, which by pyrolysis can be converted to carbon fibres.
- NOTE Polyacrylonitrile (PAN) fibres, pitch fibres and viscose fibres constitute the three principal types of fibre.

  Precursors usually are in the form of continuous yarn, but can be woven or knitted fabric, braid, mats or felts.
- 3.1.3 carbon fibre: Fibre containing at least 90% by mass of carbon; obtained by pyrolysis of organic fibre precursors.
- 3.1.3.1 PAN-based carbon fibre: carbon fibre produced from polyacrylonitrile (PAN) precursor.
- NOTE A range of tensile strengths and moduli of elasticity may be obtained by adjusting the conditions of pyrolysis.
- 3.1.3.2 Pitch-based carbon fibre: carbon fibre produced from anisotropic and isotropic pitch precursors.
- NOTE The carbon fibres produced from isotropic pitch precursors have lower modulus of elasticity than those obtained from anisotropic pitch precursors, which can be processed to give high modulus of elasticity.
- 3.1.3.3 Viscose based carbon fibre: carbon fibre produced from viscose precursor.
- NOTE Production of carbon fibre from viscose precursor has virtually ceased apart from small scale production from viscose fabrics.

#### 3.2 Processes

- 3.2.1. Oxidation: A thermal treatment in air of PAN, pitch or viscose carbon fibre precursor designed to oxidize the fibre in order to make it suitable for subsequent Carbonization and Graphitization.
- 3.2.2. Carbonization: A heat treatment to convert a carbon fibre precursor into carbon fibre by means of the chemical reactions which take place at temperatures below 1700°C in an inert atmosphere.

- 3.2.3. Graphitization; A heat treatment carried out at temperatures in the range 1700°C to 3300°C in an inert atmosphere usually applied after the carbonization process.
- NOTE The process is known in the industry as "Graphitization" as it has the effect of modifying the physical and chemical properties of the carbonized fibre (3,2,2,), even though graphitic structure—rarely can be observed in practice.
- 3.2.4. Surface Treatment: A treatment applied to the fibre to improve the adhesive bond between it and the resin component of the composite.

NOTE - Oxidation of the fibre surface carried out under controlled conditions is an example of surface treatment.

Fibres for the reinforcement of composite materials are usually Surface Treated, but for carbon-carbon composites or for metal matrices untreated fibres are preferred.

- 3.2.5. Size: The term size covers all materials applied to the fibres to facilitate the handling and use of the fibre.
- 3.3. Product form
- 3.3.1.\* Braid: A planar or tubular fabric structure made by interlacing several carbon fibre yarns in such a manner that all yarns lie at an angle other than 0° or 90° to the length direction of the fabric.
- 3.3.2. Chopped fibre: Short fibre cut from yarn, not held together by any means.
- NOTE The chopped fibre may be sized for incorporation in injection moulding powders.
- 3.3.3. Desized fibre: Fibre from which the size has been removed by extraction with suitable solvents or by pyrolysis.
- 3.3.4. Felt: A structure characterized by the densely matted condition of most or all of the fibres from which it is composed.
- 3.3.5.\* Filament: A single textile element of small diameter and very long length, considered as continuous.
- 3.3.6.\* Folded Yarn , Plied Yarn : A general term designating yarn formed by twisting two or more single yarns in one folding operation. (See ISO 1139)

- 3.3.7.  $\pi$  Unitted fabric : A planar or tubular structure made by the intermeshing of loops of carbon fibre yerns.
- 3.3.8.# Mat : A product made of filaments, staple fibres or strands, cut or uncut, orientated or not, held together in the form of a sheet.
- 3.3.9. Monofilament: A single filament that is strong enough to function as a yarn.
- 3.3.10. \* Multifilament : continuous filament : A class of textile materials consisting of assembled filaments.
- 3.3.11. \* Needled mat : A mat formed of strands cut to a short length, felted together in a needle loom, with or without a carrier.
- 3.3.12. \* Sliver : A continuous assembly of slightly bonded staple fibres in a practically parallel arrangement.
- 3.3.13. \* Staple fibre: discontinuous fibre: A single textile element of small diameter and short length.
- 3.3.14. Staple Yarn: Yarn spun from staple fibres, bound together by twist.
- 3.3.15. + Strand: An assembly of simultaneously produced parallel filaments slightly bonded and without intentional twist.
- 3.3.16.\* Unidirectional fabric: A fabric with a great number of yarns in one direction (usually the warp) and fewer and generally finer yarns in the other direction, resulting in a fabric much stronger in the first direction than the other.
- 3.3.17. Tow: A large number of filaments collected into a loose strand or assemblage substantially without twist.
- 3.3.18. Untreated fibre: Fibre which has not been subjected to the process of surface treatment.
- 3.0.19. Web: An assembly of fibres of reduced thickness with or without orientation held together by the adherence of the fibres or by appropriate means.
- 3.3.20. Woven fabric: A fabric made by interlacing two sets of threads (single, folded or cabled yarns) in at least two directions, perpendicular or at some specified angle, such interlacing being formed during weaving on a loom or weaving machine.



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AFNOR

This form should be sent to the ISO Central Secretariat, together with the English and French versions of the committee draft, by the secretariat of the technical committee or sub-committee concerned (see 2.4.6 of part 1 of the IEC/ISO Directives)

Ce formulaire doit être envoyé au Secrétariat central de l'ISO en même temps que les versions anglaise et française du projet de comité, par le secrétariat du comité technique ou du sous-comité concerné (voir 2.4.6 de la partie 1 des Directives CEI/ISO)

The accompanying document is submitted for circulation to member body vote as a DIS, following consensus of the P-members of the committee obtained

Le document ci-joint est sourris, pour diffusion comme DIS. au vote comité membre, suito au consensus des membres (P) du comité obtenu

on 1980-09.

à la réunion du

by postal ballut initiated on

par un vote par correspondance démarré le

19 . . . . . . . .

P-members in favour:

Canada, Colombie, Tchécoslovaquie, Allemagne,

Membros (P) approuvant le projet: Hongrie, Italie, Japon, Pays-Bas, Pologne,

Afrique du Sud, Espagne, Suède, Suisse, Royaume-Uni, URSS.

P-members voting against:

Membres (P) désapprouvant:

USA, France

P-members abstaining: Membres (P) s'abstenant:

P-members who did not vote: Membres (P) n'ayant pas voté: Australie, Belgique, Brézil, Chine, Finlande,

Inde, Iran, Iracq, Corée.

Remarks/Remarques

I hereby confirm that this draft meets the requirements of part.3-of the IEC/ISO Directives Je confirme que ce projet satisfait aux prescriptions de la partie 3 des Directivos CEI/ISO

Date 25 JUIN 1991

Name and signature of the secretary Nom et signature du secrétaire

Mme ANNE-MARIE FEUILLE Secrétaire de l'ISO/TC 61/SC

for Caulle

- 3.3.21.\* Yarn: A general term covering specific types of textile structures, with or without twist, made of staple fibres or filaments.
- NOTE Structures without twist include multifilament, strand, and sliver. Structures with twist include single yarn, folded yarn, cabled yarn, and multiple wound yarn.

#### 3. 4. Types of carbon fibre

Carbon fibres are traditionally classified according to their mechanical properties, with particular reference to their tensile strength and moduli as determined by the appropriate ISO test method.

- 3.4.1. General purpose fibres: Fibres used for the reinforcement of plastics to confer improved electrical, electrostatic, electromagnetic, thermal or tribological properties.
- NOTE These fibres have lower tensile properties.
- 3.4.2. High tenacity fibre (HT): A type of fibre with a tensile strength exceeding 2500 MPa and tensile modulus between 200 and 280 GPa.
- NOTE This type of fibre is also known as High Strength (HS), High Strain (HS) or Standard Grade fibre.
- 3.4.3. Intermediate modulus fibre (IM): A type of fibre with a tensile modulus in the range 280 to 350 GPa.
- NOTE In this category of fibre there are also fibres of very high tenacity equal to or greater than 5000 MPa.
- 3.4.4. High modulus fibre (HM): A type of fibre with a tensile modulus greater than 350 GPa and less than 600 Gpa.
- 3.4.5. Ultra High Modulus Fibre (UHM) : A type of fibre with a tensile modulus in excess of 600 GPa.

**APPENDIX C - Node Definitions** 

### **GENERAL DEFINITIONS**

- A0 Procure, Build, & Use an Aircraft Composite Structural Part This activity covers the entire life-cycle of an ACSP as viewed from the combined activity groupings of the DoD needs analysis and procurement, Aerospace contractors, DoD's use and maintenance, and the raw material suppliers.
- Al Develop ACSP Needs & Procurement This activity is the DoD Analysis of the ACSP needs based on the departments force structure needs and the state of ACSP technologies, along with the procurement process throughout the life cycle as managed at DoD level.
- A2 Manage, Design, Build, & Support an ACSP This activity consists of all the contracted management of resources, design, build, and support of a typical ACSP as done at the prime contracting Aerospace Company.
- A21 Manage ACSP Integrated Product Development (IPD) This activity involves managing all of the resources specific to a ACSP through the design, build, and support functions. This includes people, budgets, tools, materials, etc.
- A211 Manage ACSP Design Process This activity consists of managing the design functions and the relationships within and external, throughout the ACSP development life cycle.
- A212 Manage ACSP Build Process This activity consists of managing build functions and the relationships within and external, throughout the ACSP development life cycle.
- A213 Manage ACSP Support Process This activity consists of managing support functions and the relationships within and external, throughout the ACSP development life cycle.
- A214 Manage ACSP Resources This activity consists of managing all the people, tool, facility, time and cost resources necessary for the ACSP development
- A2141 Manage ACSP People Resources This activity consists of managing all the required staff and skills necessary for the ACSP development.
- A2142 Manage ACSP Tool Resources This activity consists of managing all the required tools necessary for the ACSP development.
- A2143 Manage ACSP Facility Resources This activity consists of managing all the required facilities necessary for the ACSP development.
- A2144 Manage ACSP Time and Cost Budgets This activity consists of managing all the required time and cost budgets necessary for the ACSP development.

- A215 Manage ACSP Integration This activity consists of managing all the required time and cost budgets necessary for the ACSP development.
- A22 Design & Analyze an ACSP This activity involves the complete design and analysis life-cycle of the ACSP from the pre-proposal phase to product support in the field, as supported by the design function.
- A22211 Evaluate ACSP Preliminary Loads Review and understand the preliminary loads for optimum load transmission paths within the preliminary ACSP design concepts.
- A22212 Obtain ACSP M&P Support Coordinate with Materials and Processes functions in selecting candidate materials for the preliminary ACSP structure.
- A22213 Prepare ACSP Design Concepts Prepare layouts of the most promising ACSP concepts in sufficient detail to allow for comprehensive trade studies.
- A222131 Select ACSP Geometry System Review the various internal and external constraints that must be satisfied by the geometry creation system for this phase of the ACSP development.
- A222132 Build ACSP Concept Geometry Build ACSP configurations to initiate an interactive cycle of configuration sizing and refinement.
- A2221321 Develop ACSP Structural Concepts Define the viable ACSP structural concepts to the detail necessary to perform engineering and producibility trade studies.
- A2221322 Prepare ACSP Candidate Drawings Using the selected drawing system, prepare ACSP design layouts defined to a sufficient level of detail to perform the interdisciplinary trade studies.
- A2221323 Evaluate ACSP Analysis Results Review the available analysis results to determine if any deficiencies exist in the ACSP design concepts.
- A2221324 Develop ACSP Trade Study Concepts Conduct performance, producibility and environment analyses on the various ACSP concepts to arrive at a matrix of parameters that show configuration sensitivity.
  - A2221325 Select/Detail Preliminary ACSP Select the design concept based on the results of the inter-disciplinary trade study, then develop the detail necessary for formal customer reviews.
  - A2222 Conduct Preliminary ACSP Analysis Conduct preliminary analyses to support the conceptual design function. Provide analytical support of the review of design data such as layouts and materials, conduct baseline and trade studies and the definition of design criteria.

- A22221 Review ACSP Design Data Review conceptual layouts and geometry for structural adequacy and load paths.
- A222211 Review ACSP Layouts Review conceptual structural layouts for adequate load paths and feasibility.
- A2222111 Review ACSP Geometry Review conceptual geometry such as plies, stiffeners and cutouts for structural adequacy.
- A2222112 Review ACSP Sizes Review sizes such as thicknesses, total number of plies, and stiffener geometry for structural adequacy.
- A2222113 Obtain ACSP Initial Weights and Balances Apply computational and parametric weight estimation tools to estimate initial weights and the resulting balance.
- A222212 Review ACSP Material Selections Survey appropriate materials with the aim of selecting a composite or homogeneous material considering available data and performing tests as necessary.
- A2222121 Select ACSP Composite or Homogeneous Material Use weight, cost and structural performance criteria to select a composite or homogeneous material.
- A2222122 Screen ACSP Available Materials Use cost and structural performance criteria to screen available materials.
- A2222123 Collect ACSP Existing Material Data Collect existing data needed to support baseline and trade analyses, and the definition of design criteria.
- A2222124 Define ACSP Material Development Program Define a material development and coupon test program to collect the materials data that is not already in existence.
- A2222125 Generate/Collect/Reduce ACSP Material Test Data Perform a development and coupon test program to collect the materials data that is not already in existence.
- A2222126 Create ACSP Analysis Materials Database Create the information structure for an Analysis Materials Property Database, and supporting software as necessary. Load the new and existing collected materials test data into the database.
- A222213 Conduct ACSP Baseline Analysis Conduct analyses of the initial conceptual configuration to provide a starting point for trade study analyses.
- A2222131 Define ACSP Critical Dimensions Use the results of the initial analyses to define the critical structural dimensions to provide adequate structural performance and margins of safety.

- A2222132 Define ACSP Structural Configuration Use the results of the initial analyses to define structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.
- A222214 Conduct ACSP Trade Study Analysis Use the baseline structural configuration as a starting point for analytical optimization of critical dimensions and structural configurations subject to structural performance, cost and margin of safety constraints.
- A2222141 Optimize ACSP Critical Dimensions Perform analyses to optimize the critical dimensions of structural components.
- A2222142 Optimize ACSP Structural Configuration Use the results of the initial analyses to optimize structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.
- A2222143 Support ACSP Design Trades Provide analyses to provide data to support design tradeoffs. An analysis of a part with a different stiffener distribution would be a typical task.
- A22222 Define ACSP Design Criteria Use the SOW specifications, expected environments and structural limits to define design criteria.
- A222221 Review ACSP SOW Specifications Review SOW requirements for clarity, completeness and sensibility.
- A222222 Select ACSP Environments Using SOW requirements and engineering judgement select the environmental criteria.
- A222223 Select ACSP Limits Using SOW (Statement of Work) requirements and engineering judgement select the design limits.
- A2233 Conduct Detail ACSP Analysis Conduct all of the necessary static, dynamic, thermal, and mass property analyses required for the ACSP.
- A22331 Collect Baseline ACSP Design Data The collections of baseline ACSP design data includes the selected preliminary design, test data, producibility and maintainability studies.
- A22331 Conduct ACSP Static Loads Analysis Conduct analyses to calculate the all types of loading, such as aerodynamic, inertial, etc. This activity is not detailed as there is no specialized composite application.
- A22332 Build ASCP Model & Drawing Tree A model/drawing tree is developed for the ACSP, which specifies the combinations of composite items used to create the ACSP.
- A22332 Conduct ACSP Thermal Analysis Conduct analyses to calculate thermal loads from such sources as aerodynamic heating and engine waste heat. This activity is not detailed as it is not applicable to the selected part family.

- A22333 Conduct ACSP Dynamic Analysis Conduct analyses to evaluate the dynamic response of the structural part. This activity is not detailed as it is not applicable to the selected part family.
- A22333 Prepare ACSP Model & Drawings Prepare the ACSP models and drawings using the reviewed design inputs and creating the necessary outputs for other functional use.
- A223331 Select & Prepare Model/Draft System Select and prepare the modeling/drafting geometry system to be used for the detail design phase of the ACSP.
- A223332 Create ASCP Geometry Layouts & Models Create all of the necessary ACSP geometry layouts and models from the various inputs and prepare the data for transfer to other functions.
- A2233321 Receive & Review ACSP Geometry Data Receive and review all the different forms (paper, translated, native) of ACSP geometry data that will be necessary to develop the ACSP geometry.
- A22333211 Receive & Review Paper Geometry Data Receive and review all the paper geometry data necessary to develop ACSP geometry.
- A22333212 Receive & Verify CAD Translated Data Receive & verify the translated CAD data as delivered from other CAD systems.
- A22333213 Receive & Review Native CAD Data Receive and review the native CAD data as received from similar CAD systems.
- A2233322 Build ASCP Layouts & Models Build the ACSP layouts and models using the various geometry inputs.
- A22333221 Select ACSP Construction Planes Select the ACSP construction planes that render the desired views of the ACSP for top, front, side or cross-section details.
- A22333222 Create ACSP 2-D Envelope Create the ACSP 2-D envelope geometry using conventional 2-D drawing entities within the selected construction planes.
  - A22333223 Create ACSP 3-D Wireframe Create the ACSP 3-D wireframe geometry using conventional 3-D drawing entities.
  - A22333224 Create ACSP Surface Create the ACSP surface geometry using conventional surface modeling entities.
  - A22333225 Create ACSP Solid Create the ACSP solid geometry using conventional or specialized solid entities.

- A2233323 Prepare ACSP Data for Transfer Prepare the ACSP data transfer to other functions in either paper, translated or native form to other functions.
- A223333 Create ACSP Drawing Data Create all the ACSP drawing data from the geometry and engineering specifications inputs using the selected systems.
- A2233331 Create ACSP Tooling I/F Drawings This is the creation of all the ACSP Inner Mold Line (IML) and/or Outer Mold Line (OML) tool interfaces to the ACSP. These drawings are also referred to as envelope drawings.
- A2233332 Prepare Detail ACSP Composite Item Drawings This activity is the preparation of the detail composite item's drawings that make-up the ACSP.
- A22333321 Select & Detail ACSP Part Views Select and detail the necessary ACSP part views based on the typical top, front, side and cross-sections needed to show the desired features.
- A22333322 Prepare Detail ACSP Composite Item Drawings Prepare the ACSP details to resolve the interfaces, joints, panel size and the development of the detail composite drawings.
- A223333221 Resolve ACSP Interfaces & Joints Resolve all the mating interfaces to the ACSP that involve mechanical or bonded joints. Look at space constraints, attachment issues and material compatibility.
- A223333222 Resolve ACSP Panel Size Issues Resolve all the size issues regarding the ACSP panel size due to tooling constraints and general design rules regarding the length and width features.
- A223333223 Create ACSP Data Create all the ACSP design data necessary for detail composite drawings and associated engineering notes.
- A22333323 Attach ACSP Dimensions & Tolerances Attach all the necessary dimensions and tolerances to the geometry of the drawing.
- A22333324 Attach ACSP Composites Engineering Notes Attach all the ACSP composites engineering notes on the drawing. They specify process specifications, change notes, material callouts, etc.
- A22333324 Attach ACSP Composites Engineering Notes Attach all the ACSP composites engineering notes on the drawing. They specify process specifications, change notes, material callouts, etc.

- A22333325 Prepare & Coordinate Signature Process All of the responsible reviews of the drawings, as noted on the signature block, are coordinated for their specific functional reviews and signature.
- A22333325 Prepare & Coordinate Signature Process All of the responsible reviews of the drawings, as noted on the signature block, are coordinated for their specific functional reviews and signature.
- A2233333 Integrate & Prepare ACSP Assembly Drawings Integrate and prepare all of the composite items that make up the ACSP into an integrated assembly drawing.
- A2233334 Prepare & Release ACSP AMRs All of the Advanced Material Requests (AMR)s needed by the engineering function are prepared and released so the material necessary for the build cycle will be on dock.
- A2233335 Prepare ACSP Installation Drawings All of the other subassemblies or assemblies that the ACSP is used on are shown on specific installation drawings.
- A223334 Update ACSP Drawing & Model Data Update the ACSP drawings and models based on the changes to the ACSP.
- A22334 Build ACSP Parts List Build an ACSP parts list of the components that make up the ACSP. -
- A22335 Perform Cross-Funct. ACSP Reviews & CDR Functions Perform the necessary cross-functional and customer design reviews to support the critical design review phase.
- A22334 Conduct ACSP Mass Properties Analysis Conduct analyses to evaluate the total weight and mass distribution of the structural part. This activity is not detailed as there is no specialized composite application..
- A22335 Conduct ACSP Static Stress Analysis Stress analysis is a contractual requirement for ACSP structures to insure the integrity of the airframe during usage within operational limits.
- A223351 Create ACSP Static Stress Analysis Decision Record Create a record of the decisions and idealizations made during the static stress analysis.
  - A223352 Conduct ACSP Finite Element Analysis (FEA) Conduct static stress analysis using Finite Element Analysis techniques on digital computers.
  - A2233521 Generate ACSP Finite Element Models Generate a discrete geometric approximation of the structural part. Generate and assign elemental connectivity, geometric and material attributes. Set boundary conditions and generate and assign the loading environment. Generate the directives necessary to control the analyses and resulting output.

- A22335211 Generate ACSP Node Geometry Discretize the surface or volume of the structural part by creating point geometry identical or related to the structural part geometry. Placement of the nodes on or within the structural part is governed by the fineness of the mesh needed to adequately discretize the deflection and strain fields of the structural part under the applied loading environment.
- A223352111 Hand Generate ACSP Node Geometry Generate node geometry by measuring parts, scaling drawings, or freehand, and hand input the nodal coordinate data into a computer disk file.
- A223352112 Input ACSP Geometry from PDES/STEP Exchange File Import geometry from a PDES/STEP file into a Finite Element mesh creation and editing program. Nodal geometry is then created from the computer representation of the structural part. Computerized applications may be used to automate node generation.
- A223352113 Create ACSP Node Geometry from Existing Geometry Nodal geometry is created from the existing computer representation of the structural part. Computerized applications may be used to automate node generation.
- A22335212 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Connectivities Connect element to corner, mid-edge, mid-face and mid-volume nodes to approximate the continuum of the structural part.
- A22335213 Generate and Assign ACSP Element Attributes Generate and assign element geometrical, material and ply related attributes.
- A223352132 Generate ACSP Material Orientation Angles or Coordinate Systems Generate material orientation angles by relating elements to coordinate systems, or by individual calculations. Alternatively a material direction may be assigned to a coordinate system reference.
- A223352133 Generate/Import ACSP Material Properties Either generate, import or retrieve from a database of material properties.
- A2233521331 Import ACSP Material Properties from PDES/STEP Exchange File Import material properties from a PDES/STEP Exchange File, and retrieve the necessary data.
- A2233521332 Import ACSP Material Properties from Analysis Materials Database Import material properties from an analysis materials database, and retrieve the necessary data.
- A2233521334 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data.

- A223352134 Assign ACSP Material, Geometric, Material Coordinate System/Angle Attributes to Elements Assign the material, geometric, material coordinate system/angle attributes as appropriate to elements.
- A22335214 Generate ACSP Graphical Finite Element Model Documentation Generate the graphical documentation of the nodes and elements, and their associated attributes.
- A2233522 Generate ACSP Finite Element Analysis Environment and Controls Generate, set, and assign Analysis environment data such as boundary constraints, loads, factors of safety, and set up the control of analysis output and the analysis procedure itself.
- A22335221 Set and Assign ACSP Boundary Constraints and Releases Set and assign boundary constraints and releases that approximate the support and/or symmetry boundary conditions for the analysis of the structural part.
- A22335222 Generate and assign ACSP Load Sets and Combinations. Generate and assign nodal and elemental loadings that approximate the forces, temperatures and/or displacements acting on the structural part, and request the combination of load sets to approximate complicated loading conditions from simpler loading components.
- A22335223 Assign ACSP Factors of Safety, Durability/Damage Tolerance Allowables Assign acceptable factors of safety, durability and damage tolerance allowables for elements.
- A22335224 Generate and Assign ACSP Analysis Output Control Requests Generate and assign output control requests for each of the types of data required to be output.
- A223352241 Request ACSP Deflection Data Output Request that deflection data be output 'rom the Finite Element Analysis.
- A223352242 Request ACSP Stress Data Output Request that stress data be output from the Finite Element Analysis.
- A223352243 Request ACSP Strain Data Output Request that strain data be output from the Finite Element Analysis.
- A223352244 Request ACSP Interlaminar Shear Data Output Request that interlaminar shear data be output from the Finite Element Analysis.
- A223352245 Request ACSP Reaction and Internal Load Data Output Request that reaction and internal load data be output from the Finite Element Analysis.
- A223352246 Request ACSP Generation/Output of Matrices Request the generation and/or output of matrices such as reduced stiffness and substructures.

- A22335225 Generate ACSP Analysis Procedure Controls Generate the necessary directives to control the analysis process in the intended analysis code.
- A2233523 Perform ACSP Mechanical/Thermo-mechanical Finite Element Analysis Perform linear or nonlinear mechanical/thermo-mechanical analyses of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model for analysis by the appropriate finite element analysis application.
- A22335231 Perform ACSP Linear Analysis Perform linear analysis of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model to a finite element application that supports linear static analysis.
- A22335232 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Stability Analysis Perform nonlinear stability analysis of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model to a finite element application that supports nonlinear static analysis.
- A22335233 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Material Analysis Perform nonlinear material analysis of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model to a finite element application that supports nonlinear material static analysis.
- A22335234 Perform ACSP Nonlinear Geometry Analysis Perform nonlinear geometric analysis of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model to a finite element application that supports nonlinear geometric static analysis.
- A22335235 Perform ACSP Combined Geometric and Material Nonlinear Analysis Perform combined nonlinear geometric and material analysis of the structural part by submitting the completed finite element model to a finite element application that supports combined nonlinear geometric and material static analysis.
- A2233524 Create/Document ACSP Internal Loads/Stress Database Create and document an internal loads and stress database by inputting data from an existing solution or a PDES/STEP Exchange File, and then documenting it with textual and graphical post-processing applications.
- A22335241 Translate ACSP Data from FEA Solver Translate analysis output data from an existing solution into an internal loads/stress database application.
- A22335242 Translate ACSP Data from PDES/STEP Exchange File Translate analysis output data from a PDES/STEP Exchange File into an internal loads/stress database application.
- A22335243 Generate ACSP Textual Analysis Output Database Documentation Generate textual documentation of the internal loads/stress database such as min/max margin of safety distributions for skin elements, or a force freebody of a stiftener.

- A22335244 Generate ACSP Graphical Analysis Output Database Documentation Generate graphical documentation of the internal loads/stress database such as color fringe plots of strain distributions over a skin.
- A223353 Conduct ACSP Detail Stress Analysis Conduct part detail stress analysis of part details such as fasteners and cutouts using handbook and automated methods. The internal loads/stress database or hand generated loads are used to supply the input data for these analyses. These analyses are used to support drawing signout, and final documentation.
- A2233531 Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analyses Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A2233531333 Generate ACSP Material Properties from Ply Properties, Stacking Sequence and Orientations Generate material properties from ply properties, stacking sequence and orientations.
- A2233532 Conduct ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Analysis Conduct fine grid finite element analyses of details of the structural part that were not appropriate to include in the overall structural part (coarse grid) finite element analysis.
- A22335321 Generate ACSP Fine Grid Finite Element Model from Coarse Grid Model Use the existing structural part finite element model to provide a geometric basis for generating a finer grid mesh to provide more deflection and strain resolution for a detailed finite element analysis.
- A22335322 Apply ACSP Loads/Boundary Conditions from Coarse Grid Model Use data from the internal loads/stress database to provide applied loads and displacements for the fine grid analysis.
- A22335323 Perform ACSP Finite Element Analysis Perform finite element analyses as in A2233523.
- A22335324 Calculate ACSP Margins of Safety Based upon Fine Grid Analysis Results Use data from overall structural part and fine grid finite element analyses to assign margins of safety for structural details of the structural part.
- A22335325 Create ACSP Fine Grid Internal Loads/Stress Database Results Create an internal loads and stress database by inputting data from the fine grid analysis.
- A223354 Plan ACSP Tests/Analyze Test Results Plan and analyze the output from element and sub-component structural test of the structural part to validate analyses.
- A2233541 Produce ACSP Test Part Configuration Documents Produce documents to define the configuration of the part and supporting test fixtures.

- A2233542 Produce ACSP Test Plan Produce documents defining the testing of the structural part.
- A2233543 Perform ACSP Test Surveillance, Validation and Data Review Monitor the structural tests, validate the output, and review and document results.
- A2233544 Produce ACSP Test Results Documentation and Feed Back Information to Design Document the results of ACSP testing and feed back the resulting assessments to design.
- A223355 Analyze ACSP Manufacturing Discrepancies Inspect, gather analysis input data, research and apply analyses, end recommend and document the disposition of discrepant parts.
- A223356 Feed Back ACSP Laminate Description, Ply Stacking Sequence and Orientation to Design Feed back any changed laminate descriptions, ply stacking sequence and orientations to design.
- A22336 Conduct ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analyses Conduct durability and damage tolerance analyses to classify parts into critical and otherwise, guide material and allowables selection, set non-destructive inspection criteria.
- A223361 Classify ACSP Parts into Safety of Flight/Fracture Critical and Others Classify structural parts as safety of flight critical or otherwise based upon damage and environmental threats.
- A2233611 Apply ACSP Damage Tolerance Criteria/Size to Safety of Flight/Fracture ACSP Classify and apply structural parts as safety of flight critical based upon typical damage threats such as scratches, delaminations and impacts.
- A22336111 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Scratches Set criteria for allowable scratches in the surface of structural parts, and size the structural part to resist the threat.
- A22336112 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Delaminations Set criteria for delamination of structural parts, and size the structural part to resist the threat.
- A22336113 Apply/Size ACSP Based on Impacts Set criteria for impacts in the surface of structural parts, and size the structural part to resist the threat.
- A22336114 Apply/Size ACSP Based on 1/4" Holes/Crack criteria Set criteria for 1/4" holes or cracks in structural parts, and size the structural part to resist the threat.
- A2233612 Apply ACSP Durability and Environmental Threat Criteria to all other ACSPs Classify ACSPs an non-safety of flight/fracture critical, and apply durability criteria and asses the effect of environmental threats to the ACSP.

- A223362 Guide ACSP Material Selection and Setting of Material Allowables Guide selection of materials that are durable and damage tolerant, and set material allowables based upon analytical and experimental criteria.
- A2233621 ACSP Guide based on Stacking Sequence Optimization Set and optimize material allowables based upon ply stacking sequence.
- A2233622 ACSP Guide based on Edge Delamination Criteria Set and optimize material allowables based upon edge delamination criteria and analyses.
- A2233623 ACSP Guide based on Sub-Laminate Buckling Criteria Set and optimize material allowables based upon sub-laminate buckling criteria and analyses.
- A2233624 ACSP Guide based on Design Details Set and optimize material allowables based upon design detail criteria, 1/4" crack/hole criteria, and analyses.
- A2233625 ACSP Guide based on Experimental Results/Validated Analysis Methods Set and optimize material allowables based upon experimental results and correlated/validated analyses, and 1/4" crack/hole criteria.
- A223363 Set ACSP Non-Destructive Inspection Allowables Set non-destructive inspection allowables based upon delamination and void content criteria.
- A223364 Create ACSP Durability and Damage Tolerance Analysis Decision Record Create a record of the decisions made during the durability and damage analyses and assessments...
- A2241 Receive and Review ACSP Class 1 and 2 Changes Receive and review all the shop and field use changes of the ACSP for class 1 and 2 change processes.
- A2242 Prepare ACSP Preliminary Modification Package Prepare a preliminary ACSP modification based on preliminary design changes, analysis, producibility and costs of the class 1 or 2 type changes.
- A22421 Prepare ACSP Preliminary Design Changes Prepare ACSP preliminary design changes based on the change request as received from the shop or the field.
  - A22422 Conduct ACSP Preliminary Analysis Changes Prepare ACSP preliminary analysis changes based on the preliminary design change developed from the change request as received from the shop or the field.
  - A22423 Prepare ACSP Producibility Assessment Prepare an ACSP producibility assessment of the preliminary design change developed from the change request as received from the shop or the field.

- A22424 Develop ACSP Cost Estimates
- A2243 Resolve ACSP Class 2 Changes Resolve the ACSP class 2 shop changes based on the review by the affected functions.
- A2244 Conduct ACSP Change Board Reviews Conduct ACSP change board reviews with the affected functional representatives to arrive at a consensus on the suggested changes.
- A2245 Incorporate ACSP Changes Incorporate the detail design and analysis changes along with creating and resolving the material and processes, AMRs and released production drawing changes.
- A22451 Conduct ACSP Detail Design Changes Conduct the detail design changes necessary to meet the approved change requests.
- A22452 Conduct ACSP Detail Analysis Changes Conduct the detail analysis changes necessary to meet the detail design change created from the approved change requests.
- A22453 Resolve ACSP M&P Parameters Resolve the ACSP Material and Processes parameters necessary to support the detail design change.
- A22454 Prepare ACSP AMRs Prepare the necessary advance material requests for the materials necessary to be received by the shop for manufacture of the design change.
- A22455 Release ACSP Production Drawing Changes Release the necessary ACSP production drawing changes to the shop for the manufacturing processes.
- A23 Build and QA an ACSP The conversion of a design into a finished product and quality assurance functions that assure that the product meets design requirements. This is usually a repetitive function, continuing substantially throughout the product's life cycle. It receives the design from Design Functions and outputs the products, spare and repair ACSPs, and technical data on each instance of the product.
- A231 Plan for Manufacturing Translate Engineering product data into manufacturing plans including major assembly breaks, sub-assembly breaks, major tools, facilities, and equipment requirements, as well as make-buy plans.
  - A2311 Assume a Structure & Method of Manufacture Establish production breaks, Major Unit configurations, & major subassemblies, make tentative make or buy decisions and a tooling & assembly overall plan.
  - A2312 Estimate Requirements Time & Cost to Produce Estimate resource needs, cost to purchase or make, and timing to start-up and production.

- A2313 Develop Production Plans Develop a top level plan of production including assembly, tooling and space, and detail ACSP fabrication requirements.
- A2314 Develop Support Activities Plan Develop a strategy plan for meeting QA requirements.

  Materials plans, tooling policy, approach, and major requirements, facilities & equipment requirements, and Personnel Requirements.
- A2315 Determine Detail Method of Manufacture Define a manufacturing bill of materials (BOM) and for each item of that BOM define a manufacturing method and vendor purchase plan.
- A23151 Complete Manufacturing Parts List The parts list per the manufacturing breakdown is completed.
- A23152 Determine Make/Buy Decisions Whether to make or buy the ACSPs on the parts list is determined based upon program parameters, ACSP complexity, and economic factors.
- A23153 Determine Precise Form of Sub-Parts Determine the form of sub-parts (e.g., forged, cast, sheet stock, etc.). that will provide the most economical production of an ACSP that meets all design requirements. The form of sub-parts may change during the life cycle of a program.
- A232 Develop ACSP Production Plans Translate the overall strategy plans (developed in A1) into specific build activity definition suitable for shop floor workers.
- A2321 Develop ACSP Process Plans Define the detail of the assembly and manufacturing methods and sequence such that it can be released to the shop.
- A23211 Plan Structures Assembly Define the installation steps necessary to assemble the structure as well as define tools required.
- A23212 Plan Systems Installations Define the installation steps to install systems (electronic & hydraulic) as well as define tools required.
- A23213 Develop Sheet Metal Planning Define fabrication of parts from cutting and forming sheet metal. (This process is included for reference purposes only and will not be decomposed.)
- A23214 Develop Machine Parts Planning Define Machine Parts Fabrication including NC Programs, holding and cutting tools, and set-ups. (This process is included for reference purposes only and will not be decomposed.)
- A23215 Develop ACSP Bonding/Composite Planning Define Composite Part Fabrication detail planning.

- A232151 Conduct Pre-planning Review Design data is received and a preplanning review is conducted. Any design documentation issues are resolved. -
- A232152 Identify New Tool Requirements and Issue Tool Orders Tool requirements are identified and a request for tooling is created.
- A232153 Develop Work Instructions and Build Sequence The steps necessary to build the composite part are identified and documented for shop floor distribution.
- A2321531 Identify Standard Operations and Sequence Standard operations for this type of ACSP are selected from the standard operations library and placed in the proper sequence.
- A2321532 Generate Custom Operations and Sequence Any non-standard operations are written and inserted in the proper sequence.
- A2321533 Insert Inspections Steps All required sequence steps are placed in the correct sequence based upon the procedures and standards for this program and type of ACSP.
- A2321534 Identify and Resolve Issues Information missing from the build package is identified and cognizant personnel are notified and the problems are resolved.
- A232154 Review Planning with Affected Organizations A meeting is set up with all affected organizations to review the planning data prior to the final audit. This step is primarily a review of the wording and sequence of the operation steps.
- A232155 Audit & Verify Planning The planning is reviewed for completeness and accuracy to the released design before it is released to build.
- A232156 Provide Mod Planning Modification of existing ACSPs is prepared as required either as the result of design changes or rework for discrepancies.
- A23216 Plan for Procured Parts Add manufacturing requirements for procured parts.
- A2322 Develop Support Activities Plans Define Plans for support activities such as materials, quality assurance, tooling, facilities, equipment, and personnel.
- A2323 Control, Validate, & Release Planning Perform the administrative and managerial tasks necessary to assure that the planning is current with engineering definition and properly approved for production.
- A233 Provide Tools Perform the tasks required to design, build, and control configuration of tools defined in A1 & A3.
- A2331 Design Tools Provide engineering definition of tools.

- A23311 Generate Design Criteria Conduct a tooling producibility review which creates a design criteria and a request to design a tool.
- A23312 Conduct Preliminary Tool Design Determine the approach to be used for the tool design, including supporting structure type, rigidity required, transportability requirements, autoclave loading and heating requirements, and bagging and pull-down requirements.
- A233121 Review Tooling Concept The preliminary tool concept is reviewed and expanded.
- A233122 Select Tool Material Based on ACSP and use criteria, select the material required for the face sheet. This decision considers in-house mfg capability, life required, and costs.
- A233123 Select Configuration Type Determine the final configuration of the tool.
- A23313 Perform Detail Tool Design Complete the detail definition of the tool design, including presentation of the design in suitable format.
- A23314 Review and Approve Tool Design Validate Tool Design fit, form, & function. Validate tool design to product design. Release tool design to manufacture.
- A2332 Develop NC Programs/ apes Provide the Numerical Control Programs needed to fabricate tools.
- A23321 Provide Production and Tool N/C Programs Develop and Debug NC programs to perform inspection operations (inspect tool designs and ACSPs), and perform fabrication operations (ACSPs and tools).
- A233211 Obtain Geometry Data The data defining the geometry of the ACSP is obtained and translated, if required, into electronic format.
- A233212 Define Automatted Process Strategy Define the strategy for producing the tool.
- A233213 Define NC Motion Data Define the motion required to produce the tool based on the parameters from the tooling strategy.
- A233214 Generate Documentation Generate the documentation necessary to operate the N/C programs.
- A233215 Post Process NC Program Process the NC code so that it will be compatible with specific hardware (controller).
- A23322 Control NC Programs Provide serialized identification and validate the configuration of the program for the desired application.

- A23323 Proof NC Programs Schedule NC proofing and validate Tool NC program by simulation or on machine.
- A23324 Release NC Programs Transfer NC media to tool Fabrication Storage.
- A2333 Fabricate/Rework Tools Make and/or refurbish tools.
- A2334 Provide Liaison Support Support tool fabrication and tool tryout in production by providing expertise and resolution of problems.
- A234 Procure ACSP Manufacturing Materials Obtain all materials required to produce ACSP. This includes receiving, inspection, certification, and storage.
- A2341 Control Procurement of ACSP Material Identify the material types, quantities, and date needed for all materials required to build an ACSP. Involves certifying vendors, generating purchase orders, and monitoring the procurement process.
- A2342 Procure Material Generate the required purchase orders and order materials from approved vendors.
- A2343 Receive & Inspect Raw Materials Receive materials, and process and record critical information about the raw materials required to build composite parts. The operations include unloading and storing the materials and verifying that the materials were transported in an approved fashion. As in the case of refrigerated materials, that the proper temperature was maintained. Suitable test samples are taken and sent to the test lab.
- A23431 Verify/Record Vendor Documentation The information from the vendor must be verified as to the content of the shipment and the count/condition. Warehouse personnel verify the contents of the shipment and match that information against the shipper documentation.
- A23432 Update & Print Receiving Documentation The appropriate internal documentation recording the vendor, batch/lot, and material code are printed and placed with the material for identification.
- A23433 Unload Transport The contents of the transport are removed and placed in an inspection area.
- A23434 Inspect/Verify Material The contents are inspected per the inspection plan for that type of material. This inspection is to verify that the shipping documentation accurately reflects what was shipped, materials were not damaged and properly handled during shipment and the material meets the basic requirements set forth in the inspection plan.

- A23435 Obtain Test Samples Most raw materials will have a sample randomly removed and sent to the test lab. Results of the inspection are recorded and determine if the material may be released for production use. This requires thawing of the frozen material.
- A23436 Place Material into Proper Storage Area After the inspection is completed and the test samples are removed the material will be placed into the proper storage area. Storage areas for cold storage must remain at or near 0 degree F. Ambient material must be stored in a clean, dry environment.
- A2344 Manage and Control Material Inventory Provide segregated storage space for bonded (not certified for use) and material available for use. Provide accurate inventories and monitor the usage critical materials.
- A235 Produce Product (ACSP) The composite details are produced and assembled into the correct structure. Each step is completed and then inspected to ensure that the ACSPs produced meet the design requirements.
- A2351 Perform Production Operations The materials and tools required to produce the ACSP's are located and taken to the proper work station, the operations required to build the ACSP are performed and the ACSP is cured. The cured ACSP is then trimmed and drilled as required and then inspected to verify the processes involved. Quality assurance steps are executed during every step of the process.
- A23511 Obtain Material Material for composite manufacturing fall into two categories; cold and ambient. Cold storage materials must be removed from storage and brought to room temperature prior to use. Ambient material are usually ready for use as is. The material identity must be verified against the production planning for the ACSP.
- A235111 Remove Material From Storage/Freezer The material identity is verified and the material is removed from the freezer and placed in a thawing area. The date and time that the material is removed for the freezer must be recorded to monitor the out-time for that material.
- A235112 Thaw Material The material must remain in the thawing area until the material is all at room temperature. This will prevent condensation from forming when the material is used. The amount of time spent thawing must be recorded and fall within the specification for thawing time for that material.
  - A235113 Cut Material To Size & Kit The thawed material is unrolled and cut to specific shapes per the production planning. The material may be cut either manually or on automated equipment (e.g. rapid ply cutter). The pieces of material for a single ACSP are then placed together in a material kit. The identity of the material and the pieces of the material in the kit are verified.

- A235114 Transport Material The material kits are transported to the layup station at the proper time for subsequent operations.
- A23512 Obtain & Prepare Tools The tool must be thoroughly cleaned and a release agent is applied to all bonding surfaces. The release agent prevents the ACSP from sticking to the tool. The cleaning operation and the application of the release are inspected and the results are recorded.
- A235121 Remove Tool From Storage The location of the correct tool is obtained and the tool is taken to the cleaning station.
- A235122 Clean Tool The tool surface and undercarriage is carefully cleaned using a combination of dry compressed air and suitable solvents. The tool must be cleaned well enough to meet clean room specifications. The tool cleaning process is then inspected.
- A235123 Apply Release Agent The release agent is applied to the surface of the tool that will come into contact with any material. The coating is then inspected for proper coverage and thickness. Some release agents only need to be reapplied after several production cycles.
- A235124 Cure Release Agent & Inspect The release agent may be air dried or oven cured. The drying time and method is recorded.
- A23513 Layup & Assemble ACSP The material is placed in the proper orientation on the bond mold. The operator follows the instructions on the production planning and certifies each step as it is completed. As each layer is completed, bagging material is sealed over the ply and the layer is vacuum compacted. (This ensures a tights fit of the material on top of the previous layer and removes any trapped air.) The layer is then inspected to ensure the placement and orientation of the material is correct per the design data. This sequence of operations is repeated until all of the layers of material are in place. The various laminate details are then bought to the assembly station. The details are placed in the proper orientation for the completed ACSP. When the ACSP is fully assembled sensors are positioned, appropriate bagging materials (e.g. breather cloth, vacuum bag, etc.) is placed over the ACSP and a vacuum is drawn.
- A23514 Bag & Leak Check ACSP The final bagging operation prior to the curing cycle requires placement of several layers of bagging material, sealing the bag to the tool and pulling a vacuum. The operation must be checked to ensure no vacuum leaks occur.
- A235141 Obtain Bagging Material & Cut to Fit The various materials required are removed from the rolls and cut the appropriate size. Materials include breather cloth, teflon tape, teflon cloth, bagging material, etc.

- A235142 Seal Bag After the material are in place the top layer of bagging material is sealed to the tool using a caulk like sealant. The sealant must be a continuous bead around the entire periphery of the part to prevent leaks.
- A235143 Pull Vacuum & Adjust Bag Vacuum connections are placed in the bag, as needed, and sealed. The connection are hooked up to a full vacuum source and a vacuum is applied. The mechanic will adjust the position of the bag to ensure there is full contact on the part (e.g. no bridging).
- A235144 Leak Check Bag & Inspect The bag is then gauged to determine the amount of vacuum lost over a specified period of time. Any leaks that being the allowables are sealed. The Q/A Inspector verifies that the bagging operation conforms with all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.
- A2352 Cure & Tear Down ACSP The part is placed in the appropriate appropriate curing equipment and the appropriate sensor are attached, the curing cycle is completed, validated, and recorded and the ACSP is removed. The ACSP is separated from the bagging materials and the tooling. The ACSP is transported to the next operation and the tools returned to storage.
- A23521 Load Part in Cure Equipment The parts are placed on a rack and all thermocouple, vacuum, and heat sensors are connected to the parts. The rack is then moved into the autoclave and the connections are made to the autoclave control system.
- A23522 Connect Vacuum Sensors & Thermocouples The sensors are attached to the curing equipment (autoclaves, heated press, oven, etc.) and the connections are verified.
- A23523 Cure/Debulk/Bond/Dry per Specification The appropriate cycle of heat and/or pressure are applied. All parameters about the cycle are recorded and verified.
- A23524 Perform Tear Down Operations The bagging material are removed and discarded, the part is then separated from the bond mold and sent to the next operation. The bond mold is sent to the storage area to await the next cycle.
- A2353 Trim & Drill ACSP The periphery, internal cutouts, and holes are cut/drilled manually and using automated equipment.
- A23531 Position Part in Trim/Drill Fixtures The part is placed and secured in a fixture that will hold the part in placed while the trim & drill operations are competed. Some parts require individualized fixture while most use vacuum universal holding fixtures.
- A23532 Trim/ Drill Part The trimming operations are performed using manual routers, NC routers, abrasive water jet cutters, etc. Drilling operations are usually manual but may be performed utilizing NC drills. Each operations is inspected.

- A235321 Trim Part Periphery The periphery of the part is trimmed manually or using automated equipment. Each trimming operation step is inspected.
- A235322 Trim Stiffeners The edges of each stiffeners are trimmed manually or using automated equipment. The trimming operation is then inspected.
- A235323 Drill Holes For manual drilling operations the part is placed into a drill fixture and the holes are drilled. Automated drilling involves placing the part into a holding fixture and then having the NC equipment drill the holes.
- A235324 Inspect Trim & Drill Operations Each trim and drill operation is inspected to ensure the operation is within tolerance. The results of the inspection are recorded.
- A23533 Remove Part From Fixture The part is removed from the holding fixture using an appropriate material handling device.
- A2354 Assure Product Quality All composite parts have the dimensions and internal structure of the parts inspected. Also the materials, tools, and personnel involved are certified.
- A23541 Perform Non-Destructive Inspections Verify that there are no voids, delaminations, porosity, cracks etc. are contained within the structure of the part. Also verify that all parts dimensions are within allowed tolerances.
- A235411 Seal Part For Ultrasonic Inspection Core stiffened panels are sealed prior to ultrasonic inspection.
- A235412 Perform Ultrasonic Inspection Operation The composite parts and standards are placed in the ultrasonic test equipment and are scanned. The technician will then evaluate the part based upon the variations in the attenuation levels between the part and the standard.
- A235413 Perform X-ray Inspection Operations Any parts that have anomalies that cannot be readily determined by the ultrasonic inspection are x-rayed. The part is loaded on a holding fixture and the questionable area is x-rayed. The x-ray operations are performed based upon inspection techniques that are developed for each part.
- A235414 Perform Dimension/Visual Inspection All parts are inspected using the engineering drawings to verify part dimensional tolerances. A visual inspection of all part surfaces is made to ensure no surface defects exist.
- A23542 Perform Material Evaluation/Certification All materials used in the manufacture of composite parts must be evaluated and certified prior to use. These tests evaluate the physical and mechanical properties of the materials and determine if they fall within accepted limits.

- A235421 Obtain Material and/or Test Coupons Material samples are obtained when the material arrives at the receiving dock. The material is thawed, if required, and appropriate samples are removed based on inspection plans. Test coupons are layed up along with part and are cut from the part during the trim operation. The material samples and test coupons are sent to the test lab area for storage. The raw material is then cured into test coupons for analysis.
- A235422 Verify Chemical/Thermal Properties The material is taken to test lab and the appropriate tests are completed. If the material test are within acceptable limits, the material is released for use by production. All test information is recorded.
- A235423 Verify Physical Properties The test coupons are descriptively tested to verify that the physical properties are within acceptable limits. The results of the test will determine if the material is acceptable. In the case of a part it will determine if the part cured properly.
- A235424 Verify Mechanical properties The test coupons are descriptively tested to verify that the physical properties are within acceptable limits. This determines if the part was properly cured.
- A23543 Analyze Defects & Disposition Part or Material The results of the inspections and tests that failed are carefully analyzed to determine if and how the problem can be corrected.
- A236 Ship Product When the part is complete it must be transported to the major assembly operation, or the customer, in a manner that prevents any damage to the part.
- A2361 Print & Verify Transportation Documents Information about the part must be printed or transferred to a medium that allow the data to be transmitted to the next operation or the customer. For transfer to subsequent operations the planning and manufacturing data must be verified. For parts to the customer all critical build and manufacturing data must be provided.
- A2362 Protect Part for Shipment The part will be wrapped in a protective layer of a protective material, usually bubble wrap. If the part is to be transported outside the plant, a suitable transportation container is used.
- A2363 Load Transport The part is placed on an appropriate transport vehicle and secured as to prevent damage or load shift during transport.
- A24 Support Logistics of an ACSP
- A241 Perform ACSP Logistics Engineering Perform the necessary ACSP logistics engineering necessary to meet the customer requirements.
- A242 Support ACSP Reliability/Maintenance Design Studies Support the ACSP reliability and maintainability design studies required to meet the customer requirements.

- A243 Write ACSP Technical Manuals and Maintenance Documents Write ACSP technical manuals and maintenance documents that are specific to the design features of the part
- A244 Conduct ACSP Spares Conduct the necessary ACSP spares support for the customer in the field.
- A245 Support ACSP Facilities Support the necessary ACSP customer facilities as required by the contract.
- A246 Plan and Support ACSP Training System Plan and support the necessary ACSP training systems as required by the customer.
- A3 Use & Maintain an ACSP This activity is the DoD's use and maintenance of an ACSP. It also includes repair, redesign, and modification activities of an ACSP at an ALC.
- A4 Develop & Prepare ACSP Materials This activity is the material suppliers process of creating stock material for composite manufacturers. Basic material properties and allowables are addressed here.

# PART SPECIFIC DEFINITIONS

- A131 Layup & Assemble 'T' Composite Assembly The material is placed in the proper orientation on the layup molds. The operator follows the instructions on the production planning and certifies each step as it is completed. As each layer is completed, bagging material is sealed over the ply and the layer is vacuum compacted. The layer is then inspected to ensure the placement and orientation of the material is correct. This sequence of operations is repeated until all of the layers of material are in place. Each component of the assembly is completed and assembled in the final configuration.
- A1311 Layup 'L' Channels The material is placed in the proper orientation on the layup molds. The operator follows the instructions on the production planning and certifies each step as it is completed. As each layer is completed, bagging material is sealed over the ply and the layer is vacuum compacted. The layer is then inspected to ensure the placement and orientation of the material is correct. This sequence of operations is repeated until all of the layers of material are in place. Each component of the assembly is completed and assembled in the final configuration.
- A13111 Clean Channel Tool Immediately prior to each use, both bond tools and assembly tools, are cleaned to prevent any contamination of the materials.
- A13112 Position Ply on 'L' Channel Tooling In accordance with the planning the ply details are placed in position until the entire ply is completed. The operations are performed per the appropriate specification and procedures.
- A13113 Compact Ply & Inspect The ply is covered with breather cloth and an appropriately shaped piece of bagging material is placed over the ply and sealed to the layup tool. Vacuum ports are placed in the bag and sealed. A vacuum is applied and the mechanic ensures that the bag is evenly in contact with the entire ply (e.g. no bridging). A full vacuum is pulled and the held for the amount of time in the specification appropriate for this part. Each ply is verified and bought off by the Q/A Inspector.
- A13114 Inspect Layup The Q/A Inspector verifies that the ply conforms with the design and all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.
- A1312 Layup Radius Filler The proper number of strands of tow are wound in a long bundle. The process involves winding the tow around two pegs placed on a table, but may also be performed by pulforming.
- A13121 Wind Roving & Cut to Length The bundle of tow is cut to length based on the planning.

- A13122 Place Roving in Tool The bundle of roving is placed in a tool with the proper radius for the assemble.
- A13123 Compact Roving The roving is covered with breather cloth and an appropriately shaped piece of bagging material is placed over the roving and sealed to the layup tool. Vacuum ports are placed in the bag and sealed. A vacuum is applied and the mechanic ensures that the bag is evenly in contact with the entire roving (e.g. no bridging). A full vacuum is pulled and the held for the amount of time in the specification appropriate for this part detail.
- A13124 Inspect Filler The Q/A Inspector verifies that the filler conforms with the design and all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.
- A1313 Assemble 'L' Channels & Filler The two 'L' channels are placed side by side per the directions in the planning. Assembly tooling is placed to hold the channels during subsequent assembly operations and curing. The radius filler is then placed in the void created where the two channels come together.
- A13131 Position 'L' Channels The two channels are placed together so the proper 'T' shape of the completed part is created.
- A13132 Position Filler The filler is placed in the void created where the two 'L' channels come together.
- A13133 Install Assembly Tools & Inspect Assembly tools are placed to hold the two channels and their layup tools in a rigid position. The Q/A Inspector verifies that the ply conforms with the design and all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.
- A1314 Layup Cap & Inspect Assembly In accordance with the planning the ply details are placed in position until the entire ply is completed. The operations are performed per the appropriate specification and procedures.
- A13141 Position Cap Ply Detail In accordance with the planning the ply details are placed in position until the entire ply is completed. The operations are performed per the appropriate specification and procedures.
- A13142 Compact Ply & Inspect The ply is covered with breather cloth and an appropriately shaped piece of bagging material is placed over the ply and sealed to the layup tool. Vacuum ports are placed in the bag and sealed. A vacuum is applied and the mechanic ensures that the bag is evenly in contact with the entire ply (e.g. no bridging). A full vacuum is pulled and the held for the amount of time in the specification appropriate for this part. Each ply is verified and bought off by the Q/A Inspector. The Q/A Inspector verifies that the ply conforms with the design and all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.

- Al3143 Position Caul Plate A flat metal sheet (caul plate) is placed over the cap to provide an even pressure on the skin during cure and an improved surface finish.
- A13144 Inspect Assembly The Q/A Inspector verifies that the ply conforms with the design and all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.
- Al32 Layup & Assemble Composite Solid Laminate The material is placed in the proper orientation on the bond mold. The operator follows the instructions on the production planning and certifies each step as it is completed. As each layer is completed, bagging material is sealed over the ply and the layer is vacuum compacted. This ensures a tights fit of the material on top of the previous layer and removes any trapped air. The layer is then inspected to ensure the placement and orientation of the material is correct. This sequence of operations is repeated until all of the layers of material are in place.
- Al321 Clean CSL Tool Immediately prior to each use, both bond tools and assembly tools, are cleaned to prevent any contamination of the materials.
- Al322 Position CSL Ply Detail The layup operations may be competed manually or using automated equipment. These require placing pre-preg material on a bond mold or layup that is the shape of the completed part or part detail. Layup involves placing a layer of material in various orientations on the tool. These operations are completed per the production planning for that part.
- Al323 Compact CSL Ply Detail & Inspect The ply is covered with breather cloth and an appropriately shaped piece of bagging material is cut and placed over the ply and sealed to the layup tool. Vacuum ports are placed in the bag and sealed. A vacuum is applied and the mechanic ensures that the bag is evenly in contact with the entire ply (e.g. no bridging). A full vacuum is pulled and the held for the amount of time in the specification appropriate for this part. Each ply is verified and bought off by the Q/A Inspector.
- A1324 Inspect CSL Layup The Q/A Inspector verifies that the ply conforms with the design and all applicable specifications and then "buys off" the operation.
- A133 Layup & Assemble Core Stiffened Panel The Core Stiffened Panel (CSP) is a mild contoured, co-cured core sandwich.
  - Al331 Build Core Assembly The core details are cut to size, machined to shape, and then formed. Additional operations include the application of potting compound and stabilizers. Multiple core details are attached together using foaming adhesive to form the core assemblies.
  - A13311 Cut Core to Size The core is removed from storage and cut to size on a band saw per the instructions on the production planning and to the dimensions on the design data.

- A13312 Perform Machining Operations After the core is cut to size the machining operations are co. apleted. This consists of bevelling the edges using a 5-axis router. The machining operations are then inspected.
- A13313 Perform Core Forming Operations The proper dies are placed in the core forming equipment and the core material is put into position. The core is then formed using heat and pressure. The core is removed from the dies, cooled, then inspected.
- A13314 Apply/Cure Stabilizers/Potting Compounds Potting compounds are used to fill the voids in the core and stabilizers are added to improve the rigidity of the material. After the compounds and stabilizers are added to the core they must be oven cured. Each operation is inspected and the oven cure cycle parameters are recorded.
- A13315 Apply Adhesive/Assemble Core Multiple core details are glued together to form the core assembly. Foaming adhesive is placed on the pieces of core and then the core is matted together. After the core is matted, the adhesive is oven cured. Each operation is inspected and the oven cure cycle parameters are recorded.
- A13316 Inspect Core Assemblies The final completed core assembly is given a final visual/dimensional inspection. The results of the inspection are recorded and the core assembly is released for use in the subsequent operations.
- A1332 Layup IML Skin The material is placed in the proper orientation on the bond mold. The operator follows the instructions on the production planning and certifies each step as it is completed. As each layer is completed, bagging material is sealed over the ply and the layer is vacuum compacted. The layer is then inspected to ensure the placement and orientation of the material is correct. This sequence of operations is repeated until all of the layers of material are in place.
- A13321 Clean Tool Immediately prior to each use, both bond tools and assembly tools, are cleaned to prevent any contamination of the materials.
- A13322 Position IML Ply In accordance with the planning the ply details are placed in position until the entire ply is completed. The operations are performed per the appropriate specification and procedures.
- A13323 Compact IML Ply & Inspect The ply is covered with breather cloth and an appropriately shaped piece of bagging material is cut and placed over the ply and sealed to the layup tool. Vacuum ports are placed in the bag and sealed. A vacuum is applied and the mechanic ensures that the bag is evenly in contact with the entire ply (e.g. no bridging). A full vacuum is pulled and the held for the amount of time in the specification appropriate for this ACSP. Each ply is verified and bought off by the Q/A Inspector.

- A13324 Inspect Layup A quality control inspection verifies that the operations were performed within specifications and followed the production planning.
- A1333 Assemble Core & Skin The core assembly is placed in the proper position on top of the skin. The fit of the core to the skin is verified and adhesive is placed on the skin under the core. A top layer of plies are then placed over the core.
- A13331 Position Core Locating Template A composite core locating template is placed in position on top of the skin. The template has three locating pins that match the layup tool and a cutout where the core will be positioned on the skin.
- A13332 Apply Film Adhesive A layer of film adhesive, cut to the proper shape is placed on the skin where the core will be positioned.
- Al3333 Verify Core Fit A layer of teflon sheet is placed over the film adhesive and the core is placed in position. A piece of bagging material is cut to size and sealed to the layup tool. A vacuum is drawn and the core is pressed into the adhesive. After an appropriate amount of time, the bag is removed and the imprint in the adhesive is checked to determine the fit of the core to the skin. If required, multiple layers of adhesive may be used (max of 3) or the core may have to be machined to fit. When at 95% of the core contact surface are in full contact with the skin, the process is complete.
- A13334 Position Core & Inspect The layer of teflon from the core fit operation is removed, and any additional adhesive, if required, is placed on the skin. The core is then placed on the adhesive based on the core locating template, the position of the core is then verified by a quality assurance inspector.
- A1334 Layup OML Skin After the core is in position more material is placed in the proper orientation over the core. The operator follows the instructions on the production planning and certifies each step as it is completed. As each layer is completed, bagging material is sealed over the ply and the layer is vacuum compacted. This ensures a tights fit of the material on top of the previous layer and removes any trapped air. The layer is then inspected to ensure the placement and orientation of the material is correct. This sequence of operations is repeated until all of the layers of material are in place.
- A13341 Position OML Ply In accordance with the planning the ply details are placed in position until the entire ply is completed. The operations are performed per the appropriate specification and procedures.

- A13342 Compact Ply & Inspect The ply is covered with breather cloth and an appropriately shaped piece of bagging material is cut and placed over the ply and sealed to the layup tool. Vacuum ports are placed in the bag and sealed. A vacuum is applied and the mechanic ensures that the bag is evenly in contact with the entire ply (e.g. no bridging). A full vacuum is pulled and the held for the amount of time in the specification appropriate for this ACSP. Each ply is verified and bought off by the Q/A Inspector.
- A13343 Inspect OML Layup A quality control inspection verifies that the operations were performed within specifications and followed the production planning.
- A31 Generate ACSP Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements, and areas and cross-section dimensions for curve elements.
- A311 Generate TCA Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements, and areas and cross-section dimensions for curve elements.
- A3111 Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area Generate equivalent cross sectional area of the stiffener for curve elements.
- A3112 Generate TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Properties Generate equivalent cross sectional beam properties of the stiffener for curve elements.
- A31 Conduct ACSP Static Strength Analyses Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A311 Conduct TCA Static Strength Analyses Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3111 Conduct TCA Composite Joint Analyses Conduct joint analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3112 Conduct TCA Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses Conduct fastener pull through analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3113 Generate TCA Equivalent Thicknesses Generate equivalent thicknesses for surface elements used to explicitly model the stiffener.
- A3114 Conduct TCA Composite Point Stress Analysis Conduct point stress analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3115 Conduct TCA Beam Buckling and Crippling Analyses Conduct stiffener buckling and crippling analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.

- A3116 Conduct TCA Beam Stiffener Pull-off Analyses Conduct stiffener pull-off analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A312 Conduct CSL Static Strength Analyses Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3121 Generate CSL Shell Offsets Generate shell offsets for surface elements to model off thickness centriod attachment.
- A3122 Generate CSL Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents Generate shear panel core area equivalents for surface elements.
- A3123 Generate CSL Equivalent Thicknesses Generate equivalent thicknesses for surface elements.
- A312 Generate CSL Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements.
- A3121 Conduct CSL Composite Joint Analyses Conduct joint analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3122 Conduct CSL Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses Conduct fastener pull through analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3123 Conduct CSL Composite Cutout Analyses Conduct cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3124 Conduct CSL Composite Point Stress Analysis Conduct point stress analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3125 Conduct CSL Panel Analyses Conduct panel analyses such as buckling, crippling, transverse loadings, and panel flutter to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A313 Generate CSP Geometric Attributes Generate element geometric attributes such as thicknesses for surface elements.
- A3131 Conduct CSP Composite Joint Analyses Conduct joint analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3132 Generate CSP Shear Panel Core Area Equivalents Generate shear panel core area equivalents for surface elements.

- A3133 Generate CSP Solid Element Core Equivalent Properties Generate the equivalent core properties for solid elements.
- A3134 Conduct CSP Composite Point Stress Analysis Conduct point stress analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A313 Conduct CSP Static Strength Analyses Conduct various detail analyses such as joint and cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3131 Generate CSP Shell Offsets Generate shell offsets for surface elements to model off thickness centroid attachment.
- A3132 Conduct CSP Composite Fastener Pull-Through Analyses Conduct fastener pull through analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3133 Conduct CSP Composite Cutout Analyses Conduct cutout analyses to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A3134 Generate CSP Equivalent Thicknesses Generate equivalent thicknesses (smearing core and face sheets) for surface elements.
- A3135 Conduct CSP Panel Analyses Conduct panel analyses such as buckling, crippling, transverse loadings, and panel flutter to augment the finite element analyses of the structural part.
- A32 Define ACSP Structural Configuration
  Use the results of the initial analyses to define structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.
- A321 Define TCA Structural Configuration

  Use the results of the initial analyses to define structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.
- A3211 Define TCA Initial Ply Orientations

  Use the results of initial analyses to define the ply orientations.
- A3212 Define TCA Initial Ply Distributions

  Use the results of initial analyses to define the ply distributions.
- A3213 Define TCA Initial Stiffener Geometry

  Use the results of initial analyses to decide if stiffeners are required. If stiffeners are required, select the stiffener geometry.

# A322 Define CSL Structural Configuration

Use the results of the initial analyses to define structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.

# A3221 Define CSL Initial Ply Orientation

Use the results of initial analyses to define the ply orientations.

## A3222 Define CSL Initial Ply Distribution

Use the results of initial analyses to define the ply distributions.

# A323 Define CSP Structural Configuration

Use the results of the initial analyses to define structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.

## A3231 Define CSP Initial Ply Orientations

Use the results of initial analyses to define the ply orientations.

### A3232 Define CSP Initial Ply Distribution

Use the results of initial analyses to define the ply distributions.

# A3233 Define CSP Initial Core Geometry

Use the results of initial analyses to decide if core is required. If core is required, select the core geometry.

### A3234 Define CSP Initial Core Orientation

Use the results of initial analyses to decide if core is required. If core is required, select the core orientation.

### A3235 Define CSP Initial Core Distribution

Use the results of initial analyses to decide if core is required. If core is required, select the core distribution.

- A331 Integrate & Prepare TCA Assy. Drawings TBD
- A332I Integrate & Prepare CSL Assy. Drawings TBD
- A333 Integrate & Prepare CSP Assy. Drawings TBD
- A34 Input ACSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data.
- A341 Input TCA Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data.

- A3411 Input TCA Equivalent Cross Sectional Area Modulus of Elasticity Input the equivalent modulus of elasticity appropriate for idealizing the stiffener as only a curve element with extensional stiffness.
- A3412 Input TCA Cross Sectional Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input the anisotropic cross sectional beam properties matrices data.
- A3413 Input TCA Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input shell element (for when the stiffener walls are explicitly modelled with surface elements) material property matrices data.
- A342 Input CSL Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data.
- A3421 Input CSL Shell Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data appropriate for surface elements.
- A3422 Input CSL Solid Element Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data appropriate for volume elements.
- A343 Input CSP Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input material property matrices data.
- A3431 Input CSP Face Sheet Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input face sheet material property matrices data.
- A3432 Input CSP Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input core material property matrices data.
- A3433 Input CSP Face Sheet and Core Anisotropic Material Property Matrices Input face sheet and core (smeared together) material property matrices data.
- A42 Optimize ACSP Structural Configuration
  Use the results of the initial analyses to optimize structural thicknesses, potential stiffeners, and potential core stiffening.
- A421 Optimize TCA Structural Configuration

  Perform analyses to optimize the critical dimensions of structural components.
- A4211 Optimize TCA Initial Ply Orientations Optimize the ply orientations.
- A4212 Optimize TCA Initial Ply Distributions Optimize the ply distributions.

- A4213 Optimize TCA Initial Stiffener Geometry Optimize the stiffener geometry.
- A422 Optimize CSL Structural Configuration
  Perform analyses to optimize the critical dimensions of structural components.
- A4221 Optimize CSL Initial Ply Orientation Optimize the ply orientations.
- A4222 Optimize CSL Initial Ply Distribution Optimize the ply distributions.
- A423 Optimize CSP Structural Configuration
  Perform analyses to optimize the critical dimensions of structural components.
- A4231 Optimize CSP Initial Ply Orientations Optimize the ply orientations.
- A4232 Optimize CSP Initial Ply Distribution Optimize the ply distributions.
- A4233 Optimize CSP Initial Core Geometry Optimize the core geometry.
- A4234 Optimize CSP Initial Core Orientation Optimize the core orientation.
- A4235 Optimize CSP Initial Core Distribution Optimize the core distribution.

# **APPENDIX D - PAS-C Node Tree Drawings**